The New-York Times.

VOL. XV......NO. 4504. NEW-YORK, SATURDAY, MARCH 3, 1866. PRICE FOUR CENTS.

HELMBOLD'S
FLUID EXTRACT BUCHU,
FOR
Non-Retention or Incontinence of Urine, Irritation, Inflammation or Ulceration of the Bladder or Kidneys, Diseases of the Prostate Gland, Stone in the Bladder, Calculus, Gravel or Brick-Dust Deposit, and all Diseases of the Bladder, Kidneys, and Dropsical Swellings.
HELMBOLD'S
FLUID EXTRACT BUCHU
FOR WEAKNESS.

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The Constitution once affected by Organic Weakness, requires the aid of medicine to strengthen and invigorate the system, which Helmbold's Extract Buchu invariably does. If no treatment is submitted to, Consumption or Insanity ensues.

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HELMBOLD'S FLUID EXTRACT BUCHU, In affections peculiar to females, is unequaled by any other preparation.

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USE NO MORE UNPLEASANT AND DANGEROUS MEDICINE FOR UNPLEASANT AND DANGEROUS DISEASES.

HELMBOLD'S FLUID EXTRACT BUCHU
AND
IMPROVED ROSE WASH
CURES ALL DISEASES ARISING FROM DISSIPATION.

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USE HELMBOLD'S
FLUID EXTRACT BUCHU.
It is pleasant in taste and odor, immediate in action, and more strengthening than any of the preparations of Bark or Iron.
Those suffering from Broken-down or Delicate Constitutions, should procure the Remedy at once.
THE SYMPTOMS OF ABOVE DISEASES ARE ALARMING, AMONG WHICH WILL BE FOUND
General Debility, Physical and Mental Decay,
Imbecility, Rush of Blood to the Head,
Confused Brain, Diseases of
the Womb, General Irritation, Restlessness and
Sleeplessness at
Night,
Muscular Prostration, Loss of Appetite, Wasting
Away, Lowness of Spirits, Disorganization
or Paralysis of the Generative
Organs, Palpitation of
the Heart, &c.
The reader must be aware that however slight may be the attack of the above diseases or symptoms, it is certain to affect the bodily health, mental powers and happiness.
All the above diseases require the aid of a diuretic.
HELMBOLD'S EXTRACT BUCHU
IS THE GREAT DIURETIC.

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HELMBOLD'S HIGHLY CONCENTRATED
COMPOUND FLUID EXTRACT SARSAPARILLA.
For purifying the blood, removing all chronic constitutional diseases arising from an impure state of the blood, and the only reliable and effectual known remedy for the cure of Scrofula, Scald Head, Salt Rheum, Pains and Swellings of the Bones, Ulcerations of the Throat and Legs, Blotches, Pimples on the Face, Tetter, Erysipelas, and all Scaly Eruptions of the Skin,

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AND BEAUTIFYING THE COMPLEXION.
NOT A FEW
Of the worst disorders that affect mankind arise from the corruption that accumulates in the blood. Of all the discoveries that have been made to purge it out, none can equal in effect Helmbold's Compound Extract of Sarsaparilla. It cleanses and renovates the blood, instils the vigor of health into the system, and purges out the humors which make disease. It stimulates the healthy functions of the body, and expels the disorders that grow and rankle in the blood. Such a remedy, that could be relied on, has long been sought for, and now, for the first time, the public have one on which they can depend. Our space here does not admit of certificates to show its effects, but the trial of a single bottle will show the sick that it has virtues surpassing anything they have ever taken.
Two tablespoonfuls of the Extract of Sarsaparilla, added to a pint of water, is equal to the Lisbon Diet Drink, and one bottle is fully equal to a gallon of the Syrup of Sarsaparilla or the decoction as usually made.

☞ THESE EXTRACTS HAVE BEEN ADMITTED TO USE IN THE UNITED STATES ARMY, and are also in very general use in all the State HOSPITALS and PUBLIC SANITARY INSTITUTIONS throughout the land, as well as in private practice, and are considered as invaluable remedies.

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See Medical Properties of Buchu,
FROM DISPENSATORY OF THE UNITED STATES.
See Prof. DEWEES' valuable works on the Practice of Physic.
See remarks made by the late celebrated Dr. PHYSICK, of Philadelphia.
See remarks made by Dr. EPHRAIM McDOWELL, a celebrated Physician and Member of the Royal College of Surgeons, Ireland, and published in the Transactions of the *King and Queen's Journal.*
See *Medico-Chirurgical Review*, published by BENJAMIN TRAVERS, Fellow of Royal College of Surgeons.
See most of the late Standard Works on Medicine.
EXTRACT BUCHU.
"SARSAPARILLA."
Sold by all Druggists.

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HELMBOLD'S
DRUG AND CHEMICAL WAREHOUSE,
NO. 594 BROADWAY.
AND
No. 104 SOUTH 10TH-ST., Philadelphia, Penn.

WASHINGTON NEWS.

Long and Spirited Debate in the Senate on the Concurrent Resolution.

Admirable Speech by Senator Doolittle in Opposition.

Its Unconstitutional and Impracticable Character Exposed.

The Resolution Finally Passed by a Large Majority.

Still Another Constitutional Amendment Proposed in the House.

Important Modifications of the Civil Rights Bill.

It is Divested of Several Objectionable Features.

A Report Soon to be Made on the Admission of the Tennessee Members.

Circular on the Observance of Our Neutral Obligations Towards Spain and Chili.

Special Dispatches to the New-York Times.
WASHINGTON, Friday, March 2.

THE CONCURRENT RESOLUTION PASSED BY THE SENATE.

One of the vexed questions that have agitated Congress for the past ten days or so, was finally disposed of in the Senate this evening at 7 o'clock. The concurrent resolution which passed the House early last week, and which has since almost wholly occupied the Senate, came to a vote in the last-named body, and was passed by yeas 28 to 18 nays, the Democrats all voting against the resolution. Among the Republicans who voted with the Democrats were Senators MORGAN, DOOLITTLE, LANE of Kansas, DIXON, NORTON and STEWART. The discussion this afternoon lasted over six hours, and was remarkably scattering and desultory, none of the speakers save Mr. DOOLITTLE and Mr. COWAN attempting to argue directly the real points involved in the resolution which was nominally before the Senate. Mr. WILSON, in a speech of about a half hour, absolutely failed to even refer to the distinct subject matter of the concurrent resolution, and ran off into the South to find the animus of the people whom he arraigned apparently upon the testimony of anonymous newspaper correspondents and straggling newspaper paragraphs. The conservatives came in for his special consideration, the Senator's estimate of this broad-shouldered class being novel and peculiar. Mr. WILSON's notion might be expressed by paraphrasing BULWER's idea of woman. The conservative had but few sins of his own to answer for, but he was the author of such a book of crimes in man that it would take the tears of all the angels to wipe them out. The speech of Mr. DOOLITTLE was brief, but in the few pertinent remarks he made the real objections to the resolution were admirably presented, and the special functions and duties of the Senate and House, respectively, clearly defined. It was for the House to judge of the condition of a Congressional District, and for the Senate to consider the character of the State Legislature that elects a United States Senator. The joint action of both Houses of Congress, in this matter, was not binding and could not be made practicable. Mr. DOOLITTLE's colleague, Mr. HOWE, who appears to have an ambition to out-radical all the radicals, run into a trap upon invitation of Mr. DOOLITTLE to any one who holds that the Senate's function was confined to the simple examination of credentials of applicants for seats in the Senate, to show himself. Upon this invitation Mr. HOWE showed himself, and distinctly avowed that he entertained that view. He stuck to it persistently, notwithstanding the whispered admonishments from Mr. FESSENDEN and other Republicans, who tugged at the coat-tail of the Wisconsin Senator, and endeavored to make him take back the fallacy. This was, however, nuts to crack for Mr. DOOLITTLE, who went at it with a gusto, and completely demolished his colleague's theory. But all the arguments, however strong, were not sufficient to shake the majority of the Senators, who were determined to pass the resolution, and it received nearly the same affirmative vote as that cast against the President's veto of the Freedman's Bureau Bill.

As a sort of episode to the Senate proceedings, Mr. FESSENDEN made an explanation to show who was responsible for delay in the reconstruction process. It amounted substantially to this: The Committee of Fifteen are not to blame, and the President is, though Mr. FESSENDEN was careful to say that he did not wish to be understood as blaming the President; but he said nevertheless that three resolutions had been offered requesting the President to send the correspondence, proclamations, &c., connected with the formation of the Provisional Governments, and the Constitutions adopted and laws passed under the Executive auspices, and, as yet, no answer had been received from Mr. JOHNSON, and the Senator asks how can you blame the Committee for delay when they cannot get at the facts. Mr. FESSENDEN did not, however, refer to the powers given the Committee to send for persons and papers, nor did he indicate the character of the immense amount of testimony already taken.

THE CIVIL RIGHTS BILL.

The House was entirely occupied to-day in the discussion of the Civil Rights Bill, Messrs. THAYER, WINDOM and SHELLABARGER speaking in favor of it. There is a strong disposition on the part of the Chairman of the Judiciary Committee, Mr. WILSON, and others in the House, to divest the bill of all features which may be in the least liable to constitutional objections, or which will render it liable to Executive disapproval. To this end, therefore, section five of the bill, which gives Commissioners of the United States Courts concurrent jurisdiction with the Judges of the United States Circuit and District Courts, was stricken out and an amendment substituted which leaves the jurisdiction of the Commissioners the same as provided by the act of 1789, and the amendment of 1842. The section stricken out is almost an exact copy of one of the principal features of the odious Fugitive Slave Act. By general consent, in order to give further time for an examination of the bill and for amendments thereto, it was postponed until Thursday next.

STILL ANOTHER CONSTITUTIONAL AMENDMENT.

Another constitutional amendment was introduced into the House to-day; one on which lawyers cannot take more than two sides, viz: either for or against. It was sent up by Mr. BAKER, of Illinois, and it proposes to prevent any one who has ever voluntarily aided or participated in the rebellion from ever holding any office in the executive, legislative or judicial departments of the National Government. Mr. BAKER represents Gen. LOGAN's district, and the amendment is said to embody his sentiments.

THE CONTESTED ELECTION CASES.

In the contested election case of Mr. DODGE against Representative BROOKS, the argument before the Committee on Elections has been concluded, but the Committee has not yet given its decision on the case. Two other cases will soon be taken up, namely: Mr. FULLER against Mr. DAWSON, of Pennsylvania, and Mr. FOLLETT against Mr. DELANO, of Ohio. In the cases of Mr. BOYD against Mr. KELSO, of Missouri, and Mr. KOONTZ against Mr. COFFROTH, of Pennsylvania, these parties are now engaged in taking evidence under a special resolution of the House.

THE TENNESSEE DELEGATION.

A member of the Reconstruction Committee said to-day that a report should be made on the State of Tennessee, either for or against its admission, within a week. This was in reply to a distinct proposition made by another member to introduce a joint resolution admitting the representatives of that State, unless the Committee soon made a report. The Committee's report will be accompanied by the evidence which has been taken on the loyalty and present status of affairs in that State. This will place the matter within the control of Congress, and enable it speedily to lay down a restoration policy for the consideration of the country.

TREASURY CIRCULAR.

The Secretary of the Treasury notifies all parties depositing to the credit of the Treasurer of the United States, on account of internal revenue, moneys of whatever nature, that the original certificates of deposit must be sent to the Secretary of the Treasury and the duplicate to the Commissioner of Internal Revenue, in order to insure the correctness of their accounts.

THE GOVERNMENT PRINTING-OFFICE.

Some days ago the House passed a resolution calling upon the heads of departments to furnish statements showing the amount of money expended for paper and printing outside of the service rendered by the Government printing-office. The Attorney-General recently reported that no printing other than that executed by the Government printing office was executed for his Department. The Secretary of the Treasury reports the cost of paper for that Department during the year 1865 at nearly $40,000, type printing $10,000, and advertising $7,400. He adds that no printing has been ordered of private parties except when the exigencies of the public service required it. Of this $5,284 was for advertising in the Secretary's office, of which nearly the whole amount was devoted to the advertisements of the conversion of United States securities, and proposals for loans. No list of papers is given.

INTERNATIONAL COPYRIGHT LAW.

The two memorials presented to the Senate to-day, and referred to the Committee on Foreign Relations, asking for legislation to secure an international copyright law, embrace the names of two or three hundred authors, editors and publishers, including Bryant, Longfellow, Holmes, Jared Sparks, Lowell and other prominent writers, presenting a fine and valuable collection of autographs.

UNITED STATES SUPREME COURT.

The argument in the Massachusetts liquor cases before the United States Supreme Court is concluded, and the Court now has them under advisement. On Monday that tribunal will take up the case of MULLIGAN and BOWLES, of Indiana, which involves the constitutionality of Military Courts and Commissions to try civilians. Major-Gen. BENJAMIN F. BUTLER and Mr. STANSBERRY, of Ohio, will assist the Attorney-General, and Judge BLACK and others will appear for the petitioners. The GOMEZ case was before the Court to-day. It involves the title to valuable and extensive mines in California.

OUR NEUTRALITY LAWS.

The following circular to Customs officers relative to Spanish and Peruvian prizes, was issued to-day by the Secretary of the Treasury:

TREASURY DEPARTMENT, March 2, 1866.

It has been officially announced to this Government that hostilities between Spain and Peru have been resumed. It is possible that during the continuance of such hostilities attempts may be made to bring into the United States ports prizes taken from one of the parties by the war vessels of the other. Customs officers will use due diligence to prevent the entrance of such vessels into their respective districts, excepting when, as vessels in distress, they come within the provisions of the 60th section of the act of March 2, 1799, entitled, "an act to regulate the collection of duties on imports and tonnage," in which case the provisions of that section must be strictly enforced. Collectors will direct the commanding officers of the revenue cutters in their respective districts to warn all vessels of either belligerent that they may find endeavoring to enter the ports of the United States with prizes, or captures in charge of prize crews, that they are not permitted so to do, except when they seek a port of refuge in distress; and, in this case, the Collectors will promptly notify the Department of the fact of such arrival, and the circumstances attending the same.

H. McCULLOCH,
Secretary of the Treasury.

THIRTY-NINTH CONGRESS.

FIRST SESSION.

SENATE....Friday, March 2.

PETITIONS.

Mr. NESMITH introduced a petition from officers of the Pacific Squadron, asking for an increase of pay, which was referred to the Committee on Naval Affairs.

Mr. SUMNER presented the petition of a large number of authors and publishers, praying for an international copyright law between this country and Great Britain.

Mr. SUMNER said that fourteen years ago he offered a similar petition signed by FENIMORE COOPER, WASHINGTON IRVING, W. H. PRESCOTT and others. These men have passed away from earth without having their petition answered. He hoped that some at least of the petitioners would live to see the request of this memorial complied with.

The petition was referred to the Committee on Foreign Relations.

Mr. SUMNER presented the petition of JOHN A. ANDREW and others, asking for a change in the mode of electing the President and Vice-President of the United States, so that it be done by the popular vote instead of the electoral college, and that the elective franchise be denied to none on account of race, color or social condition.

THE VALUABLE SERVICES OF MISS CLARA BARTON.

Mr. WILSON, from the Committee on Military Affairs, reported a joint resolution to pay to CLARA BARTON fifteen thousand dollars for the expenses incurred, and services rendered in searching for missing Union soldiers.

A NATIONAL CONVENTION.

Mr. LANE, of Kansas, offered a resolution that the Committee on the Judiciary be instructed to inquire into the expediency of reporting a bill calling a national convention to consider constitutional amendments, which was ordered to be printed.

VOLUNTEER OFFICERS.

Mr. SHERMAN presented a resolution of the Ohio Legislature, asking that in the increase of the regular army, volunteer officers be appointed to fill vacancies.

The resolution was referred to the Committee on Military Affairs.

A PERSONAL EXPLANATION.

Mr. DOOLITTLE rose to a personal explanation. He said that the relations between himself and Mr. SUMNER had always been of a very kind and cordial character, and he would not rise now to refer to the subject were it not for the fact that a telegram addressed to the honorable Senator (Mr. SUMNER) had appeared this morning in a newspaper published and edited by the Secretary of the Senate. It was in these words:

NEW-HAVEN, Feb. 28.

Hon Charles Sumner:

DOOLITTLE was hissed and silenced for disparaging you in a speech here to-night.

(Signed) W. A. CROFFUT.

There are three great mistakes of fact in these two lines, said Mr. DOOLITTLE. First—That I disparaged Mr. SUMNER at all in my remarks on that occasion; second—that I was hissed at all, and third—that I was silenced. All three of these allegations are false. What I said about the honorable Senator from Massachusetts I find reported in the Boston *Journal* whose reporter was present. In speaking of the pending amendment before the Senate, I expressed my belief that it was doubtful whether it could be carried; I read from the *Journal*—that, in my opinion, it was not worth while to delay reconstruction to carry through such an amendment; "Even among those men, who are nominated radicals, like SUMNER, of Massachusetts." Then commenced, by some persons in the Assembly, the hisses which are referred to, and the *Journal* goes on to remark: "Here were many hisses, which were drowned by thunders of applause, continually raised for several minutes at every continuation of the hisses." Then I continued: "Even such men are doubtful about such amendments. I do not mean to censure the motives of Mr. SUMNER. [More hisses and thundering applause.] Hear me, gentlemen! I do not mean to censure such men, for I shall vote in the pending amendment with Mr. SUMNER. [Applause.]"

This, Mr. President, is a statement of substantially what occurred. Neither did I disparage the honorable Senator, nor was I hissed, nor was I silenced, for I immediately went on and finished my speech. I feel called upon to say this, because this telegram, addressed to the honorable Senator, appears in a newspaper which is published and controlled by the Secretary of the Senate.

THE ATLANTIC AND PACIFIC RAILROAD COMPANY.

The bill to grant land to aid in the construction of a railroad from Springfield, Missouri, to the Pacific coast, was called up by Mr. BROWN, and passed. It endows the Atlantic and Pacific Railroad Company with the essential functions of a body corporate and politic, and authorizes it to construct a railroad and telegraph line from Springfield, Missouri, *via* the Canadian River, at a point between the 95th and 98th meridian, the headwaters of the Rio Pecos, near Anton Chico, to the town of Albuquerque on the Del Norte, and thence, *via* Aqua Frio, or other suitable pass, to the headwaters of the Colorado Chequito, and thence along the thirty-fifth parallel of latitude to the Colorado River; thence by the most practicable and eligible route to the Pacific. A branch from the junction with the Canadian River, the boundary line of Arkansas near Van Buren, is authorized. The capital stock of the Company consists of one million shares of $100 each. The first meeting of the Board of Commissioners shall be held at the Turner Hall, in St. Louis, Jan. 1, 1867, or at such time within three months thereafter as shall be determined by the Commissioners, notices being published in papers in Boston, New-York, Cincinnati, St. Louis, Memphis and Nashville four weeks previously. The opening of subscription books in various cities of the United States is required within twelve months after the passage. Ten per cent. cash payment must be made thereon at the time of subscription. The first meeting of stockholders may be called when ten thousand shares are thus subscribed, by notice in each State in which subscriptions are made fifteen days previous to the meeting, who may elect by person or lawful proxy thirteen directors, each share being entitled to one vote. The President and Secretary of the Commissioners shall act as inspectors of the election.

The second section grants the right of way through the public lands, with the right to take stone timber and earth from adjacent lands, for purposes of construction. Two hundred feet on each side of the road is granted throughout the public domain, including grounds necessary for station buildings, workshops, depots, machine-shops, switches, side-tracks, turntables and water stations. An extinction of Indian titles, as rapidly as possible, shall be accomplished, as to all such lands falling under such grant, but not without the consent of the Indians holding them.

The third section grants alternate sections of land, not mineral, to the amount of twenty per mile, on each side, through the Territories, and ten alternate sections on each side in its passage through States; but where any such lands have been sold, granted, reserved or preëmpted, other lands in alternate sections shall be selected. But coal and iron lands shall not be regarded as "mineral." No money shall be taken from the treasury to build the road.

SEC. 4.—Provides for issuing patents for these lands, as each twenty-five consecutive miles shall be completed in a good, substantial and workmanlike manner.

SEC. 5.—The road is required to be built of American iron, equal in all respects to railroads of the first class, and the guage to be uniform, and a substantial telegraph line is required, which may not charge the Government more than individuals for similar service.

SEC. 6.—Allows the even sections, the odd sections being reserved by this act to be preëmpted, and when offered for sale the price to be fixed at $2 50 per acre.

SEC. 7.—Regulates the purchase of such additional lands as may be required for constructing or working the road.

SEC. 8.—Requires the commencement of construction within two years; the completion of not less than fifty miles each year, and the construction and equipment of the whole line by the 4th of July, 1878.

SEC. 9—Authorizes Congress to do all things necessary for its completion, if any of these conditions remain unfulfilled for one year.

SEC. 10.—All people of the United States shall have the right to subscribe to the stock until all the capital shall be taken up.

SEC. 11.—Congress may regulate its use and compensation as a postal or military route.

SEC. 12.—Acceptance of these conditions shall be signified in writing within two years.

SEC. 13.—Requires the directors to make and publish an annual report, and designates their powers.

SEC. 14.—Relates to duties of other officers, and requires every director to be a stockholder.

SEC. 15.—The directors hold office for a term not exceeding three years. Seven shall constitute a quorum.

SEC. 16.—All payments, after the first, upon subscriptions may be designated by the directors, and all shares unpaid shall be forfeited.

SEC. 17.—Authorizes the acceptance of any grants or donations from Congress, State Legislatures or Indian tribes, provided that grants from Indians shall be subject to the approval of the President of the United States.

SEC. 18.—Authorizes the Southern Pacific Railroad of California to connect with the Atlantic and Pacific road near the boundary of California.

SEC. 19.—Authorizes the Northern Central Railroad of Nevada to construct a branch road to connect with the Atlantic and Pacific Railroad.

SEC. 20.—Provides that, unless the Atlantic and Pacific Railroad shall obtain *bona fide* subscriptions to its stock to the amount of a million dollars, 10 per cent. to be paid within two years, this act shall be null and void.

SEC. 21.—Authorizes the repeal or amendment of this act by Congress at any time.

THE HOUSE CONCURRENT RESOLUTION.

The regular order of the day, the House concurrent resolution, was taken up.

Mr. COWAN took the floor. He maintained that in 1861 two-thirds of the people of the South were opposed to secession and in favor of the Union. He read at length from GREELEY's *American Conflict* to prove that the Union men of the South were deserted by the General Government to the Secessionists, immediately before the war. All the voters for BELL and for DOUGLAS, he said, were Union men, and many who voted for BRECKINRIDGE were Unionists also. In every seceded State it would be found that the number of original insurrectionists was very small. Peple have always given way to leaders, seldom with evil intentions against the Government. Were it otherwise, the normal state of society would be war, not peace. The leaders of the rebellion blinded the people by pretended interest in their welfare, as the devil is never more seductive than when he puts on the arms of a superior sanctity. By seizing the State Governments in a concerted plan, they still more blinded the people, for he who carries a regal banner will be followed by thousands. It was difficult, therefore, to determine the guilt of the people at large surrounded by conspirators, secret and open, on the bench and in societies. Unorganized and unsuspecting, and looking to those whom they were in the habit of trusting, what were the people to do? What could they do? What did they do? Nothing! They allowed the conspirators to seize arsenals and navy-yards and forts. The President throws the blame on Congress; Congress on the President. Whoever it was, no such shameful exhibition in a Government of dereliction of duty was ever seen. He would like to know if the sin of a people can kill a State. There is no such principle recognized in the Constitution. The second whim is that Congress for the good of these States can govern them unrepresented. It comes to the same conclusion as the first. There is no sanction in the Constitution for either. Again, another set hold that the States are still States, but that they cannot be restored to representation till Congress thinks fit so to say, by advice of this famous Committee of Fifteen. This Committee is to inquire into the condition of these States, and what that means is not explained. What is a loyal man? Usually a man who submits to the law. If this be the true meaning, the Committee must report in favor of admission, for there is no resistance to the law anywhere. But it seems that loyalty is determined by one's opinion of Slavery or universal suffrage, and what party he belongs to. This sort of investigation is simply ridiculous. But it is said the Committee of Fifteen look only to the condition of States. What does that mean?

After reference to the pending amendment on the subject of representation, and taking ground against it, Mr. COWAN, in conclusion, summed up his argument as follows:

Mr. President, I think I have shown beyond question that, at the breaking out of the rebellion, there was was not any considerable number of people in any of the States in question who ever were guilty of treason to the United States. If we admit the law to be as I hold it is, viz.: that if the legitimate Government of any country suffers itself to be dispossessed and a hostile Government to be established and put in possession in its stead, so that it cannot protect its citizens in their resistance to such hostile Government, then it cannot punish for acts done afterward, under the authority of and in obedience to the hostile Government. Such acts cannot amount to treason, and the law excuses them. I think I have also shown that the moment the rebels yield and surrender, they are immediately in custody of the law, and can only be subjected to such punishment as it provides to be inflicted upon them through the courts, according to due process of law. I have shown that for any guilty part taken by the people in the late war, the sufferings they endured in that war was the natural and sufficient punishment; that after it they remain purged, and ought to be remitted to all their constitutional rights at once. That is due to the dignity of the United States as a great nation. If she punishes the actual traitors who incited the rebellion, that is to be done solemnly and according to the strictest form of law, in open courts, where the persons may have counsel and witnesses, so that they may make their defence, if they have any. That, according to the Constitution and laws, all the States are still in the Union; that secession ordinances cannot repeal the one nor set aside the other; that they are neither dead by forfeiture nor *felo-de-se*, but are now in full and perfect existence, with all their municipal machinery in full play; that the proposition of the Committee of Fifteen, to amend the Constitution, is fundamental and revolutionary, and destructive of the freedom of the States and the liberties of the people; that it is a threat to deprive them of their rights by compelling them either to admit negroes to the right of suffrage or to give up a share of their representation, which is theirs by law and the last amendment to the Constitution; that the resolution now before us, from the same Committee, is also revolutionary and destructive, being an attempt to suspend the Constitution and laws in regard to representation in Congress over eleven States of the Union until Congress shall see fit to restore them. It is a declaration, on the part of the members of the present House and Senate, that having the means of keeping these States from being represented here they are going to do so as long as they please; that no one of these measures can be justified as a punishment for the rebellion; that the Constitution forbids them as *expost facto* in that character. Then, Sir, here, at the conclusion, I will endeavor to answer a question which has been so often put, and with an air of braggart triumph that indicates that an answer is impossible. The question is this: "Would you bring back here into the Senate rebels and traitors, the authors of all our troubles, whose hands are yet red with the blood of our slaughtered people? And if not, how do you propose to avoid it, unless you deny these States representation, for a time at least? To all this I answer No, as emphatically as any other Senator can do; but I would keep them out in a very different way from that proposed. I would keep them out by following the mode and seeking the remedy afforded by the Constitution and laws, instead of adopting a course forbidding by oath, and unjust in itself. I would keep out traitors, not keep out States. I would punish criminals, and not enslave communities; I would single out the guilty, and not confound the innocent with them. Is not this easy? When the traitor asks for admission here you can commit him for trial, and the offence is not bailable. I suppose everybody will agree that would keep him out at least until he is tried. It has another advantage too. It is lawful, and none can complain of it. After the trial, if acquitted, he is not a traitor, and his case presents no difficulty. If he is convicted, attainted and hanged, I suppose that would allay all fears of his return. Now, Mr. President, when I think how obvious and effectual this plan would be, I am amazed that it should have entered into the human mind to contrive any other. Why is it not adopted? Sir, I am afraid to answer. I am afraid there are patriots who would prefer to let treason go unwhipped rather than they should risk their own hold on power. It looks to me much like that, and if so, I am sorry that any man can be so shortsighted as not to see the fatal consequences of such an exchange as this. Does it not say: "Your treason may go if you will let us rule the country." One word more and I am done. The country is alarmed; the people are anxious, and the political atmosphere bodes the coming of no common storm. What can we do to prevent it and bring back peace to the country and harmony to the party? Is there no common ground on which we can stand? Is there no common standard around which we can rally? I think there is, Sir. Surely, we may go back to the Constitution which we have all sworn to support. We can go back to the laws and enforce them without discussion among ourselves. Then there are things which we may avoid; new measures upon which we cannot agree, and which only serve as wedges to split us further and further asunder. If, however, we refuse moderate counsel, the only remedy will be to take the consequences, and they seldom linger long behind the act.

At the conclusion of Mr. COWAN's remarks, Mr. WILSON rose to address the Senate, but was interrupted by Mr. COWAN, who said that by an arrangement entered into, all the time remaining until 6 o'clock was to be occupied by the opposition. Mr. WILSON replied with some warmth that the opposition had already consumed more than their share of time in discussing the proposition.

Mr. DAVIS said there was time enough for all. He hoped Mr. WILSON would speak.

Mr. SAULSBURY said he had intended to speak on the question, but had changed his mind, and would make his remarks on the Constitutional Amendment when it comes up next week.

Mr. WILSON was requested to proceed, but declined.

Mr. DAVIS then took the floor in opposition to the concurrent resolution, denying its constitutionality, &c., asserting that it was revolutionary in its character, subversive of the Government, and a disolution of the Union by the two Houses of Congress. In conclusion Mr. DAVIS said that the Southern Senators and those who were in favor of receiving them in the Senate constituted a majority of the whole number of Senators. If these two united the President could communicate with them as the Constitutional body, and, by the Eternal! he would advise him to do it tomorrow. He would be clearly right in doing so. He would sooner trust the Southern Senators as the friends of the country than those who were for keeping them out. The President has the remedy in his hand and ought to use it. There was no plainer principle of law than that the President would have the right in case the Southern Senators came here and went into session with those who were in favor of admitting them, to decide whether it was or was not the Constitutional Senate.

Mr. DOOLITTLE said if there was one thing more certain than another, it was that each House is the judge of the elections and qualifications of its own members; each House is independent of the other, independent of the Executive, and independent of the Supreme Court. Can the House send a Sergeant-at-Arms to put any one into or take any one out of the Senate? Can the Supreme Court send its Marshal to put any one into or take any one out of the Senate? Certainly not; and neither can the President do anything of the kind. It is because I believe the Senate independent as a body, said Mr. DOOLITTLE, that I oppose this resolution. The concurrent resolution is merely a caucus resolution—a mere opinion, not a legislative act. Suppose we got into a war with Great Britain; Maine has five Congressional districts. Suppose that Great Britain should capture one district; could the captured district elect a member of the House? Certainly not. Could the other four districts? Certainly. Suppose the British should capture a majority of the legislative districts of the State, and prevent the election of a Legislature; suppose a minority of the Legislature elected in the districts not in possession of the British were to elect a Senator; would it not be for the Senate to decide on the legality of that election?

Mr. SHERMAN desired to ask Mr. DOOLITTLE whether in case he supposed Congress or the Senate should decide when British supremacy ceased?

Mr. DOOLITTLE said that each House for itself would determine the matter; the House would determine as to each Congressional district, and the Senate as to each State.

Mr. BROWN rose to ask a question.

Mr. DOOLITTLE said he would yield the floor.

Mr. BROWN said if he was correct the position of Mr. DOOLITTLE was different now from what it was a year ago. He then voted to exclude these States from the Electoral College.

Mr. DOOLITTLE said he did not yield the floor for the purpose of having the journal of last year referred to. He knew that he voted for the resolution referred to.

Mr. BROWN—And the resolution provides that these States shall not elect representatives until they are authorized to do so by an act of Congress.

Mr. DOOLITTLE said that might have been right and proper at the time.

Mr. DOOLITTLE was continuing his remarks in favor of the independence of each House in deciding upon the reception of its own members, when he was again interrupted by Mr. SHERMAN, who said: "Suppose the House was considering as to the representation of certain districts, and the Senate was considering as to certain States, would there be anything wrong in their entering into a joint investigation?"

Mr. DOOLITTLE—My friend from Ohio is putting a very different question. This resolution speaks of the right of the matter. The Senator from Ohio suggests something about the propriety of certain action. Mr. DOOLITTLE then reiterated that neither the Supreme Court, nor the President, nor the House of Representatives could decide who were to be members of the Senate.

Mr. DAVIS—Will the Senator yield to me a moment.

Mr. DOOLITTLE—Certainly, Sir.

Mr. DAVIS—Suppose the Senate was divided into two bodies, don't you suppose the President of the United States has the right to recognize which is the Senate?

Mr. DOOLITTLE—It is not a supposable case that the Senator proposes. It would require a resolution to accomplish it.

Mr. DAVIS—But such cases have occurred in State Legislatures.

Mr. DOOLITTLE said if the Senate admitted Senators from Canada, the House could not interfere to put them out.

Mr. FESSENDEN said to admit three Senators from each State would not be worse than to admit Senators from Canada.

Mr. DOOLITTLE did not admit that the Senate could rightfully admit Senators from Canada. It would be revolutionary.

Mr. SAULSBURY said the Senator from Massachusetts had referred to the opposition side of the Chamber and their views. He (Mr. SAULSBURY) would say that the opposition had nothing whatever to do with the quarrel in the Republican side, which seemed to have divided the Republican party into Radicals and Conservatives. He would say, howbver, that ANDREW JOHNSON had exercised a constitutional right in vetoing the Freedmen's Bureau bill.

Mr. WILSON said that a stranger unacquainted with American affairs, might, after listening to Senators, come to the conclusion that eleven "erring sisters," clothed in robes of repentence and humility, were supplicating for admission into the sisterhood of free commonwealth, and that their supplications were sternly repelled by other members of the famly. But that stranger would soon learn that these erring sisters were members of the family, completely subject to the rules and regulations of the household. This was not a contest for the restoration of the Union; that Union was now one and indivisible. The country was divided into two classes: one class demanded the immediate and unconditional admission of the rebellious States into Congress loyal end foremost. A loyal people, with the clear instincts of intelligent patriotism, saw, amid all the excitements of the present, that this was not a struggle for the restoration of the rebel States into the Union, but a struggle for the admission of rebels into the Union; but a struggle for the admission of rebels into the legislative branches of the Government of the United States; not a struggle to put rebels under the laws, but to enable rebels to frame the laws of the country. Politicians might deceive themselves, but the people, who had given two and a half millions of men, the blood of six hundred thousand heroes, and three thousand millions of dollars, comprehended the issues. These were indeed eventful, exciting and sad times. Rebels, rebel sympathisers, the men who had stained their hands with the blood of our brothers, starved the country's defenders at Andersonville, plotted in the secret lodges of the Knights of the Golden Circle and the Sons of Liberty for the overthrow of their country, lighted the fires of riot and arson in the City of New-York and plotted the assassination of ABRAHAM LINCOLN, are shouting with exultation over the present aspect of national affairs. The poor freedmen, who a few months ago were laughing with the joy of new-found liberty, invoking the blessing of Heaven upon the country that had stricken the galling manacles from their limbs, were trembling with apprehension. In hundreds of thousands of homes of the loyal people who offered their daily prayers in 1864 for the triumph of their country and for the election of ABRAHAM LINCOLN and ANDREW JOHNSON, there are hearts throbbing heavily with anxieties and foreboeings. Noble men and noble women through many a weary year have prayed and labored for the cause of liberty, justice and humanity. They hoped when the slaveholders' rebellion was crushed, when twenty-three States were supporting the cause their hearts loved and their judgments approved, that the Administration they had intrusted with the power would give these four years to patriotism and liberty, justice and humanity. Their hearts were now throbbing heavily with a great sorrow, for they saw that instead of spending the coming three years in strengthening the patriotism, securing the liberties, and extending the justice of their country, these years were to be worse than squandered in wicked wrangles and in the possible use of the corrupt and corrupting patronage to debauch the public morals and degrade the nation in the face of earth and heaven. The spectacle was enough to make the people hang their heads with mortification and shame, and they would hold the men not matter what positions they might occupy, to a stern responsibility. The Republican or great Union Party of the country, embracing in its ranks more of the moral and intellectual worth than was ever organized in any political party on the globe; made up of the best of the rank and file of the old Whig Party, once led by ADAMS and CLAY and WEBSTER; of the liberty-loving and Union-loving men of the old Democratic Party; of the tried veterans of the Anti-Slavery cause, and of the young men trained up during the discussion and storms of the last fifteen years, proclaimed as its living faith the sublime creed of the equal rights of man, and the brotherhood of all humanity embodied in the New Testament and in the Declaration of Independence; brought into being in 1854 to resist the repeal of the prohibition of Slavery in Kansas, the further expansion of Slavery and the longer domination of the slave power. It has for twelve years, in victory and in defeat, ever been true to the country; ever faithful to its flag and devoted to the struggling cause of liberty, justice and humanity. No party in any country or age had fought on a plain so lofty or done so much for Democratic institutions and the rights of humanity. If it should perish now in the pride of power; by the hand of the suicide or by the follies or treacheries of men it had generously trusted, it will have made a record of honor and glory. The best interests of the regenerated nation, the rights of man, the elevation of an emancipated race, alike demand that the leaders of that great Union Party that restored a broken Union and gave liberty to four millions of men, shall continue to administer the Government and presrve and frame the laws for the nation it saved. Unwise words may have fallen from the lips of men in Congress, from Cabinet officers, and even from the Executive; but a prtriotic and liberty-loving people will forget the unwise words of Senators and Representatives and Cabinet officers and the President, if Representativives, Cabinet officers and President will perform deeds that shall cement the unity of the Republic, hedge about and secure the right of the laboring poor, and adopt measures that shall bring peace and prosperity to the country recently swept by the storms of civil war. The President in his exercise of the war powers, had effected the organization of the rebellious States. While making those organizations, he assured the country that if they were not properly organized, the power was reserved by the Government of the United States to change and correct. It could not be denied that the reorganized rebel States were as completely in the hands of men engaged in the rebellion, as they were when JEFF. DAVIS was at the head of the Confederacy. When Congress assembled the demand was made for the immediate admission of the Senators and Representatives from these reconstructed States, nearly all of whom were unrepresented rebels, men who could not take the oath unless they were as false as the Senators and Representatives who left these chambers in 1861. Congress, in order that there should be unity of purpose between the two Houses, appointed a Joint Committee to inquire into the condition of the States lately in rebellion. The President had been called upon to furnish the papers and evidence relating to these States; but he said he thought proper to withhold those papers. Possibly those papers might satisfy Congress that the reconstructed States were prepared to take part in the government of the country. The Committee was proceeding to take testimony, and it was to be hoped that the testimony would soon be reported to the country. all would be glad to know, to learn that these States were prepared to take part—not for admission into the Union, for they were in the Union now—but for participation in the legislation of the country. The loyal people of the country, who had poured out so much blood and treasure for it preservation were in favor of protecting the people of the rebellious States, white and black, loyal and disloyal. But they had a right to demand before entrusting the legislation of the country to the framers of the Confederate Government, and to the soldiers who had met their sons on bloody fields, some security for the rights of loyal men of every race, and some security for the money loaned the country to clothe, feed, arm, equip and pay the defenders of the Republic.

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.

COMMUNICATIONS FROM THE NAVY AND TREASURY DEPARTMENTS.

The Speaker laid before the House a communication from the Secretary of the Navy, with the names, &c., of the chaplains in the navy; also a report from the Secretary of the Treasury as to the cost of paper, printing and advertising for that Department for 1865.

A MEMORIAL FROM CALIFORNIA.

Mr. HIGBY presented a memorial from the Legislature of California, concerning the act to aid in the construction of an overland railroad and telegraph to California.

A RESOLUTION FROM THE OHIO LEGISLATURE.

Mr. SCHENCK presented the joint resolution of the General Assembly of the State of Ohio relative to the increase of the regular army, and recommending the appointment of volunteer officers to fill positions therein.

The resolution was referred to the Committee on Military Affairs.

PROTECTION OF LIFE ON STEAM VESSELS.

Mr. EGGLESTON introduced a bill further to provide for the safety of the lives of passengers on board steam vessels, which was referred to the Committee on Commerce.

SOLDIERS' BOUNTIES.

On motion of Mr. PERHAM, the Committee on Military Affairs was directed to inquire into the propriety of providing by law that soldiers who enlisted in 1861 and 1862, and served more than a year, and were discharged on account of disease contracted in the service, shall receive the Government bounty to which they would have been entitled had they served two years.

NIAGARA FALLS SHIP CANAL.

Mr. VAN HORN, of New-York, from the Committee on Roads and Canals, reported a bill to construct a ship canal round the Falls of Niagara, which was read twice and recommitted.

A PETITION FROM COLORED CITIZENS OF GEORGIA.

Mr. BOUTWELL presented a petition of 568 colored citizens of Georgia, which was read, as follows;

"We, the undersigned colored citizens of the State of Georgia, respectfully represent that we are loyal, always have been loyal, and will remain loyal; and in order to make our loyalty most effective in the service of the Government, we humbly petition to be allowed to exercise the rights of suffrage."

MEMORIAL FROM WHITE CITIZENS OF ALABAMA.

Mr. BOUTWELL also presented a memorial from white citizens of Alabama, setting forth that they are in a deplorable condition socially and morally, and asking for relief. They earnestly petition the President not to remove the national troops from that part of the country. They also protest against the organization of the militia, saying it would be officered entirely by rebels; and they represent that thousands of people in Alabama are in a state of the utmost destitution.

The petitions were referred to the Committee on Reconstruction.

A CONSTITUTIONAL AMENDMENT.

Mr. BAKER asked leave to offer an amendment to the Constitution, excluding from the Presidency, Vice-Presidency, Congress, the Army and Navy, and the Judiciary, &c., of the United States, all who have voluntarily aided the rebellion by taking part in the rebel civil, military or naval service.

Mr. CHANLER objected.

PRIVATE BILLS.

The reports of Committees on Private Bills were then considered.

CLERKS OF COMMITTEES.

Mr. SCHENCK, from the Military Committee, made report in answer to the resolution adopted last Monday in reference to clerks of committees, stating that the clerk of that Committee was engaged as fully as clerks in the Departments, and that in regard to work done by the clerk for members of the Committee, that was a matter of comity between them, and should not be made a question for legislation nor the subject of impertinent inquiry. He added that he did not mean to apply the charge of impertinence to the House in adopting the resolution; but whoever the cap fitted might wear it. He also reported a resolution to increase the pay of this clerk.

After considerable discussion the report and resolution were laid on the table.

A SPECIAL GRANT.

Mr. DARLING obtained unanimous consent for the reporting of a bill granting to the daughter of Mrs. JESSIE ELDER, of the City of New-York, the pension she had become entitled to as the mother of Col. ALEXANDER ELDER, Tenth Regiment New-York Volunteers, which was thereupon passed.

A PANACEA.

Considerable amusement was caused in the House by the reading of a communication from Dr. N. T. GARWOOD, offering an infallible cure for cholera, dysentery and diabetes, and to strengthen the kidneys, if Congressmen would make up $2,000 for each State. It was reported back from the Committee on Claims by Mr. THORNTON, who moved, jocularly, that it be referred to a select committee of one, to consist of Mr. WENTWORTH.

Mr. ELDRIDGE asked whether it did not, by virtue of the resolution of the House, go to the Committee on Reconstruction. [Laughter.]

The Speaker thought not.

Mr. WENTWORTH rose to retort, but Mr. BANKS, in defence of the dignity of the House, objected to any action being taken on the communication, which was then, on motion of Mr. BALDWIN, laid on the table.

INTERNAL REVENUE ACT.

Mr. SMITH, of Kentucky, introduced a bill to amend the seventy-eighth section of the Internal Revenue Act, which was referred to the Committee on Ways and Means.

PUBLIC LANDS IN SAN FRANCISCO.

Mr. MCRUER, of California, from the Committee on Public Lands, reported back the Senate bill to quiet the title to certain lands within the corporate limits of the City of San Francisco.

Mr. WASHBURNE, of Illinois, said he had been asked not to object to the bills being reported now, and he would not object, but he could not see his way exactly into this bill.

Mr. MCRUER explained that it simply settled a vexed matter of litigation affecting the title to every lot of land in San Francisco. It was of great importance that the question should be finally settled. It required action by the Legislature of California now in session, and therefore it was desirable that it should be passed immediately.

The bill was passed.

THE CIVIL RIGHTS BILL.

The morning hour having expired, the House resumed the consideration of the Senate bill to protect all persons in the United States in their civil rights and furnish the means of their vindication.

Mr. THAYER addressed the House in support of the bill. He expressed his cordial assent to the principles and details of the bill. It was the proper conclusion and just sequel to that great measure of national redress which opened the dungeon doors to four millions of men. Without it that great act of justice would be paralyzed and made useless. With it, it would have life, vigor and inforcement. The Constitutional Amendment abolishing Slavery had been characterized as a revolutionary measure. It was a revolutionary measure. It was one of the greatest and most humane and most notable revolutions that ever characterized the history of a free State. But it was a revolution accomplished within and under the provisions of the Constitution. It was a revolution in relief of human nature, a revolution which extended the boon of simple justice to a very large class of people; a revolution which no man need be ashamed and of, which every man who assisted in it would be proud in the future. It was a revolution which would illume and make brilliant that portion of the history of the country through which we were passing. The bill before the House had for its purpose to guarantee and carry out the reality of the great measure; to give to it practical effect and force; to prevent it remaining a dead letter on the constitutional page of the country; to carry to its legitimate results the great, peaceful and humane revolution to which he had referred. The events of the last few years, the fortunes of war, the progres of ideas had changed this large class of people from the condition of slaves to that of freemen. The practical question now to be decided was whether they should remain free, whether they shall have the benefit of the great charter of freedom. If it were competent for the Legislatures of the rebel States to pass laws leaving their people in a state of real servitude, laws reducing them to the condition of bondsmen; enacting for example that they should not have the privilege of owning property, and declaring them vagrants because they had no homes, of what practical value was the amendment abolishing Slavery throughout the United States? What benefit, he asked, had they conferred on those recently in Slavery, if these things were to be done under the flag and in the face of the authority of the Government of the United States. When he voted for that amendment he thought he was giving to them real freedom, not a mere paper guarantee. The simple principle of the bill, its whole life and substance, was contained in its first section; the rest was mere detail. What was there in that first section which challenged the denunciations which they had heard yesterday from the gentleman from New-Jersey? (Mr. ROGERS.) Were any man's rights to be invaded or taken away by it? It simply declared that all men born on the soil shall enjoy the fundamental rights of freemen. He would compliment the judicial acumen of that gentleman by saying that he believed he knew that this bill did not extend or profess to extend the right of suffrage to colored people. The language of the bill was "civil rights and immunities." But the right of suffrage was a political privilege, not a civil right. Gentlemen should disabuse themselves of any such idea. No member could successfully defend himself for voting against this bill on the ground that it imparted the right of suffrage to the freedmen in the South. They would be voting simply against the fundamental rights of humanity. What possible reason could be given why the rights enumerated in the bill should not be extended to the freedmen of the South. The enactment that all persons born in the United States and not subject to any foreign Power are citizens of the United States, he held to be merely declaratory of the law as it exists. Referring to the constitutionality of the measure, he derived it from the second section of the late amendment to the Constitution, and from the clause giving to Congress the power to establish a uniform system of naturalization. He contended that the right of naturalization, which was simply to confer on persons the right to hold and convey property, and was not confined to persons born in foreign countries, but might be extended to persons born in this country and laboring under disabilities.

Mr. ROGERS said that it was well settled that the naturalization laws had no application except to foreigners.

The Speaker, *pro tem.* (Mr. SPALDING)—Does the gentleman from Pennsylvania (Mr. THAYER) consider himself sufficiently informed? [Laughter.]

Mr. THAYER said he had taken up some little time in stating to the House the ground on which he supposed that objection was overthrown.

Mr. RAYMOND stated that he had endeavored to satisfy himself and to come to the same conclusion as the gentleman, (Mr. THAYER,) upon that very point, and asked him whether he had examined and was prepared to remark upon the opinion of Judge CURTIS in the Dred Scott case.

Mr. THAYER replied that he had not read that opinion recently, and should feel much hesitation in commenting upon it.

Mr. RAYMOND stated it as his opinion that Congress had power to naturalize persons born in this country, but should like to be strengthened in that opinion.

Mr. ROGERS remarked that Judge CURTISS had taken the same ground in regard to the naturalization laws as he (Mr. ROGERS) did.

Mr. THAYER was not aware that Judge CURTISS concurred with the gentleman from New-Jersey in that view, or in the extraordinary views which he had presented to the House yesterday.

At a subsequent stage of Mr. THAYER's remarks, Mr. ROGERS desired to interrupt him by reading Judge CURTISS' opinion, but Mr. THAYER declined to yield, as he had passed from that part of his argument.

Referring, in conclusion, to a reference made the other day by Mr. DAVIS to the case of CÆSAR's clemency to POMPEY's friends, Mr. THAYER thought it a rather unfortunate illustration. CÆSAR, he said, did take to his bosom, immediately after battles in which he had overcome his great rival POMPEY, those who had been the best friends of POMPEY and the worst enemies of CÆSAR. We all know that both BRUTUS, CASSIUS, and all of the conspirators had fought against him under POMPEY at Pharsalia and Philippi. Sir, let the Republic take warning from the fate of CÆSAR. CÆSAR was betrayed and stabbed in the Capitol by the friends (?) whom he prematurely pardoned and took to his bosom! Sir, I fear the Republic may feel also in its heart the dagger of the conspirators, which the too rapid theories of the gentleman from New-York (Mr. DAVIS) would bring prematurely into places of power and responsibility in this Government. No, sir; let us be generous! let us be just! but let us be careful! and let us be true!

Mr. HILL, of Ind., moved to amend the pending motion to recommit by adding instructions to except from those declared citizens of the United States, such as have voluntarily borne arms against the Government of the United States, or given aid and comfort to the enemies thereof, and also to except the right of suffrage from the civil rights conferred. He spoke in support of his amendment. He supposed it was not the intention of the friends of the bill to confer the rights of citizenship not now pressed on those who have been in rebellion. His amendment took no right from them, but left their rights to be determined hereafter. The amendment on the subject of suffrage was but a fair explicit declaration of what had been repeatedly stated in argument, but did not appear in the bill. It seemed to him important to relieve the bill of any ambiguity, and that was the object of his amendment.

Mr. ELDRIDGE addressed the House in opposition to the bill. He looked upon it as one of the series of measures arising out of the fears and apprehensions of certain individuals in the House, and in the country, in regard to those who had formerly held slaves. He had hoped that long before this the people would have come to the conclusion that the subject of Slavery and its consequent effect had been sufficiently agitated. He had hoped that when the war was over, when peace was restored, and when the institution of Slavery was finally given up, and the Constitution was amended in accordance with that idea, that this subject would haunt us no more. He looked upon this bill as one of the most dangerous and insidious of those measures intended to take away the rights of the States. The rights of the States were the rights of the Union, and the liberties of the States were the liberties of the citizens. The gentleman from Pennsylvania (Mr. THAYER) had asked what objection there was to this measure; what right it took away. In the first place, it laid prostrate at the feet of the Federal Government the judiciary of the State. It not only entered the States to regulate their police and municipal affairs, but it attempted to destroy the independence of the judiciary. He elaborated his objections on legal and constitutional grounds, reading an extract from the opinion of Judge CURTIS, referred to in the debate, to the effect that the naturalization laws applied only to the removal of disabilities consequent on foreign birth.

Mr. RAYMOND—Even if citizenship cannot under the Constitution be absolutely conferred on native-born citizens, why may not Congress declare that all native-born citizens, inhabitants of this country, are citizens, making it a declaratory act instead of one conferring citizenship.

Mr. ELDRIDGE replied that there was no authority in the Constitution for Congress to pass any such law. If it were desirable to confer the right of citizenship on freedmen, there must be a constitutional amendment for the purpose. He expressed his belief that the former slaveholders would treat the freedmen with more kindness and leniency than would many of those who are anxious for the passage of these measures. They knew their nature, their wants, their habits, and had toward them none of the prejudices or unkind feelings which Northern people had.

Mr. DUMONT proposed to amend the amendment of his colleague (Mr. HILL) by striking out the proposed exception, and inserting instead of it "that nothing herein contained shall be construed as extending the rights of citizenship to any one who has renounced the same or acknowledged allegiance to any Government, or pretended Government, in hostility to the United States, who held office under the same; nor to any one who voluntarily bore arms against the United States in the late rebellion, or who has been guilty of any act whatever which by the law of nations makes a forfeiture of citizenship."

Mr. MILLER proposed to amend by adding a proviso exempting from penalties Judges of State Courts who decided justly under the Constitution and laws of their respective States, and providing for an appeal to the United States Courts.

Mr. THORNTON took the floor in opposition to the measure, which he opposed principally on the ground that it was an assumption of rights on the part of the General Government, which it did not possess under

Continued on Fifth Page.

MONETARY AFFAIRS.

Sales at the Stock Exchange—March 2, 1866.

$10,000 U. S. 6s, '67	122	400 West. Union Tel	66⅛
1,500 U. S. 6s, '81 C	104¾	100 Quick. Min. Co	42½
2,000 do...2d call	104⅝	100 do...b30	43¾
1,000 do	104⅜	13 Erie R	85¾
5,000 U. S. 6s, '81 R	104⅜	150 do	86
5,000 U.S.6s,5-20s C.'62	103⅝	100 do...s4	86
4,000 do	103¼	100 do...c	86⅝
2,000 U.S.6s,5-20s C.'64	103	1000 do	86⅜
106,500 U.S.5s, 10-40s. C	90⅞	100 do...s10	85¾
2,000 Tr. Notes, 7 3-10s. First Series	99⅝	200 do...s40	83⅞
1,000 do.2d S..Small	99¾	400 do...2d call	86
15,500 do	99¼	200 do...s10	84⅛
1,500 do	99⅜	100 do...s10	84½
1,000 do.3d S.Small	99⅞	800 do	84
7,000 do	99½	100 do...s60	81
4,000 Tenn. 6s, '90	92	100 Hud. Riv. R	104
6,000 N. Car. 6s	92	200 do...b30	104¼
3,000 do	81½	200 do...b60	104
20,000 Mo. 6s, issued to Pacific R	82	300 do	103⅞
1,000 N.Y.St. 7s, Bounty Loan	78½	100 do	105
40,000 O. & M. Cer	25½	50 Nor. & Wor. R	99⅜
1,000 N. Y. Cen. 6s, '83	92½	20 Reading R	99⅞
2,000 Erie 1st M	100	500 do	99⅜
3,000 do	99⅝	100 do	99
1,000 Hud. R. 2d S.F.Bs	101	1200 do...2d call	99⅜
1,000 N. J. Cen. 1st	100	200 Mich. S. & N.I	70
46 Fourth Nat. Bank	98	200 do	69⅞
47 City Bank	180	100 do...2d call	69⅝
1,000 Chi. & N. W. 1st	81	100 do	69½
2,000 do	81	100 do...b30	69¾
11,000 To.& W.1st M. Ex	87½	100 Ill. Central R	115¼
11 Mer. Ex. Bank	106	700 Cleve. & Pitts	77⅝
9 Bank of Commerce	106	100 do...b3	77¾
6 Metropol. Bank	121½	75 Chi. & N. W	27¼
21 Del. & Hud. C	135	100 do	27⅜
100 Cum. Coal Pr...s30	45	600 do	27½
200 do	45	100 do	27¼
500 do...b30	45¼	100 do...2d call	27¼
100 do...s10	45¼	500 Chic. & N. W. P	54
200 American Coal	65	400 do...s30	54¼
100 Cen. Am. T. Co	17	300 do...2d call	54½
100 Canton Co	44½	200 do	54
500 Atlantic S. S. Co	132	200 Cleve. & Tol	108¼
300 do	133	1000 do	108
100 N. Y. Central	92	200 Chi. & R. I	105⅞
200 do...b15	92	100 do	105¾
500 do	91⅞	500 do...s30	105¼
100 do..2d call.b15	91½	300 do...s15	105⅜
400 do	91¾	500 Pitts., F.W. & C	92
		100 do	91⅞
		200 do...s10	91⅜
		200 do...s10	91¾
		100 do...2d call	91⅜
		500 Alt. & T. H...b10	35

1 O'CLOCK BOARD.

100 West. Union T...s10	66⅛	100 Hud. Riv. R	103¾
100 do	66⅜	2000 M. S. & N. I. R	69¾
70 do	66	700 do	69⅝
150 Pac. M. S. S	210	600 do...s10	69⅝
100 N. Y. Cen	91⅝	600 Cleve. & Pitts	77⅜
100 do	91½	400 Chi. & N. W. P	54
700 Reading R	98⅜	600 Cleve. & Tol	108
100 Erie Railroad...s3	85⅝	500 P., Ft. W. & C	91¾
200 do	85½	200 do...s30	91¾
300 do...c	85⅝	200 do	91⅝
300 do...c	85¾	100 do...s10	91⅝

2½ O'CLOCK BOARD.

$3,000 U. S. 6s, '81 R	104¾	300 Erie R...s30	85
1,500 do	104⅞	1000 do	86¼
60,000 U.S. 6s,5-20s.C.'65	103⅜	200 do...s3	86
10,000 U. S. 5s,10-40s C	90⅞	100 Hudson River	103⅜
1,000 Tr. Notes, 73-10s. Second Series	99⅝	600 Clev. & P	77⅝
2,000 U. S. 6s, 1 yr. Cer. New Issue	98⅞	100 do	77¾
10,000 N. Car. 6s	82½	100 Reading R	99
8,000 do	82¾	500 do	99⅛
2,000 Missouri 6s	78	1000 do	99¼
5,500 Am. Gold	135⅞	200 do...b30	99⅜
200 Cum. Coal Pr	44⅝	300 do	99¼
100 Quick. M. Co...b30	42½	400 do...s10	99⅛
100 do	42¼	1200 M. S. & N. I. R	69⅝
100 do	42⅛	1500 do	69¾
200 At. Mail St. Co...s30	133	300 do	70
100 do	133⅝	100 Ill. Cen. R	115¼
		600 Chi. & N. W. P	54
		1800 Cleve. & Tol	108
		500 Chic. & R. I	105¼

OPEN BOARD—10 A. M.

200 N. Y. Central	92	200 Chi. & R. I...b3	105¾
100 do...b4	92	300 Cleve. & Pitts	77¾
100 Erie Railroad...c	86⅛	400 Chi. & N.W.Pr	54⅛
400 M. So. & N. I	69⅞	300 do	54⅜
200 do...b3	70	200 P.F.W.& C...b10	92⅛
100 do	70⅛	200 do	92
700 do...c	70⅛	600 Schuylkill C	14⅜
100 do...b3	70¼	200 do...b3	14¼

OPEN BOARD—1 P. M.

300 Maryland A. C	16½	100 Schuylkill Coal	14⅞
200 N. Y. Cen...s3	91⅜	4100 Clev. & Pitts	77
100 do	91⅝	200 do...s3	77
200 do.for Monday	91½	100 do	77⅝
400 Erie Railroad...s3	85⅞	100 do	77¾
100 do...c	85⅝	100 Chi. & R. I...c	105
600 do	85½	600 Chic. & N. W...s3	27⅛
200 do	85¾	100 do...s60	27
100 do...b3	85¼	100 Chi. & N. W. Pf..b10	54⅛
200 do	85⅜	500 do	54
200 Reading R	98⅞	100 do...b10	54
400 do	99	100 do...s3	54
100 Mich. S. & N. I	69⅞	200 Cleve. & Tol	108¼
100 do...s3	69⅝	400 P., F. W. & C	92
100 do	69⅞	100 do	92
500 do...b3	69⅝	100 do...b3	92

OPEN BOARD—3½ P. M.

600 Schuylkill Coal	14¾	200 Cleve. & Pitts...b3	77⅞
200 Quick. Min. Co	42½	100 do	77⅜
100 New-York Cen	91⅝	1300 do	77⅜
100 do...b3	91⅞	500 Clev. & Tol	108⅝
600 Erie R	86⅛	100 do	108⅛
200 do	86⅝	100 Chic. & Rk. Is	105⅜
200 do	86⅝	100 do...s3	105⅜
100 do...bnw	86⅛	100 do...s60	105¼
400 Reading R	99⅛	200 Chic. & N. W. P	54⅞
200 M. S. & N. I	70	200 P., Ft. W. & C...b3	91⅞
300 do...b3	70	100 do...b3	91⅜
300 do	70⅛	100 do...s3	91⅞
700 do	70⅛		

FRIDAY, March 2—P. M.

The following is a condensed summary of the Public Debt of the United States on the 1st inst., as compared with the previous monthly statement of Feb. 1:

PUBLIC DEBT OF THE UNITED STATES, MARCH 1, 1866.

	Feb. 1, 1866.	March 1, 1866.
Original 5-20s, 1862	$514,780,500	$514,780,500
5-20s new, 1864	100,000,000	100,000,000
5-20s new, 1865	50,590,300	61,263,000
6 per cents., 1881	282,648,000	282,693,100
5 per cents., 10-40s	172,760,100	172,769,100
Old 6 per cents	19,339,592	19,339,592
Old 5 per cents	27,022,000	27,022,000
Total gold-bearing	$1,167,149,743	$1,177,867,292
7-30 per cents	$830,000,000	$818,044,000
Compound Legal-tenders	180,012,141	174,012,141
5 per cent. Legal-tenders	8,366,900	8,536,900
6 per cent. certificates	60,637,000	62,264,000
Deposits on interest	114,755,840	118,577,939
6 per cent. stock to Pacific Road	3,354,000	3,994,000
Total currency-bearing	$1,187,295,881	$1,185,428,980
Greenbacks	$423,435,373	$423,435,373
Gold Certificates	8,391,080	12,627,600
Fractional Currency	26,553,348	27,523,734
Total free of interest	$458,846,547	$463,586,707
Less Treasury balances	*107,493,348	*116,018,959
Total	$351,353,199	$347,567,748
Past due debt	1,099,230	985,980
Grand total of all debt	$2,716,898,152	$2,711,850,000
*Cash on Hand	Feb. 1, 1866.	March 1, 1866.
In gold	$51,443,162	$55,736,192
In currency	56,050,186	60,282,767
Total as above	$107,493,348	$116,018,959

The principal changes in the statement since Feb. 1 are:

Increase of Currency Deposits from Feb. 1 to 1st March	$114,755,840	
	118,577,939	
Increase		$3,822,099
Increase of Currency on hand		4,232,581
Difference		$410,482
Increase of Gold Deposits from Feb. 1 to March 1		$8,391,080
		12,627,600
Increase		
Increase in Gold on hand:		$4,236,520
February 1	$51,443,162	
March 1	55,736,192	4,293,030
Difference		$56,510
Decrease in 7.30 ₱ cents	$11,956,000	
And in Compounds	6,000,000	17,956,000
Increase in U. S. 5-20s		10,672,760
Difference		$6,724,300
Decrease in Certif's. Indebt'ness.	$1,633,000	
Increase in Fractional Currency	970,490	
7.30s funded into 1881s	44,850	2,648,340
Increase in past due debt		114,430
Difference		
Aggregate DECREASE in Public Debt		$2,532,916
		5,048,152

The public debt reached its maximum on the schedule of the 31st of August last, when the total stood ... $2,757,781,190

Present total ... 2,711,850,000

Net reduction in six months ... $45,931,190

The public debt stood, on the 1st October last at the close of the first quarter of the current fiscal year ... $2,745,061,844

As against March 1, 1866 ... 2,711,850,000

Decrease Since Oct. 1 ... $33,211,844

The Secretary estimated that for the second, third and fourth quarters of the fiscal year, (say up to 30th June, 1866,) his revenues would fall short of the demands upon the Treasury by $112,194,947. At the end of five months of this term of nine months, he finds them *in excess* $33,211,844. Hence the Funding Bill reported to Congress provides that "nothing herein contained shall be construed to authorize *any increase of the public debt.*"

We have heretofore expressed the belief that with another fiscal year's revenues like the present, the Consolidated Funded and Fundable Public Debt of the United States could be brought within *two thousand millions* by the 30th June 1867; leaving about *four hundred and fifty millions* in Greenbacks and Fractional Currency and Gold Notes outstanding, *and all these free of interest to the Government.* The present Funded Debt is, in

Debt bearing 5 and 6 ₱ cents	$1,178,000,000
To be added for 7.30s convertible	818,000,000
Six ₱ cents. to Pacific Road	4,000,000
Total Funded and to be Funded	$2,000,000,000
Greenbacks, &c., free of interest	463,586,707
Total estimate for June 30, 1867	$2,463,586,707

The remaining obligations to be provided for and to be paid off in the next sixteen months are as follows:

Deposits on interest	$118,577,939
Less cash on hand	116,018,959
To be provided for only	$2,558,980
Interest bearing legal-tenders	182,549,041
Certificates of indebtedness	62,264,000
Total to be paid off in 16 months	$247,372,021

—Or, at an average, out of the surplus Customs, Excise and Miscellaneous revenues, of about *fifteen millions per month*, from March 1, 1866, to June 30, 1867.

The price of Gold, after the decline of 1 ₱ cent. yesterday, held pretty steady to-day at 135⅞@136⅛ until near the close of business, when the sales fell off to 135½ ₱ cent., owing, in part, to the dullness of Exchange on London at 108¼@108⅝ for Standard Bankers' and 108@108¼ for good transient Bank and Bankers' credits. The Treasury Office paid out yesterday and to-day $1,000,000 on the U. S. 10-40 years 5 ₱ cents for March interest. The Customs for the two days are over $800,000. The speculation in the Gold Room is dull, and this in the absence of further sales by Government since the price left 137¼ ₱ cent. The market for Money works steadily at 7 ₱ cent., with exceptional loans on Government security at 6 ₱ cent.

The Public Debt Statement to March 1 has added to the confidence with which the Gold-bearing Stocks and Treasury paper of the United States are taken up at the Stock Exchange and on Wall-street. The business was large to-day, and prices even firmer than yesterday.

The Railway speculation at the Stock Exchange was considerably exercised on the Erie upward movement. The sales at one time gave way to 84¼@½, but soon after rallied to 86¼@86⅜ ₱ cent. The other Eastern and Western Roads were not so well supported as yesterday, except Illinois Central, which has advanced this week 2@2½ ₱ cent. on the Annual Report. The Miscellaneous shares are generally steady; but taking the Share market altogether, the contest against a further rise in prices appears to have been renewed by the *Bear* interest with considerable vigor.

At 4 o'clock the following quotations were made, as compared with Thursday P. M., the Railways something better than at 2 o'clock:

	Thur.	Fri.		Thur.	Fri.
U. S. 10-40s	91*	*90⅞	Northwest	27⅛	27⅜
U. S. 5-20s	103⅜	103⅛	N. West Pref	51⅞	54⅛
U. S. 7.30s	99⅝	99⅝	Rock Island	105½	105⅜
N. Y. Central	92⅛	91⅝	Fort Wayne	92⅛	91⅞
Erie	86¼	86	Cumb'land Coal	45	45
Hudson	104	103⅞	Quicksilver	43	*42½
Reading	99⅜	99⅛	Mariposa	11¼	11⅛
Mich. Southern	70	70	Canton	44⅜	44⅜
Illinois Central	116	116	Ohio Certificates	25	24⅞
Pittsburgh	77⅞	77⅝	American Gold	135⅞	135⅝
Prairie du Chien	96	96	Bills on London	108⅝	108⅜

*Ex-div.

The following quotations were made for the City Bank Shares:

New-York	112	Metropolitan	121½
Merchants'	110	Market	110
Union	118	Shoe and Leather	106½
America	137	Corn Exchange	111
Tradesmen's	130	St. Nicholas	99
Mechs' & Traders'	130	Marine	100
Merchants' Exch'ge	106	Commonwealth	100
Seventh Ward	105	Importers' & Traders'	101
State of New York	105	Park	145
Commerce	106	Manufac. & Merch'ts	101
Mechanics' Bkg Ass	105	Central National	108
Broadway	225	Fourth National	98
Chatham	135	Ninth National	110
Irving	108		

And the following for the Railway mortgages:

N. Y. Cen. 6s, 1883	92½	Alton & T. H. 1st M	87
N. Y. Cen. 7s, 1876	100	Alton & T. H. 2d M. pf	77
N. Y. Cen. 7s, '76 con	100	Alton & T. H. 2d M. in	73
Erie 1st M., '68	99⅜	Chi. & N. W. Int. B	82
Erie 7s, 2d mort., '79	100	Del. L. & W. 1st M	102½
Erie 7s, 3d mort., '83	96⅝	Tol. & Wab. 1st M. Ex	87
Erie 7s, 4th mort., 1880	96	Tol. & Wab. 2d M	72
Buf. N.Y.& E. 1st M. '77	94	N. J. Central 1st M	100
Hud. R. 7s, 1st M '69	99⅜	Pitts., Ft.W. & C.1st M	96
Hud. R. 7s, 2ds. S.F. '85	100½	Pitts., Ft.W. & Ch., 2d	91
Hud. R. 7s, conv., '67	96½	Pitts., Ft.W. & Ch., 3d	86
Harlem 1st mort., '69-72	99	Cleve. & P. 3d m. con	86
Harlem 3ds, '68	93	Cleve. & P. 4th mort	72
Mich. Cen. 8 p. c. '69-72	112	Miss. & Mo. L.G. 1st M	46
Mich. C. nw 1st M. 8's '82	111	Chic. & Alton S. F	90
Mich. So. 7 ₱ c. 2ds	89	Ohio & Miss. 1st M	94
N. Ind. Gosh. Line '68	90	Mil. & St. Paul 1st M	82
Mich.S.& N.I.S.F. 7 ₱ c	94	Chi. & Mil. 1st M	84
Ill. Cen. 7 p. c. 1875	109		

The annual balance sheet of the Illinois Central Company has just been published for the information of the proprietary, and will go to England by the steamer to-morrow. The changes since last year and the result of the annual traffic and land departments of the Company are thus stated by the President:

Since our last annual report, we have earned $7,181,208 37; received from collections in the Land Department, $1,933,915 40; expended on permanent structures and increase of equipment, $854,434 22; and for operation, $4,509,794 43. We have paid to the State our annual tax of 7 ₱ cent. on the gross earnings for the year ending Oct. 31, 1865, amounting to $496,489 84; have paid interest on the funded debt, $810,060, and two dividends of 5 ₱ cent. each on the capital stock, amounting to $2,236,584 24, in addition to a stock distribution of $10 ₱ share, and have reduced our funded debt by the redemption and cancellation of bonds, $900,300. We commenced the new year with a balance of net cash assets on hand of $1,703,525 25, being $550,000 in excess of the dividend of 5 ₱ cent. declared for the 1st of February, 1866, and since paid, and with a stock of supplies on hand valued at $876,478 63. The amount of bonds canceled and in the hands of the Trustees, in anticipation of collections by the Land Department, was, on the 31st of December, $2,341,500. During the past year your equipment was increased by the addition of twenty-two new locomotives, (two more being nearly completed at our own workshops,) five mail and baggage cars, sixty-two platform cars, one derrick car, with shop machinery and tools to the amount of $532,540 72; and your construction account was increased, for new iron bridges, new station buildings, engine-houses, workshops, and other permanent improvements, $321,893 50.

The present Capital of the Company in shares is	$23,411,560
Bonds in the hands of the public	12,331,560
together	$35,743,060
Cost of Road and Cash on hand	40,668,060
Paid from Land Collections	4,925,000

The Land Department still holds $8,786,035 Notes for Lands sold and to mature, and 998,069 acres of Lands unsold.

Mr. HARRY E. DODGE, with Messrs. CLARK, DODGE & Co., was to-day admitted to membership at the New-York Exchange Board by a unanimous and unusually complimentary vote—yeas 185.

Among the 1st of March removals among the Stock Exchange offices we notice that of GREENLEAF, NORRIS & Co., from Exchange-place to the New street front of the new Stock Exchange Building.

The day's business at the office of the Assistant Treasurer of the United States was as follows: Receipts, $937,198 70; for Customs, $454,000; on account Loan, $72,000; Coin Certificates, $100,000. Payments, $9,313,810 49. Balance, $97,857,869 74.

The week's imports at this port of Foreign Dry Goods have been to the value of $2,547,990 The following is the summary for the week:

	CONSUMPTION DIRECT. Pkgs.	Value.	WAREHOUSED. Pkgs.	Value.	WITHDRAWN. Pkgs.	Value.
Man. of Wool	1,802	$852,610	336	$149,822	555	$261,600
Man. of Cotton	1,213	424,315	133	40,985	494	178,709
Man. of Silk	403	404,670	44	40,961	142	143,852
Man. of Flax	1,337	410,577	135	34,802	400	108,905
Miscellaneous	3,652	180,946	14	8,303	48	13,559
Total	8,407	$2,273,118	662	$274,872	1,639	$706,626
		274,872				2,273,118
Total entered		$2,547,990	Total marketed			$2,979,743

To the Editor of the New-York Times:

Would you be kind enough to inform us through your columns when a note dated 28th February, at two months, matures? Would it be the 1st or 3d May?

W. K.

A note dated Feb. 28, having two months to run, will be due May 1.

BANKING AND FINANCIAL.

HOWES & MACY, BANKERS,
(Formerly officers of the Park Bank,)
30 Wall Street, N. Y.
FOUR PER CENT. INTEREST ALLOWED ON DEPOSITS.

The business of this house is the same as an Incorporated Bank.

Persons keeping accounts may deposit and draw as they please, the same as with the City Banks, and will be allowed interest on their daily balances at 4 per cent.

Collections made on any part of the United States or Canada.

Orders for the purchase or sale of the various issues of Government and other Stocks, Bonds, and Gold, promptly executed for the usual commission.

☞ THE CROTON NATIONAL BANK
Of the City of New-York,
DESIGNATED DEPOSITARY AND
FINANCIAL AGENT
OF THE
UNITED STATES,
No 17 Nassau-st., New-York,
WILLIAM B. HATCH, President,
PLINY FISK, Vice-President,
ROBERT M. HEDDEN, Cashier,
Will remove to the new marble building, southeast corner of Nassau and Cedar sts., 1st of May.

☞ NATIONAL CURRENCY BANK,
NO. 2 WALL-ST.
$500,000 New-York State 7 per cent. stock for sale in sums to suit.
W. G. WHITE, Cash.

GENERAL MARKETS.

NEW-YORK, Friday, March 2, 1866.

The receipts of the principal kinds of Produce since our last have been 3,008 bbls. Flour, 150 bbls. and 2,858 bags Corn Meal, 1,350 bushels Wheat, 3,100 bushels Corn, 7,500 bushels Rye, 4,964 bushels Oats, 775 bbls. Pork, 1,484 pkgs. Cut Meats, 1,737 pkgs. Lard, 243 bbls. Beef, and 350 bbls. Whisky.

ASHES—Are in demand at $7 75 for Pots and $11 50 for Pearls, ₱ 100 lbs.

COFFEE—Has been in moderate request and quoted firm. We quote: Java at 28c.@28½c.; Maracaibo at 21c.@23½c.; Laguayra at 21c.@22½c.; Rio at 17½c.@21½c.; and St. Domingo at 17½c.@17¾c., cash, in gold, ₱ lb. Sales 1,300 bags. Stock 49,171 bags, including 31,494 bags Rio.

COTTON—Is in better demand and firmer. Middlings, 43½c.@45c. ₱ lb. Sales and resales since our last, 5,800 bales. The receipts at this port have been 170,673 bales since Jan. 1, 1866, and 594,090 bales since the commencement of the current cotton year, Sept. 1, 1865. Sales were also made by auction to-day, on Government account, of 3,100 bales Mobile, Memphis and Savannah Cotton at 46½c.@47½c. for Middling Fair; 43½c.@43¾c. for Strict Middling; 40½c.@41½c. for Low Middling, and 39½c.@40½c. for Low Ordinary, ₱ lb. Estimated Stock, 255,000 bales.

DRY GOODS—The Dry Goods Exchange report to-day is as follows: *Jobbers' Prices.*—Brown Sheetings—Stark A, 26c.; Stark M, 24c.; Stark O, 23c.; Shetucket A. 19c.; Shetucket B, 17c. Bleached Shirtings—Bates, 40c.; Blackstone, 33½c.; Bartletts, 35-inch, 35c.; Bartletts, 33-inch, 27½c.; Bartletts, 30-inch, 25c. Prints—Cocheco, 23c.; Hamilton, 22c.; Lancaster, 19c.; Dunnell, 20c.; Amoskeag, 18c. Delaines—Armures, 27c.; Hamilton, 25c. Ginghams—Glasgow, 25c.; Hartford, 23c. Cambrics—Manville, 20c.; Victory, 20c. Canton Flannels—Naumkeag, 32c.; Nashua, 27c. Ticks—Omega B, 55c.; Omega A, 62½c.; Omega O, 60c. Stripes—Harvester, 33c.; Uncasville, 31c.; Albany, 20c. Hoop Skirts—Bradley's Duplex Elliptic, Empress Trail, prices unchanged; Meyers' I X L in fair demand. The following dispatches were received at the Dry Goods Exchange to-day: St. Louis—There is more activity, but prices are unsettled. Boston—Trade light; no want of confidence in value of goods. Woolen goods begin to move. Providence—Dry Goods dull generally. Prices of Prints nominal.

DYEWOODS—Are dull and unsettled. Stock, 2,248 tons.

FISH—All kinds are in limited request at wholesale at previous figures.

FLOUR AND MEAL—State and Western Flour has been less active to-day, at a shade firmer prices. Sales since our last 15,350 bbls., including very inferior to choice Superfine State and Western at $6 90@$7 50; inferior to choice Extra State at $7 40@$8 40, chiefly at $7 50@$7 85; round-hoop Extra Ohio, inferior to good shipping brands, at $8 35@$8 85 ₱ bbl. We now quote:

Superfine State and Western	$6 90	@$7 50
Extra State	7 40	@ 8 40
Extra Illinois, Indiana, Michigan, &c.	7 60	@11 50
Extra Ohio, round-hoop, ship'g brands	8 35	@ 8 85
Extra Ohio, trade and family brands	8 90	@12 00
Extra Genesee	8 50	@11 75
Poor to very choice extra Missouri	9 70	@15 50

Southern Flour favors sellers. Sales since our last 900 bbls., in lots, at $8 85@$10 20 for poor to good, and $10 25@$15 50 for good to very choice extra brands, ₱ bbl. Canadian Flour is advancing; sales 600 bbls. Extra at $7 80@$11 50 ₱ bbl. Rye Flour continues inactive, including Superfine at $4 50@$5 50 ₱ bbl. Corn Meal is dull to-day, at $3 70@$3 85 for Western, $3 65@$3 75 for Jersey, and $4 25 for Brandywine, ₱ bbl. Sales 150 bbls.

GRAIN—Wheat has advanced 2c.@3c. ₱ bushel, on sales of 51,000 bushels, including new Amber Michigan on private terms, and very poor to strictly choice Milwaukee Club at $1 58@$1 75 ₱ bushel. Corn has been in moderate request at less buoyant prices. Sales since our last, 53,000 bushels at 75c.@78c. for unsound and 79c.@81 for sound mixed Western, in store and delivered, and 80c.@82c. for Jersey and Southern Yellow, and 82c.@84c. for do. White ₱ bushel. Oats are in limited demand, including State at 56c.@57c.; Jersey and Pennsylvania at 50c.@52c.; old Western at 54c.@55c.; new Western at 39c.@43c.; Canada at 56c.@57c. ₱ bushel. Rye has been in more demand, sales having been made of 25,000 bushels Western, part at 80c. ₱ bushel. Barley has been depressed; sales 16,000 bushels Canada West at $1 16 ₱ bushel; 1,300 bushels Barley Malt were sold at $1 45 ₱ bushel.

HAY—North River bale continues in request at 80c.@95c. ₱ 100 lbs.

HOPS—Are in demand at steady prices, including last year's crop at 25c.@55c., and two years' old at 12c.@45c. ₱ lb.

HIDES—Have been quiet and heavy.

LEATHER—Has been in moderate demand at previous figures.

METALS—Copper is quiet; Iron more sought after; Lead, Spelter, Tin and Zinc are dull and heavy. We quote: Ingot Copper at 36c.@37c. ₱ lb.; No. 1 American Pig Iron, $47 50@$49; No. 2, $46@$47; Scotch Pig, $47@$49; English and American Bar Iron, refined, $100@$125 ₱ ton; Pig Lead at $9@$9 12½ ₱ 100 lbs.; Spelter at 9¾c.@11½c. ₱ lb.; Straits Tin at 25c.@25½c., in gold; Banca Tin at 26c.@26½c. in gold ₱ lb.; Sheet Zinc at 14c.@15c. ₱ lb. Stock of Lead, 8,500 tons; Spelter, 600 tons; Block Tin, 25,000 slabs.

MOLASSES—Has been dull and heavy, including New-Orleans at 95c.@$1 10; Porto Rico at 40c.@75c.; Cuba at 34c.@50c. ₱ gallon. Stock, 8,075 hhds.

NAVAL STORES—Are quiet to-day, including Spirits of Turpentine at 90c.@92½c. ₱ gallon; Crude do. at $7@$7 25; Resin at $4 37½@$15 ₱ 280 lbs.; Tar, at $2 50@$3 87½ ₱ bbl.

OILS—Continue dull and heavy, including Crude Whale at $1 37½@$1 40; Bleached Whale at $1 50@$1 53; Crude Sperm at $2 40; Unbleached do. at $2 55@$2 60; Lard Oil at $1 75@$1 90; Red Oil at 85c.@95c.; Linseed Oil at $1 38@$1 40 ₱ gallon.

PETROLEUM—Continues very quiet at 28c.@29c. for Crude; 44c.@46c. for Refined in bond, and 62c.@65c. for do. free, ₱ gallon.

PROVISIONS—Pork is depressed and declining. Sales since our last 5,800 bbls., in lots, at $28@$28 50 for new Mess, closing at $28 12½ cash; $28@$28 12½ for small lots one year old Mess; $25 for old Prime Mess, $26 50 for new do.; and $20 50@$20 75 for new Prime, ₱ bbl. Sales were also made of 4,250 bbls. New Mess, March, April and May delivery, sellers' and buyers' options, at $28 25@$28 62½ ₱ bbl. Cut Meats are in less demand at 11½c.@12½c. for Shoulders, and 17c.@18½c. for Hams; sales 640 pkgs. Bacon is in limited request, including Cumberland Cut at 15½c.@15⅝c.; Short Rib at 16¼c.@16½c.; Long Ribbed, 15¼c.@15½c.; Long Clear at 15½c.@15¾c.; Short Clear at 16c.@17c.; Long Cut Hams at 16¼c.@17¼c. ₱ lb.; sales 250 boxes. Dressed Hogs continue quiet at 12½c.@13c. for Western, and 13½c.@14c. for City, ₱ lb. Lard is heavy and cheaper; sales 900 tcs. and bbls. at 16¾c.@19½c., the latter for very choice, and 500 bbls. for April delivery, sellers' option, at 19¼c. ₱ lb. Beef is in moderate request at $16@$20 for New Plain Mess, and $20@$24 for New Extra do.; sales have been reported of 600 bbls. Tierce Beef is more active; 600 tcs. India Mess sold on private terms. Beef Hams are heavy and quoted down to $40@$41. ₱ bbl.; sales 225 bbls. Butter continues in active demand at 38c.@53c. for poor to prime, 55c.@60c. for fancy State, and 25c.@42c. for Western, ₱ lb. Cheese is in request and steady at 16c.@23c. ₱ lb.

Stock in the Packing Yards of New-York and Brooklyn.

PORK.

	March 1, 1866.	Feb. 1, 1866.	March 1, 1865.
Clear	50	100	1
Mess	56,274	33,812	59,494
Thin Mess	262	147	682
Prime Mess	4,797	8,567	35,830
Flank	6	3	10
Prime	5,280	3,227	4,501
Rumps	139	169	139
Refuse Mess	159	160	261
Refuse Prime Mess	76	46	1,071
Refuse Prime	353	332	66
Other Refuse	542	249	773
Uninspected	32,610	19,919	25,396
Grand total, bbls	100,548	66,031	128,234

BEEF.

	March 1, 1866.	Feb. 1, 1866.	March 1, 1865.
Repacked Mess	9,241	9,844	6,357
Repacked Chicago Mess	9,099	9,595	13,208
Railroad Beef	25		588
Refuse Mess	72	117	861
Other Refuse		131	579
Tierces Prime Mess	449	1,834	2,080
Country Mess	2,290	3,127	9,858
Country Prime			175
Uninspected, tcs	2,292	3,603	10,113
Uninspected, bbls	5,091	2,245	62,875
Grand total tcs. and bbls	29,189	30,896	106,511

SUGARS—Are in moderate demand at uniform rates. Sales since our last 840 hhds., including Cuba, &c., at from 10½c.@13¾c., and 950 boxes Havana, part at 12c.@14c. ₱ lb. We quote Fair to Good Grocer's at 11½c.@12c.; refining at 10¾c.@11½c. ₱ lb. Refining Sugars are in demand at 14½c.@17c. ₱ lb. Stock of Raw Sugars 30,787 hhds., 104,305 bags and 35,643 boxes.

STEARINE—Sales since our last 56,000 lbs. at 18c.@18½c. ₱ lb.

TALLOW—Sales to-day 175,000 lbs. at 12c.@12½c., and 37,000 lbs. Grease at 12c.@13½c. ₱ lb.

TEAS—Are quiet at former rates.

TOBACCO—Is inactive but steady. Sales 112 hhds. Kentucky at 12½c.@22c., and 46 bales Havana on private terms.

Domestic Tobacco Trade of the New-York Inspection Warehouse in February:

	Ky.	Va. & N. C.	Ohio.	Md.	Total.
Stock Feb. 1, 1866, hhds	20,755	1,323	17	18	22,113
Received since	1,198	56	..	..	1,254
Total	21,956	1,379	17	18	23,367
Delivered since	2,455	280	..	..	2,735
Stock on hand Mar. 1, 1866	19,498	1,099	17	18	20,632
Stock on hand Mar. 1, 1865	17,932	..	11	18	17,961
Brooklyn Inspection—Stock Jan. 31					9,027
Received to Feb. 28					53
Total					9,080
Delivered to Feb. 28					7,821
Stock in the Brooklyn Inspection Warehouse, Feb. 28, 1866					1,259
Stock in the Brooklyn Inspection Warehouse, March 1, 1865					9,073

Spanish Tobacco Trade of New-York in February.

	Havana.	Yara.
Stock Feb. 1, 1866, bales	7,100	481
Received since	3,874	
Total	10,974	481
Delivered since, bales	3,494	92
Stock March 1, 1866, bales	7,480	389

WHISKY—Sales 100 bbls. at $2 28@$2 30 ₱ gallon.

FREIGHTS—For Liverpool the engagements included 1,800 bales Cotton, at 5-16d., by sailing vessel, and 7-16d., by steamer, ₱ lb; 400 boxes Bacon, at 20s., and 40 casks Extract of Logwood, at 20s. ₱ ton; also, a ship, with timber, on private terms. For London—50 tons measurement Goods, at 12s. 6d. ₱ ton.

Markets by Telegraph.

PHILADELPHIA, Friday, March 2.

PETROLEUM quiet; sales of Crude at 28½c.; Refined, in bond, 43½c.@44c., do. for May delivery 47c.; Refined, free, 63c.@65c. FLOUR firm; sales of Superfine at $6 50; Extra $7@$7 75. Sales of Prime WHEAT at $2 10@$2 25. CORN firm; sales 12,000 bushels Yellow at 74c. afloat, and 72c. in store. OATS firmer; sales at 48c.@49c. COFFEE dull. WHISKY dull; sales at $2 30.

FAMILY MARKET PRICE CURRENT.

WASHINGTON MARKET, Friday, March 2, 1866.

MEATS.

Dealers report a very dull trade this week, though prices, in most instances, have favored buyers. Nothwithstanding the rise in the wholesale market early in the week, as noticed in our Live Stock reports, the tendency in retail transactions has been toward lower rates, especially in the instance of beef. The supplies of fresh meats are moderate, but are rather in excess of the wants of consumers. There is no lamb, properly speaking, in market. Yearling mutton, dressed as lamb, makes a fair show on the stalls; and being so dressed, it brings from 2c.@3c. ₱ lb more than it would command if sold simply as mutton. Really good mutton could be bought in the lower market to-day at 10c.@11c. by the carcase, 13c@14c. by the hind quarter, and 11c.@12c. by the fore quarter ₱ lb. Our highest figures in the annexed table represent the current rates for strictly prime to extra meat, which is sold mainly in the upper market.

Beef, hind-quarter, ₱ lb	12 @ 18
Beef, fore-quarter, ₱ lb	10 @ 13
Beef, roasting pieces, ₱ lb	20 @ 25
Beef, chuck-roast, ₱ lb	16 @ 20
Beef, round, ₱ lb	16 @ 20
Beef, rumps, ₱ lb	16 @ 22
Beef, porter-house steak, ₱ lb	15 @ 20
Beef, sirloin steak, ₱ lb	25 @ 30
Beef, coarse cuts, ₱ lb	22 @ 28
Beef, corned, ₱ lb	12 @ 18
Beef, smoked, ₱ lb	12 @ 22
Beef tongues, each	25 @ 40
Mutton, by the carcase, ₱ lb	1 00 @ 1 40
Mutton, hind-quarters, ₱ lb	8 @ 11
Mutton, fore-quarters, ₱ lb	12 @ 16
Mutton, chops, ₱ lb	9 @ 14
Pigs, roasting, each	15 @ 20
Pork, by the carcase, ₱ lb	2 50 @ 4 50
Pork, joints, ₱ lb	13 @ 15
Pork steaks, ₱ lb	16 @ 20
Pork, corned, ₱ lb	18 @ 22
Bacon, ₱ lb	16 @ 22
Hams, ₱ lb	22 @ 25
Shoulders, ₱ lb	23 @ 25
Veal, hind-quarters, ₱ lb	16 @ 20
Veal, fore-quarters, ₱ lb	12 @ 22
Veal cutlets, ₱ lb	8 @ 15
Veal, fillets, ₱ lb	25 @ 35
Sausages, country made, ₱ lb	25 @ 40
Head Cheese, ₱ lb	20 @ 25
Lard, ₱ lb	16 @ 18
Suet, ₱ lb	14 @ 20
Tripe, ₱ lb	8 @ 12

POULTRY AND GAME.

Domestic Poultry is in fair supply and very moderate request, without any remarkable changes in value. Wild Duck and Prairie Chickens are more abundant and lower in price. We noticed sales to-day of some very fine Canvass-back Ducks at $3, and good to prime Prairie Chicken at 75c.@$1 ₱ pair. Some of the latter were exposed for sale on the sidewalks as low as 35c.@45c. ₱ pair; but the flesh was as "black as a hat," and by no means a tempting sight to the "naked eye." Good Turkeys were obtainable to-day at 25c.@26c., and "fine fat Toms" at 26c.@28c. ₱ lb.; but, with roasting pieces of Beef at 16c.@25c., and quarters of Mutton at 9c.@16c. ₱ lb., the bulk of consumers did not seem to pay much attention to even "the best of the birds."

Chickens, ₱ lb	23 @ 30
Ducks, ₱ lb	30 @ 35
Ducks, mallard, ₱ pair	87½ @ 1 50
Ducks, canvas-back, ₱ pair	2 50 @ 3 50
Ducks, red-head, ₱ pair	1 25 @ [illegible]
Fowl, ₱ lb	25 @ 30
Geese, ₱ lb	18 @ 25
Guinea Hens, ₱ pair	50 @ 1 00
Pigeons, squab, ₱ pair	75 @ 1 00
Prairie Chickens, ₱ pair	50 @ 1 00
Turkeys, ₱ lb	25 @ 30
Hares, ₱ pair	62½ @ 1 00
Rabbits, ₱ pair	62½ @ 1 00

FISH.

There is a greater variety on the stands to-day, and a more liberal supply generally. Some of the finest Bass we have seen this season were on sale this morning. Very good Shad were also offering at a considerable reduction from last week's prices. Trout are coming more freely, now that they can be legally exposed for sale. Eels are in fair stock, but quoted high. They are very largely run upon by consumers. Some splendid Cod and Haddock were available during the forenoon at a reasonable rate. The Fish trade has been quite animated this week. This morning nearly all the dealers seemed very busy in meeting the wants of their customers. They were the only people in the market who did not complain of dull times.

Bass, ₱ lb	$ 22 @ 30
Brook Trout, ₱ lb	35 @ 1 00
Carp, ₱ lb	— @ 20
Clams, soft, ₱ 100	35 @ 1 00
Clams, hard, ₱ 100	50 @ 1 00
Cod, ₱ lb	10 @ 15
Cod, Roe, ₱ lb	6 @ 10
Cod, dried, ₱ lb	11 @ 12
Crabs, ₱ dozen	35 @ 38
Eels, ₱ lb	20 @ 25
Flounders, ₱ lb	10 @ 12
Frostfish, ₱ lb	10 @ 12
Haddock, ₱ lb	8 @ 10
Haddock, Roe, ₱ lb	8 @ 10
Haddock, Finnan	12 @ 16
Halibut, ₱ lb	22 @ 25
Halibut, smoked, ₱ lb	18 @ 22
Herrings, ₱ lb	8 @ 10
Herrings, smoked, ₱ bunch	12 @ 15
Lobsters, ₱ lb	9 @ 12
Mackerel, salt, each	10 @ 16
Mackerel, smoked, ₱ lb	15 @ 18
Oysters, ₱ 100	75 @ 2 75
Oysters, pickled, ₱ 100	2 00 @ 2 50
Perch, ₱ lb	12 @ 15
Pickerel, ₱ lb	22 @ 25
Pike, ₱ lb	18 @ 20
Salmon, smoked, ₱ lb	25 @ 35
Salmon Trout, ₱ lb	20 @ 25
Scollops, ₱ quart	30 @ 35
Shad, each	65 @ 1 25
Shad, smoked, ₱ lb	18 @ 20
Smelts, ₱ lb	20 @ 25
Sunfish, ₱ lb	12 @ 15
Suckers, ₱ lb	9 @ 12
Sounds and Tongues, ₱ lb	12 @ 18
Turbot, ₱ lb	20 @ 25
Whitefish, ₱ lb	— @ 30
Whitefish, smoked, ₱ lb	18 @ 20

VEGETABLES.

Potatoes are cheaper and in better supply. Onions are plenty and declining. There are more liberal offerings in market of Carrots, Parsnips, Turnips, Parsley, Leeks, Oyster Plant. The week's business is represented as having been quite limited.

Beans, dry ₱ quart	$ 12 @$ —
Beets, per dozen	25 @ 40
Cabbage, ₱ head	10 @ 20
Cabbage, red, ₱ head	10 @ 25
Carrots, ₱ dozen	20 @ 30
Celery, ₱ bunch	12 @ 20
Garlic, ₱ bunch	12 @ 15
Horse Radish, ₱ lb	10 @ 15
Kohlrabe, ₱ bunch	12 @ 15
Lettuce, ₱ head	10 @ —
Leeks, ₱ bunch	12 @ 15
Mint, ₱ bunch	6 @ 10
Onions, ₱ peck	50 @ 1 00
Onions, ₱ quart	8 @ 12
Oyster Plant, each	10 @ 12
Parsnips, ₱ dozen	20 @ 30
Parsley, ₱ bunch	8 @ 10
Peppers, ₱ bunch	8 @ 8
Peas, split, ₱ quart	10 @ 12
Potatoes, ₱ bbl	2 50 @ 3 25
Potatoes, ₱ peck	35 @ 45
Potatoes, sweet, ₱ peck	1 10 @ 1 25
Radishes, ₱ bunch	5 @ 10
Sage and Thyme, ₱ bunch	2 @ 4
Spinach, ₱ half peck	25 @ 37
Squash, Boston, each	25 @ 60
Squash, Boston, ₱ lb	8 @ —
Turnips, ₱ peck	25 @ 45
Water Cresses, ₱ quart	18 @ 25

FRUIT.

Business in this line has been very dull, though there have been no remarkable fluctuations in prices.

Apples, ₱ bbl	$6 00 @$7 50
Apples, ₱ peck	75 @ 1 12½
Apples, Dried, ₱ lb	15 @ 20
Chestnuts, ₱ quart	25 @ 30
Citron, ₱ lb	45 @ 50
Cocoa Nuts, each	12 @ 15
Cranberries, ₱ quart	12 @ 20
Currants, ₱ lb	18 @ 20
Dates, ₱ lb	20 @ 30
Figs, ₱ lb	25 @ 30
Filberts, ₱ lb	25 @ 30
Fruit, Canned, ₱ can	30 @ 30
Ginger, ₱ lb	50 @ 62½
Grapes, ₱ lb	20 @ 1 00
Hazel Nuts, ₱ lb	12 @ 25
Hickory Nuts, ₱ quart	12 @ 15
Lemons, ₱ doz	15 @ 40
Oranges, ₱ doz	15 @ 40
Peaches, Dried, ₱ lb	30 @ 40
Peanuts, ₱ quart	20 @ 20
Prunes, ₱ lb	12 @ 50
Raisins, ₱ lb	25 @ 28
Walnuts, ₱ quart	18 @ 20

BUTTER, CHEESE, EGGS AND HONEY.

Owing in part to the recent extraordinary rise in prices, Butter is selling very slowly at retail, though reported quite brisk at wholesale. Selections of river county Butter, for which the grocers are charging in various parts of this City and Brooklyn 65c.@70c. ₱ lb., are obtainable in the market to-day at 55c.@58c., and very good table butter is offered at 48c.@53c. ₱ lb.—just as good as is used by nine out of every ten families. The retail dealers have no faith in the recent advance, and plainly tell their customers that they don't believe that it can be maintained for any great length of time. The rise has already lessened local consumption very seriously. Cheese is quiet at former prices. Eggs are somewhat cheaper.

Butter, table, ₱ lb	$ 45 @$ 58
Butter, cooking, ₱ lb	28 @ 45
Butter, roll, ₱ lb	36 @ 40
Cheese, ₱ lb	18 @ 25
Eggs, ₱ dozen	46 @ 50
Honey, ₱ lb	35 @ 40

SUNDRIES.

Coal, ₱ ton of 2,000 lbs	$8 50 @$10 00
Coffee, Green, ₱ lb	30 @ 45
Coffee, Roast, in bean, ₱ lb	35 @ 50
Coffee, Roast and Ground, ₱ lb	35 @ 52
Coffee, rye, chickroy, &c., ₱ lb	10 @ 25
Flour, Extra Family ₱ bbl	11 00 @15 00
Flour, Family, ₱ 24 lb. bags	1 25 @ 1 75
Meal, Corn, ₱ 25 lb. bags	65 @ 70
Meal, Oat, ₱ 25 lb. bags	1 00 @ 1 25
Molasses, ₱ gallon	75 @ 1 25
Rice, ₱ lb	12 @ 16
Soap, by the box, ₱ lb	11 @ 15
Sugar, Brown, ₱ lb	11½ @ 14½
Sugar, Soft White, ₱ lb	16⅔ @ 17
Sugar, Hard, ₱ lb	17½ @ 18
Syrup, ₱ gallon	1 15 @ 1 35
Teas, English Breakfast, ₱ lb	90 @ 1 20
Teas, Green, ₱ lb	1 00 @ 1 80
Teas, Mixed, ₱ lb	85 @ 1 25

TEMPERANCE DEMONSTRATION.—The first of a series of public temperance meetings, under the auspices of Mosaic Temple of Honor No. 1, will take place on Monday evening, March 5, at 7½ o'clock, in the Seventh-street M. E. Church, between Second and Third avenues. Hon. SAMUEL BOOTH, Mayor of the City of Brooklyn, Rev. JAMES DUNN and Rev. S. C. KEELER will address the meeting.

LAW REPORTS.

United States Supreme Court—THURSDAY March 1, 1866.

No. 127—Maria Teodora Peralta, appellant, vs. the United States.

This cause was argued by Mr. Black for the appellant, and by Mr. Lanin and Mr. Wills for the United States.

No. 128—Lincoln Clark, plaintiff, vs. John P. Kerr. In error to the Circuit Court United States for the Northern District of Illinois.

The matters in controversy in this cause having been agreed and settled between the parties, it was, on motion of Mr. Trumbull, counsel for the plaintiff, dismissed with costs.

No. 137—Herman Norton Strong, appellant, vs. certain quantity of wheat, late the cargo of the schooner *Convey*, &c.

This cause was submitted to the consideration of the Court on the record and printed arguments by Mr. Hibbard, for the appellant, and by Mr. Ganson for the appellees.

No. 139—The United States, appellants, vs. Vicente P. Gomez.

The argument of this cause was commenced by Mr. Black for the United States.

Adjourned until to-morrow at 10 o'clock.

UNITED STATES SUPREME COURT.

The Specific Duty on Sparkling Wines Under the Act of 1864—Construction of that Act in Connection with the Act of 1863, Prescribing a Penalty for Undervaluation—Condemnation will Follow Undervaluation, Although the Specific Tax be Paid in Full—The Law Requires Good Faith and Fair Dealing.

The United States, Plaintiff in Error, vs. One Hundred and Twenty-five Baskets of Champagne, D. J. Bolinger, Claimant.—In this case evidence was given on the trial tending to show that the wines were knowingly invoiced by their manufacturers below the market value, and that they were also knowingly entered at the customs on an invoice which did not state the actual value. The Court ruled, however, that under the act of 1864, imposing a specific tax, the undervaluation did not effect the amount or rate of duties chargeable on the wines; that if they had been invoiced and entered at their actual market value, they would still have been subject to a specific duty of $6 per dozen, and therefore they were not forfeited by reason of their having been knowingly entered on a false invoice. Appeal was taken from the judgment entered under this ruling to the Circuit Court, where an affirmance was had. The case was then brought here, and the judgment was now reversed. Mr. Justice Nelson delivered the opinion of the Court as follows:

This is a writ of error to the Circuit Court of the United States for the Northern District of California.

The libel of information was filed against 125 cases of champagne wines seized for under valuation, imported from France to the port of San Francisco, and entered at the customs the 15th of November, 1864.

The first section of the act of March 3, 1863, provides, that "if any such owner, consignee, or agent of any goods, wares, or merchandise, shall knowingly make, or attempt to make an entry thereof by means" "of any invoice which shall not contain a true statement of all the particulars herein before required, or, by means of any other false or fraudulent document, or paper, or any other false or fraudulent practice, or appliance whatsoever, said goods, &c., or their value, shall be forfeited, and disposed of as other forfeitures for violation of the Revenue Laws."

The goods in question were imported under the Tariff Act of June 30, 1864, which provides as follows: "On wines of all kinds, valued at not over 50 cents per gallon, 20 cents per gallon, and 25 per centum *ad valorem*; valued at over 50 cents, and not over $1 per gallon, 50 cents per gallon, and 25 per centum *ad valorem*; valued at over $1 per gallon, $1 per gallon, and 25 per centum *ad valorem*, provided that no champagne or sparkling wines, in bottles, shall pay a less rate of duty than $6 per dozen bottles, each bottle containing not more than one quart, and more than one pint, or $6 per two dozen bottles, each bottle containing not more than one pint."

It will be perceived, that the duty thus imposed, is both specific and *ad valorem*, and, according to the proviso as it respects champaign, or sparkling wines, in bottles, of a given quantity in each, not less than $6 per dozen, or $6 per two dozen, as may be the quantity, shall be imposed as the duty. The effect of the provision is, that, if the specific duty upon the gallon, and the *ad valorem* duty on the appraised value, in the aggregate, as it respects the article of champaign, or sparkling wines, as the case may be, in bottles, exceed the sum of $6 per dozen, or two dozen, the rate thus estimated will be the duty imposed; but if the rate falls under the sum of $6, then by virtue of the proviso, not less than that sum shall be exacted.

It will be observed that, in order to carry into effect this act, an appraisal at the customs, in the case of the specific duty on the gallon, is as essential as the appraisal in the case of an *ad valorem* duty. For the specific duty is apportioned according to the value of the article—wines valued at not over fifty cents per gallon, pay twenty cents per gallon; valued at over fifty and not over one dollar per gallon, fifty cents specific duty, and so on.

Now, evidence was given on the trial tending to prove that the wines in question were knowingly in-voiced by their manufacturers at prices below the actual market value, at the time and place where the same were produced or manufactured; and further, that he knowingly entered them at the customs on an invoice that did not state the actual value. Also, that the actual market value was forty-eight francs per case of twelve bottles, each bottle containing one quart; and thereupon the District Court charged the Jury that under the act of June 30, 1864, the undervaluation did not affect the amount or rate of duties chargeable on the wines; that if they had been invoiced and entered at their true and actual market value, they would still have been subject to a specific duty of six dollars per dozen bottles of one quart each, and, therefore, the wines were not forfeited by reason of their having been knowingly entered on a false invoice.

In other words, as the specific and *ad valorem* duty, in the estimate, if properly appraised and estimated as appraised on the trial, was under six dollars per dozen, no higher duties would have been charged by the Government than that sum, and which was paid on the entry to the Collectors.

The principle involved in the ruling is, no matter how much fraud and imposition may have been practiced upon the officers of the customs, or, however false may have been the invoice, or other papers of the shipment, and oath of the importer and agent upon which the entry of the goods is made, if it turns out in the result, that the value of duty required by law has been paid, no penalty attaches.

We cannot agree to this construction of the act of 1863 which prescribes this penalty, nor of the act of 1864 imposing the duty. The penalty of forfeiture is annexed to the act of making an entry knowingly by means of false invoices, or false certificate of the consul, or of any other invoice which contains an undervaluation, or by means of any other false or fraudulent documents or papers. No doubt one of the objects of the provision is to secure to the Government the duties imposed by the statute, but another is, to protect the officers against imposition and fraud by the importer or agent, and to inculcate and enforce good faith and honest dealing with those officers while engaged in the execution of their duties.

Beside, under this provision of the act of 1864, the result which is assumed in the instruction to the jury, as the only material fact in disposing of the case, is one to be ascertained by the officers of the customs, and this, after the entry of the goods upon the invoice duly verified, an appraisal and estimate of the amount of the duties. This is the way prescribed by the law to determine whether or not the duties in the aggregate fall under the rate of six dollars per dozen bottles. The reason, therefore, for integrity in all the documents and papers of shipment, and fair dealing on the part of the importers or their agent, is as applicable to the present case as to any other importation and entry.

We think the Court below erred, and that the judgment should be reversed.

The Collection of Duties—The Decision of the Collector Not Final—Liability for Additional Duties is Not Removed by a Delivery of the Goods to the Importer—A Case of want of Knowledge as to the Law.

The United States vs. The Sun Cheong Kee.—This was a proceeding to collect a balance of duties alleged to be due the Government upon a certain invoice of goods imported by the defendant. The complaint in the case alleged that the defendant, on or about the 12th August, 1862, imported from Hong Kong into the collection district of California a cargo of vegetables, fire-crackers, rice, &c., which at the time were subject to a duty of fourteen hundred and fifty-two dollars and fifty-five cents, in gold coin of the United States; but that only two hundred and eleven dollars and seventy cents were paid, although the whole of the former sum was demanded.

The answer averred that the Collector of the port decided the goods were subject to a duty only in the sum paid, and received the sum in full for the duties, and passed the goods; that subsequently a copy of the Act of Congress of July 14, 1862, imposing additional duties on said goods, reached the State of California, (no knowledge of said act having reached there prior to the levy and payment of the duties,) but not until after defendant had disposed of the goods at prices graduated in accordance with the duties paid; and that if the additional duty is now collected, the defendant will suffer a loss of the difference.

The action was tried in 1864, and resulted in judgment for the Government for the amount claimed, "payable in gold coin of the United States, for duties." The defendant appealed to this court, insisting that the decision of the Collector was final as to the liability to duty or exemption therefrom, and that if the Collector erred in his duties, and thereby causes a loss to the Government, he is responsible therefor, and the amount must be collected from him. Also that the Court erred in rendering judgment for the United States, "payable in gold coin of the United States for duties."

It was argued that duties are not, in terms, payable in such coin of the country; that the action, after the goods were delivered to the importer, was in the nature of a debt, if there were still any liability at all, and that the liability would have been discharged by a payment in current money; that judgment cannot be made payable in any particular coin, and that the judgment is a merger of the original demand, and the insertion of the words "for duties" is error.

The law as it now stands calls for fees and duties in "money of the United States," and the fact that there may be a certain currency which is not a legal tender for duties is rather an argument that such currency is not money. It does not operate to repeal the statutes making the provision cited. But even if it were true that duties are payable in coin, they are not payable in gold coin exclusively. Silver is a legal tender to a certain amount; and it would be physically impossible to pay the whole amount in gold coin exclusively, there being no such coin of the denomination of ten cents. But the judgment is based upon an entire misconception of the nature of the liabilities of importers for duties. This was not a suit in equity to compel a specific performance of an obligation. It was not a mandamus; and it cannot be pretended for a moment that the Federal Courts have any power to compel the specific performance by a private individual of any duty or obligation, except in cases of equity jurisdiction.

The Government has lost its lien upon the goods, and there is a mere debt due by the importer for the amount of the duties; and such a debt may be discharged by payment in any lawful moneys of the United States.

The Government responds that the Collector does not fix the rate of duty; that is established by law: nor is the Collector legally bound to know the law more than the importer; but, in any case, no such question is presented by the bill of exceptions.

The law expressly provides that all duties shall be paid in gold or silver. Whether duties are paid before or after the delivery of the merchandise, therefore, the Collector cannot receive anything but gold and silver. If a tender of paper money would not be a valid defence for the same reason that the Collector could not receive it, *à fortiori* the same kind of paper money would be equally ineffectual to satisfy the debt after it had ripened into judgment; and if a debt owing for duties can only be satisfied by payment of gold and silver, surely it is not error for the Court to render judgments in terms payable in the only kind of money that will satisfy the debt.

But if the debt may be satisfied in any lawful money of the United States, the language used in the finding and judgment can do no harm. As a legal tender note for $20 is the exact equivalent for $20 in gold, the defendant can satisfy the judgment by paying in the equivalent currency. The Court now affirmed the judgment of the Court below, holding that liability for the additional duty having accrued before the goods were offered at the port, it still existed.

John W. Dwinnelle and E. L. Goold for appellant; James Speed, Attorney-General, and Delos Lake, Esq., for Government.

CITY GOVERNMENT.

[OFFICIAL.]

BOARD OF COUNCILMEN.

STATED SESSION.

THURSDAY, March 1, 1866—2 o'clock P. M.

The Board met pursuant to adjournment, in their Chamber, number sixteen City Hall.

Present—Councilmen Keenan, Long, Stacom, Flynn, Robinson, O'Brien, Kenney, Costello, Hartman, Brinkman, Koster, Watts, Keech, White, Mackay, Kellogg, Thomas, Halloran, Roberts, Pullman, Hettrick, Imlay—22.

In the absence of the President, Councilman Keenan moved that Councilman Keech take the Chair.

Which was carried.

The minutes of the meeting held February twenty-six, were read and approved.

PETITIONS.

By Councilman Kellogg—

Remonstrance of owners and residents in Fulton-street against the proposed widening of Ann-street.

Which was referred to the Committee on Streets.

By Councilman Keech—

Remonstrance of property-owners against the proposed opening of Ann-street.

Which was referred to the Committee on Streets.

By Councilman Thomas—

Petition of John Garvey to be compensated for damages to house by alteration of grade of Lexington-avenue.

Which was referred to the Committee on Finance.

RESOLUTIONS.

By Councilman Mackay—

Resolved, That a crosswalk be placed opposite the West Twenty-third-street Presbyterian Church, under the direction of the Croton Aqueduct Department.

Which was referred to the Committee on Streets.

By Councilman Keech—

Resignation of S. Newell as a Commissioner of Deeds.

Which was accepted.

In connection therewith, Councilman Keech presented the following resolution:

Resolved, That Hugh Masterson be and he is hereby appointed Commissioner of Deeds in and for the City and County of New-York, to fill vacancy caused by the resignation of S. Newell.

Which was referred to the Committee on Salaries and Offices.

By Councilman Halloran—

Resolved, That permission be and the same is hereby given to John S. Poole and William Cowan to flag sidewalk in front of their premises in Lawrence-street, to be done at their own expense, and under the direction of the Street Commissioner.

Councilman Keenan moved that said resolution be referred to the Committee on Roads.

Which was lost.

Councilman Halloran moved that said resolution be adopted.

Which was carried by the following vote, viz.:

Affirmative—Councilmen Long, Stacom, Flynn, Robinson, Kenney, Hartman, Brinkman, Koster, Watts, Keech, Mackay, Kellogg, Thomas, Halloran, Roberts, Pullman, Hettrick, Imlay—18.

Negative—Councilmen Keenan, O'Brien, Costello—3.

And the same was directed to be sent to the Board of Aldermen for concurrence.

By Councilman Kellogg—

Resolved, That M. L. Ranney be and he is hereby appointed a Commissioner of Deeds, to fill the vacancy caused by the expiration of his own term of office, which will occur on the twelfth of March, one thousand eight hundred and sixty-six.

Which was referred to the Committee on Salaries and Offices.

By Councilman Imlay—

Resolved, That Fifty-third-street, between Sixth and Seventh avenues, be paved with Belgian pavement, under the direction of the Croton Aqueduct Department.

Which was referred to the Committee on Belgian Pavement.

By Councilman Hartman—

Resolved, That Bernard Christman be and he is hereby reappointed a Commissioner of Deeds, his time of office having expired on the twenty-seventh day of February, one thousand eight hundred and sixty-six.

Which was referred to the Committee on Salaries and Offices.

By Councilman Keech—

Resolved, That discretionary power be allowed to the Mayor as regards charging the license fee for signs, under the ordinance granting such license, said discretionary power to be exercised according to the size and location of sign, providing no license for a sign be less than one dollar or more than ten dollars.

Which was adopted.

By Councilman Robinson—

Resolved, That section five of the ordinance to regulate permits for street-stands, show-cases, signs, hoistways and deliveries, be amended so as to read, "That every grantee of a privilege under this ordinance for a show-case and sign shall pay the sum of three dollars, and hoistway or goods delivery shall pay the sum of ten dollars, and grantees of all other privileges the sum of one dollar, toward the expense of executing this ordinance, to be accounted for among other fees of the Mayor's office.

Councilman Stacom moved that said resolution be laid on the table.

Which was carried.

By Councilman Keech—

Resolved, That the name of Charles S. Patterson, lately appointed Commissioner of Deeds, be altered to read Charles Godfriy Patterson, the former name being an error.

Which was adopted.

By Councilman Roberts—

Resolved, That One Hundred and Thirtieth-street be regulated, curbed and guttered, and sidewalks flagged four feet wide, between the Third and Fifth avenues, under the direction of the Street Commissioner.

Which was referred to the Committee on Roads.

By Councilman Hettrick—

Resolved, That the Street Commissioner be and he is hereby authorized and directed to flag the sidewalks in front of numbers forty-two and forty-four New-Chambers-street.

Which was referred to the Committee on Streets.

By Councilman O'Brien—

Resolved, That the Comptroller be and he is hereby authorized and directed to draw his warrant in favor of C. S. Grafula, for the sum of two hundred and eight dollars, for music furnished on the night of Washington's Birthday, February twenty-two, one thousand eight hundred and sixty-six, as per bills annexed.

Which was referred to the Special Committee on the Celebration of Washington's Birthday.

By Councilman Imlay—

Resolved, That the Street Commissioner is hereby authorized and directed to advertise for proposals for the building of a pier at the foot of Forty-sixth-street, North River.

Which was referred to the Committee on Wharves, Piers and Slips.

By Councilman Keenan—

Resolved, That permission be and the same is hereby given to the owner of premises number three hundred and forty-four Water-street, to connect his premises with a six-inch drain with the sewer in Roosevelt-street, under the direction of the Croton Aqueduct Department.

Which was adopted.

By Councilman ——

Resolved, That vacant lots on One Hundred and Twenty-first-street, between Second and Third avenues, be inclosed by a board fence immediately, and that the following ordinance therefor be adopted.

Which was laid over.

REPORTS.

Report of the Committee on Belgian Pavement, to pave Seventh-street, from Avenues C to D, with Belgian pavement.

Which was laid over.

Report of the Committee on Belgian Pavement, to pave Catharine-street with Belgian pavement.

Which was laid over.

Report of the Committee on Belgian pavement, to pave Eighth-street, from Avenue A to First-avenue, with Belgian pavement.

Which was laid over.

Report of the Committee on Belgian pavement, to pave Second-street, from the Bowery to Avenue D, with Belgian pavement.

Which was laid over.

Report of the Committee on National Affairs to pay the bills of John George Otto for music furnished to the Eleventh and Twelfth Regiments, on the occasion of parade of the above regiments, November twenty-four, one thousand eight hundred and sixty-five, and July four, one thousand eight hundred and sixty-five.

Which was laid over.

Report of the Committee on National Affairs, in favor of paying Frank McElroy, Treasurer of the Ninety-fifth Regiment, New-York State National Guard, for music furnished said regiment for parade July four, one thousand eight hundred and sixty-five.

Which was laid over.

Report of the Committee on National Affairs to furnish Sixty-ninth Regiment, New-York State National Guard, with a stand of colors.

Which was laid over.

Report of the Special Committee appointed by the Board of Councilmen to consider a resolution directing an improved system of heating the City Hall.

Which was laid over.

MOTIONS.

Councilman Watts moved that the Committee on Assessments be discharged from the further consideration of resolution of Board of Aldermen as follows:

Resolved, That the Comptroller be and he is hereby authorized and directed to draw his warrant in favor of John Houghtalin, Clerk of Arrears, for the sum of two hundred and six dollars and eighty-nine cents, to be applied by the said Clerk of Arrears to the redemption of lot, map number ten, ward number three thousand two hundred and ninety-eight, located on the north side of Thirty-second-street, between Tenth and Eleventh avenues, assessed to Nicholas Daw, sold at Corporation sale on the nineteenth day of November, one thousand eight hundred and sixty-four, for an assessment for filling lots in block bounded by Thirty-second and Thirty-third streets and Tenth and Eleventh avenues, this said assessment having been remitted by the Common Council, September eighteen, one thousand eight hundred and fifty-seven, the said warrant to be charged to the account of Donations.

Which was carried.

And the paper was laid over.

COMMUNICATIONS.

A communication was received from the Market Commissioners, transmitting papers relative to the enactment of an ordinance creating certain market stock.

Which was ordered on file.

BILLS.

By Councilman Pullman—

Bill of Schindler's Band for music furnished Eighty-fourth Regiment on fourth of July, one thousand eight hundred and sixty-five.

Which was referred to the Committee on National Affairs.

Bill of Third Regiment New-York Cavalry, for music for parade of twenty-second of February.

Which was referred to the Committee on National Affairs.

SPECIAL ORDER.

The President announced the special order of the day, being the ordinance making the annual appropriations for the year one thousand eight hundred and sixty-six.

Councilman Pullman moved that the consideration of such paper be postponed until Monday.

Which was lost.

The President announced that the ordinance would be considered by sections, and that, unless objected to, the various items as read would be passed over.

On the following item—

BOARD OF HEALTH—For the compensation of the Resident Physician for his services as Agent of the Board of Health, and for expenses which may be incurred by said board, or by the Board of Commissioners of Health, beyond the amount provided for under other heads of account, two thousand dollars...... $2,000 00

Councilman Kellogg moved to amend said item by striking therefrom the sum of "two thousand dollars," and inserting in lieu thereof the sum of "four thousand dollars."

Which was carried.

And the item as amended was passed over.

On the following item—

CITY CONTINGENCIES—For the expenses of public celebrations, including Washington's Birthday and the Fourth of July; entertaining public guests; compiling and preparing for publication the yearly "Manual of the Corporation;" payment of rewards for the apprehension of fugitives from justice, and all other contingent expenses lawfully incurred by the Common Council, not specially provided for under other titles of account, one hundred thousand dollars......... $100,000 00

Councilman Pullman moved to amend said item by striking therefrom the sum of "one hundred thousand dollars," and inserting in lieu thereof the sum of "twenty thousand dollars."

Which was lost.

Councilman Halloran moved to amend said item by striking therefrom the sum of "one hundred thousand dollars," and inserting in lieu thereof the sum of "seventy-five thousand dollars."

Which was lost.

The item was then passed without amendment.

On the following item—

CONTINGENCIES—City Inspector's Department—For advertising, office expenses and all other expenses necessarily incurred in the enforcement of the Corporation ordinances relating to said department, not specified and provided for under other heads, forty thousand dollars........................ $40,000 00

Councilman Pullman moved that the whole of said item be stricken from the ordinance.

Which was lost by the following vote:

Affirmative—Councilmen Keech, White, Mackay, Thomas, Halloran, Roberts, Pullman, Hettrick—8.

Negative—Councilmen Keenan, Long, Stacom, Flynn, Robinson, O'Brien, Kenney, Costello, Hartman, Brinkman, Koster, Watts, Kellogg, Imlay—14.

Councilman Keenan moved that said item be amended by striking therefrom the sum of "forty thousand dollars" and inserting in lieu thereof the sum of "twenty thousand dollars."

Which was lost.

The item was then passed over without amendment.

On the following item—

DONATIONS—For payment of the stated annual contributions to various charitable institutions, and for occasional donations; damages on account of casualties, and annuities granted by the Corporation, five thousand dollars.................................. $5,000 00

Councilman Keenan moved to amend said item by striking therefrom the sum of "five thousand dollars," and inserting in lieu thereof the sum of "fifty thousand dollars."

Councilman Halloran moved as an amendment to the amendment to strike out the sum of "five thousand dollars," and insert in lieu thereof the sum of "thirty thousand dollars."

Which was lost.

The President then put the question on the motion of Councilman Keenan.

Which was carried.

Councilman Pullman moved that such vote be reconsidered.

Which was lost by the following vote:

Affirmative—Councilmen Watts, Keech, White, Mackay, Kellogg, Halloran, Roberts, Pullman, Hettrick, Imlay—10.

Negative—Councilmen Keenan, Long, Stacom, Flynn, Robinson, O'Brien, Kenney, Costello, Hartman, Brinkman, Koster, Thomas—12.

And the item was passed over as amended.

On the following item—

Fire Machines and Apparatus, arrears of—To FIRE MACHINES AND APPARATUS, ARREARS OF—To provide for the payment of liabilities under this head, incurred by the Chief Engineer prior to the Commissioners assuming control of the Metropolitan Fire Department, under the act, chapter two hundred and forty-nine, laws of one thousand eight hundred and sixty-five—forty-three thousand six hundred and twelve dollars and thirty cents. 43,612 30

Councilman Mackay moved to amend the ordinance by striking out the whole of said item.

Which was carried.

On the following item:

JUDGMENTS—For the payment of judgments legally recovered against the Corporation, the payment of the claims upon which such judgments are founded, not being provided for under other heads, seventy thousand dollars..................................... 70,000 00

Councilman Keenan moved to amend the ordinance by striking therefrom the whole of said item.

Which was lost.

And the item was passed over without amendment.

On the following item:

LANDS AND PLACES—For construction, repairs and maintenance of the railings, fences, seats, walks, gutters and drains; removing and replacing decayed trees and shrubbery; setting plants and flowers; mowing, raking, sweeping and keeping the public squares, parks and lands of the Corporation in good order, including all materials and labor, and incidental expenses connected therewith, twenty-five thousand dollars...... 25,000 00

Councilman Hartman moved to amend said item by striking therefrom the sum of "twenty-five thousand dollars," and inserting in lieu thereof the sum of "thirty thousand dollars."

Councilman Halloran moved as an amendment to the amendment to strike from the item the sum of "twenty-five thousand dollars," and insert in lieu thereof the sum of "fifteen thousand dollars."

Which was lost.

The President then put the question on the motion of Councilman Hartman.

Which was carried.

And the item as amended was passed over.

On the following item—

ROADS AND AVENUES—For general repairs and maintenance of the roads and avenues within the City limits, authorized and required to be done by the Street Department, twenty thousand dollars.................. $20,000 00

Councilman Halloran moved to amend said item by striking therefrom the sum of "twenty thousand dollars," and inserting in lieu thereof the sum of "fifty thousand dollars."

Which was lost by the following vote:

Affirmative—Councilmen Stacom, Flynn, Watts, Keech, Thomas, Halloran, Roberts, Hettrick, Imlay—8.

Negative—Councilmen Keenan, Long, Robinson, O'Brien, Kenney, Costello, Hartman, Brinkman, Koster, White, Mackay, Kellogg, Pullman—13.

Councilman Keenan moved to amend said item by striking therefrom the sum of twenty thousand dollars, and inserting in lieu thereof the sum of sixty thousand dollars.

Which was carried by the following vote:

Affirmative—Councilman Keenan, Long, Stacom, Robinson, O'Brien, Kenney, Costello, Hartman, Brinkman, Koster, Halloran, Roberts, Hettrick, Imlay—15.

Negative—Councilmen Flynn, Watts, Keech, White, Mackay, Kellogg, Thomas, Pullman—8.

And the item as amended was passed over.

On the following item—

SALARIES—CITY INSPECTORS DEPARTMENT—For salaries of the City Inspector, and of the Officers, Clerks, Messengers, and Inspectors attached to, or connected with, his office, and in each of the bureaus and offices in said Department, one hundred and forty-one thousand seven hundred and eighty-three dollars......................... 141,783 00

Councilman Halloran moved to amend said ordinance by striking therefrom the whole of said item.

Which was lost by the following vote:

Affirmative—Councilmen Keech, White, Mackay, Thomas, Halloran, Roberts and Pullman—7.

Negative—Councilmen Keenan, Long, Stacom, Flynn, Robinson, O'Brien, Kenney, Costello, Hartman, Brinkman, Koster, Watts, Kellogg, Hettrick, Imlay—15.

The item was then passed over without amendments.

On the following item—

WORKING EIGHTH-AVENUE FROM ONE HUNDRED AND FORTIETH TO ONE HUNDRED AND FIFTY-NINTH-STREET—for working as a country road Eighth-avenue, from One Hundred and Fortieth to One Hundred and Forty-ninth-street, five thousand dollars. 5,000 00

Councilman Mackay moved to amend the ordinance by striking therefrom the whole of said item.

Which was lost by the following vote:

Affirmative—Councilmen Watts, White, Mackay, Kellogg, Thomas, Halloran, Roberts, Pullman, Hettrick, Imlay—10.

Negative—Councilmen Keenan, Long, Stacom, Flynn, Robinson, O'Brien, Kenney, Costello, Hartman, Brinkman, Koster, Keech—12.

And the item was passed over without amendment.

On the following item:

DEFICIENCIES—For compiling and embellishing the Corporation Manual for one thousand eight hundred and sixty-five, as follows: To D. T. Valentine, compiler, $3,500; M. Dripps, maps, $2,400; Lawson & Barrett, engravings, $4,353 10; George Haywood, engravings, $3,185; Major, Knapp & Co., engravings, $5,150; J. Rogers, engravings, $733, nineteen thousand three hundred and twenty-one dollars and ten cents.......... $19,321 10

Councilman Mackay moved to amend the ordinance by striking therefrom the whole of said item.

Which was lost by the following vote:

Affirmative—Councilmen White, Mackay, Kellogg, Thomas, Roberts, Pullman, Hettrick—7.

Negative—Councilmen Keenan, Long, Stacom, Flynn, Robinson, O'Brien, Kenney, Costello, Hartman, Brinkman, Koster, Watts, Keech, Halloran, Imlay—15.

The item was then passed over without amendment.

On the following item—

WHARVES, PIERS AND SLIPS—For repairing, sheathing, fendering, replanking, rebuilding and dredging the wharves, piers, bulkheads and slips owned either in whole or in part by the Corporation, three hundred and fifty-three thousand dollars.......... $353,000 00

Councilman Kellogg moved to amend the ordinance by striking therefrom the whole of said item.

Which was lost.

Councilman Roberts moved to amend said item by striking therefrom the sum of "three hundred and fifty-three thousand," and inserting in lieu thereof the sum of "six hundred thousand dollars."

Which was lost by the following vote:

Affirmative—Councilmen Keenan, Long, Stacom, Robinson, O'Brien, Kenney, Costello, Hartman, Brinkman, Thomas, Roberts—11.

Negative—Councilmen Flynn, Koster, Watts, Keech, White, Mackay, Kellogg, Halloran, Pullman, Hettrick, Imlay—11.

The item was then passed over without amendment.

Councilman Thomas moved to amend the ordinance by inserting therein the following item:

PIER AND BULKHEAD AT FOOT OF FORTY-NINTH-STREET, EAST RIVER—For the building of an iron pier and bulkhead at the foot of Forty-ninth-street, East River, one hundred thousand dollars............ $100,000 00

Which was carried.

Councilman Thomas moved to further amend the ordinance by inserting therein the following item, viz:

HEATING THE CITY HALL—For the purpose of providing suitable heating apparatus for the City Hall, fifty thousand dollars..... $50,000 00

Which was carried.

On the following sections—

SEC. 2—The following sums of money are hereby appropriated to and for the following payments on the City Debt, becoming due and payable in 1866, to wit:

PUBLIC BUILDING STOCK No. 3—For the annual installment on the principal of said stock, as per Chapter 304 of the Laws of 1851, fifty thousand dollars.......... $50,000 00

PUBLIC EDUCATION STOCK OF 1873—For the annual installment on the principal of said stock, as per Act, Chapter 301 of the Laws of 1853, four thousand six hundred and fifty-seven dollars and thirty-six cents...... 4,657 36

PUBLIC STOCK FOR REBUILDING TOMPKINS MARKET—For the annual installment on the principal of said stock, as per Chapter 159 of the Laws of 1856, seventeen thousand dollars.......... 17,000 00

FLOATING DEBT FUND STOCK OF 1878—For the annual installment on the principal of said stock, as per Chapter 408, Laws of 1860, one hundred and thirty thousand seven hundred and sixty-three dollars and thirty-three cents.......... 130,763 33

SEC. 3. It shall not be lawful for any department or officer of the City Government, or other person or persons, to incur expenses for any purpose whatever, on account of the Corporation, or to be paid from the City Treasury, unless an appropriation therefor, sufficient to cover such expense, shall have been previously made by the Common Council, nor unless such expense shall have been expressly authorized by competent authority.

SEC. 4. The Comptroller is hereby authorized to borrow, from time to time, on the credit of the Corporation, in anticipation of its revenues, and not to exceed in amount such revenues, such sums of money as may be necessary to meet expenditures under the appropriations for the current year, (one thousand eight hundred and sixty-six,) and to issue Revenue Bonds, in the usual form, for the moneys so borrowed; also, to redeem and cancel the said bonds from time to time, at or before the maturity of the same, out of the moneys arising from the revenues aforesaid.

Councilman Kellogg moved to amend the ordinance by striking therefrom the whole of section two as above.

Which was carried.

He then moved to amend sections three and four by making the same sections two and three respectively.

Which was carried.

The President stated the question to be now upon the passage of the ordinance as amended.

Councilman Pullman moved that the further consideration of said ordinance be postponed until Monday next.

Which was lost.

The President put the question on the passage of the ordinance as amended.

Which was carried by the following vote:

Affirmative—Councilmen Keenan, Long, Stacom, Flynn, Robinson, O'Brien, Kenney, Costello, Hartman, Brinkman, Koster, Watts, Keech, Halloran, Hettrick, Imlay—16.

Negative—Councilmen White, Mackay, Kellogg, Thomas, Roberts, Pullman—6.

Councilman Pullman protested against the decision of the President that the ordinance was adopted, the same not having received eighteen votes.

The President decided that such protest be received and entered on the minutes.

MOTIONS.

Councilman Kellogg moved to suspend the rules for the purpose of taking up General Orders.

Which was carried.

GENERAL ORDERS.

Councilman Kellogg called up General Order number sixty-five, being resolution as follows:

Resolved, That the Comptroller be and he is hereby authorized and requested to make application to the Legislature, in behalf of the Corporation, for the passage of the usual enabling act authorizing the Board of Supervisors to raise by tax the several sums which are designated by the ordinance making the annual appropriations for the year one thousand eight hundred and sixty-six for City purposes, not already so authorized to be raised under existing laws, less the estimated amount of the revenues of the general fund for said year, to be deducted from the aggregate amount of said sums, according to law.

Which was adopted by the following vote:

Affirmative—Councilman Keenan, Long, Stacom, Flynn, Robinson, O'Brien, Kenney, Costello, Hartman, Brinkman, Koster, Watts, Keech, Kellogg, Thomas, Halloran, Hettrick, Imlay—18.

Negative—Councilmen White, Mackay, Roberts, Pullman—4.

MOTIONS RESUMED.

Councilman Hartman moved that the Board do now adjourn.

Which was lost by the following vote:

Affirmative—Councilmen Long, Robinson, Costello, Hartman, White, Kellogg, Thomas, Halloran, Pullman—9.

Negative—Councilmen Keenan, Stacom, Flynn, O'Brien, Kenney, Brinkman, Koster, Watts, Keech, Mackay, Roberts, Hettrick, Imlay—13.

Councilman Keenan moved to suspend the present order of business for the purpose of taking up papers from the Board of Aldermen.

Which was carried.

PAPERS FROM THE BOARD OF ALDERMEN.

Resolved, That the New-York and Harlem Railroad Company be and they are hereby required and directed to construct a new bridge across the Fourth-avenue at Seventy-first-street, said bridge to be built to the full width of the street, with the space on each side to the width of the sidewalk, protected by a hand-rail from the carriage-way over the said bridge, the work to commence immediately, and be prosecuted to completion without any unnecessary delay.

Which was referred to the Committee on Streets.

Resolved, That permission be and the same is hereby given to M. Magrath to place a bay window in front of his premises, number seventy-four Irving-place, the same to remain during the pleasure of the Common Council.

Which was concurred in.

Resolved, That two gaslights be placed in front of the Chapel of the Holy Trinity, in Eighty-fourth-street, between Third and Fourth avenues, under the direction of the Street Commissioner.

Which was concurred in.

Resolved, That the Comptroller be and he is hereby authorized and directed to draw his warrant in favor of Edward Van Ranst for the sum of one hundred and sixty dollars for furnishing coaches to the Common Councils of St. Louis and Chicago, the same to be charged to the account of City Contingencies.

Which was referred to the Committee on Finance.

Report of Committee on Finance, with resolution as follows:

Resolved, That the Street Commissioner be and he is hereby authorized and directed, on behalf of the Corporation of the City of New-York, to procure a new stand of regimental colors for the Ninth Regiment New-York State National Guard, to replace the colors now belonging to the said regiment, which have been worn out by the protracted services of this gallant regiment while serving in the army of the Union, and that the sum of eight hundred dollars be and the same is hereby appropriated therefor, the amount to be charged to the account of City Contingencies.

Which was referred to the Committee on National Affairs.

Report of Committee on Streets, with resolution as follows:

Resolved, That the curb and gutter stones be set and reset where necessary in Vestry-street, between Hudson and Greenwich streets, on a line to conform to the recent widening of a portion of said street, and that the sidewalks be flagged full width where not already done, under the direction of the Street Commissioner, and that the accompanying ordinance therefor be adopted.

Which was referred to the Committee on Streets.

Resolved, That the vacant lots on the south side of Thirty-seventh-street, between First and Second avenues, and adjoining the Church of Saint Gabriel on the west toward the Second-avenue, be fenced in, under the direction of the Street Commissioner, and that the accompanying ordinance therefor be adopted.

Which was referred to the Committee on Public Health.

Report of Committee on Streets, with resolution as follows:

Resolved, That Thirteenth-street, from University-place to First-avenue, be paved with Belgian pavement, under the direction of the Croton Aqueduct Board, and that the accompanying ordinance therefor be adopted.

Which was referred to the Committee on Belgian Pavement.

Resolved, That West Twenty-sixth-street, between Sixth and Ninth avenues, be paved with Belgian or trap-block pavement, under such directions as shall be given by the Croton Aqueduct Department, and that the accompanying ordinance therefor be adopted, one-half of the expense thereof to be borne by the property-owners, and the remaining half by the City.

Which was referred to the Committee on Belgian Pavement.

Resolved, That the vacant lots on the northerly side of Thirty-sixth-street, between First and Second avenues, and the Parochial School of Saint Gabriel's Church on the west, be fenced in, under the direction of the Street Commissioner, and the accompanying ordinance therefor be adopted.

Which was referred to the Committee on Roads.

Report of Committee on Finance, with resolution as follows:

Resolved, That the Comptroller be and he is hereby authorized and directed to draw a warrant in favor of Benjamin F. Winthrop, President of the Institution for the Instruction of the Deaf and Dumb, for the sum of three hundred and forty dollars, as a donation, and in order to enable the managers of the said institution to redeem from sale for unpaid taxes of one thousand eight hundred and fifty-six certain property belonging to the said institution, the amount to be charged by the Comptroller to the appropriation for Donations.

Which was referred to the Committee on Finance.

Resolved, That One Hundred and Forty-fifth (145) street, between Tenth (10) avenue and Hudson River, be regulated and graded under the direction of the Street Commissioner, and that the accompanying ordinance therefor be adopted.

Which was referred to the Committee on Roads.

Resignation of H. C. Sands as a Commissioner of Deeds, and resolution as follows:

Resolved, That Benjamin A. Moran be and he is hereby appointed a Commissioner of Deeds in place of C. H. Sands, resigned.

(By Board of Aldermen, February twenty-six, resignation accepted and resolution adopted.)

Resignation accepted and resolution referred to the Committee on Salaries and Offices.

Resolved, That the Street Commissioner be authorized and directed to renumber Thirty-first-street, east of the Second-avenue, to correspond with the numbers of said street, west of the Second-avenue.

Which was concurred in.

Resolved, That the actual opening of Ninetieth-street, from Fifth-avenue to the East River and from the Eighth-avenue to the Hudson River, date from the approval of the resolution by His Honor the Mayor.

Which was concurred in.

Resolved, That permission be and the same is hereby given to James Duning, John Riley, William Kehoe, to flag the sidewalks in front of their property on Lawrence-street, between One Hundred and Twenty-sixth-street and Broadway, the same to be done at their own expense, and under the direction of the Street Commissioner, the same to be completed one year from the date of this resolution.

Which was concurred in.

Report of the Committee on Wharves, Piers and Slips, with resolution as follows:

Resolved, That the Street Commissioner be and he is hereby directed to rebuild pier Fifty-five, East River, the expense thereof to be taken from the appropriation of Wharves, Piers and Slips.

Which was referred to the Committee on Wharves, Piers and Slips.

Report of the Committee on Streets, with resolution as follows:

Resolved, That Twelfth-street, from Broadway to the Fifth-avenue, be paved with Belgian pavement, one half of the expense thereof to be borne by the property owners and the remainder by the city, under the direction of the Croton Aqueduct Board, and that the accompanying ordinance therefor be adopted.

Which was referred to the Committee on Belgian Pavement.

Report of the Committee on Streets, with resolution as follows:

Resolved, That a cross-walk be laid across Second-avenue, at the intersection of Ninth-street, on a line with the sidewalk as extended, under the direction of the Croton Aqueduct Board, and that the accompanying ordinance therefor be adopted.

Which was referred to the Committee on Streets.

Report of the Committee on Wharves, Piers and Slips, with resolution as follows:

Resolved that the Street Commissioner be and he is hereby authorized and directed to advertise for proposals for putting in proper repair the piers foot of Twenty-eighth and Thirty-seventh streets, North River.

Which was referred to the Committee on Wharves, Piers and Slips.

Report of Committee on Roads, with resolution as follows:

Resolved, That the sidewalks in Forty-fifth-street, from Eleventh-avenue to Hudson River, be flagged full width to a point three hundred feet west of Eleventh-avenue, under the direction of the Street Commissioner, and that the accompanying ordinance therefor be adopted.

Which was referred to the Committee on Roads.

Report of Committee on Finance, with resolution as follows:

Resolved, That the Comptroller be and he is hereby authorized and directed to draw a warrant in favor of Mr. Edward Bayard, honorary member of the Women's Infirmary, at Washington Heights, for the sum of three thousand dollars, as a donation, to be applied to discharge the debts and in aid of the funds of the said Infirmary, the amount to be charged by the Comptroller to the account of Donations.

Which was referred to the Committee on Finance.

Resolved, That application be made to the Legislature for the passage of the annexed Act:

AN ACT

TO AMEND THE REVISED STATUTES IN RELATION TO REPORTS OF DEATHS TO THE PUBLIC ADMINISTRATOR.

The People of the State of New-York, represented in Senate and Assembly, do enact as follows:

Section forty-five of title six, part two, chapter six, article two of the Revised Statutes is hereby amended so as to read as follows:

SECTION 45. Every person keeping a hotel or boarding or lodging house in the City of New-York shall report in writing to the Public Administrator the name of every person not a member of his family, who shall die in his or her house, within twelve (12) hours after such death; and every Coroner within twelve (12) hours after an inquest shall report the name, if known, of the deceased person, and deliver over all effects taken possession of by them immediately. Every undertaker shall also report within twelve (12) hours after the burial by him of any deceased person having no next of kin known to him to be entitled to administer. Whoever shall neglect to comply with this provision shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor, and upon conviction thereof, shall be punishable by imprisonment in the Penitentiary for a period not exceeding six months nor less than one month, and a fine of two hundred and fifty dollars ($250)—one moiety of which shall be given to the informer, and the other moiety to be paid into the City Treasury.

The Health Officer of the City of New-York shall be subject to the same fine, to be sued for and recovered in the name of the Public Administrator, the one moiety of which to be paid to the informer, and the other moiety to the use of the Corporation of the City of New-York, for any omission or neglect to report to the Public Administrator, as required by section fourteen, chapter six, article one, part two, title six of the Revised Statutes.

Which was laid over.

Resolved, That application be made to the Legislature for an amendment of section forty of article one, chapter six of part two of the Revised Statutes, that the same shall read as follows:

SECTION 40. The Public Administrator shall publish the said statement by delivering a copy thereof to the County Clerk, to be deposited in his office, and another copy in the office of the Comptroller, open to public inspection upon payment of a fee in each case of fifty cents, to be paid into the City Treasury.

Which was laid over.

Report of Committee on Streets, with resolution as follows:

Resolved, That Second-avenue, from Houston-street to Fourteenth-street, be paved with Belgian pavement, under the direction of the Croton Aqueduct Board, and that the accompanying ordinance therefor be adopted.

Which was referred to the Committee on Belgian Pavement.

Resolved, That the pay of the cartmen employed in cleaning the public markets be and it is hereby increased to the sum of four dollars per day, to date from the passage of this resolution.

Which was referred to the Committee on Salaries and Offices.

Whereas, By an act of the Legislature of this State a contract was made with Messrs. Brown, Devoe & Knapp to clean the streets of this City, and notwithstanding such contract continues in full force and effect, constant complaints are being made of the filthy condition of the streets; and

Whereas, The city authorities are by many unjustly deemed responsible for such alleged violations of the said contract and are regarded by our citizens as being answerable to them for the evils resulting from such infraction of its provisions; be it therefore

Resolved, That the Comptroller be and he is hereby requested to furnish this Board at his earliest convenience with an exact copy of said contract as it at present exists, in order that the Common Council may become conversant with its provisions, and to enable it to take such action as may be deemed necessary or expedient to place the streets of this city in a cleanly condition.

Which was concurred in.

And the same was directed to be sent to His Honor the Mayor for approval.

Whereas, By a recent act of the Legislature of the State, an Executive Department, under this City Government, known as the City Inspector's, has been abolished; and

Whereas, Said act provides for a commission to take charge and control of all matters pertaining to the sanitary condition of said City, and it is believed that said City Inspector's Department had cognizance over City executive business not provided for in said act of the Legislature; therefore, be it

Resolved, That a Special Committee of three be appointed by the President of this Board, whose duty it shall be to examine into the provisions of the said act and the executive business performed by the present City Inspector's Department under existing ordinances, and report the result thereof, with their recommendations, to this Board, with the view that proper action may be taken thereon.

Which was referred to the Committee on Law Department.

Resolved, That the Street Commissioner be and he is hereby requested to report to this Board at his earliest convenience by what authority the rails of the Morrisania or Fordham Railroad Company are laid across the temporary Harlem Bridge, and by what authority the said Company use the streets on this side of the Harlem River; also, whether said Company pays any licence or fees to the City of New-York for the valuable privileges or franchises it enjoys.

Which was referred to the Committee on Railroads.

Report of Committee on Roads, with resolution as follows:

Resolved, That the Counsel to the Corporation be and he is hereby authorized and directed to take the necessary legal measures to have Seventy-third-street, from the Third to Fourth avenue, opened according to law.

Which was referred to the Committee on Roads.

MOTIONS AGAIN RESUMED.

Councilman Keenan moved to suspend the present order of business, for the purpose of taking up General Orders.

Which was carried.

GENERAL ORDERS RESUMED.

Resolved, That the salary of the Redemption Clerk, Bureau of Arrears, Department of Finance, be increased to one thousand eight hundred dollars, the same to take effect from the passage of this resolution.

Councilman Pullman moved to amend by striking out the sum of "one thousand eight hundred dollars," and inserting in lieu thereof the sum of "one thousand five hundred dollars."

Which was lost.

The resolution was then adopted by the following vote:

Affirmative—Councilmen Keenan, Long, Stacom, Flynn, Robinson, O'Brien, Kenney, Costello, Hartman, Brinkman, Koster, Watts, Keech, White, McKay, Kellogg, Thomas, Halloran, Roberts, Hettrick, Imlay—21.

Negative—Councilman Pullman—1.

Resolved, That the salary of the Stock Clerk in the Finance Department be and the same is hereby fixed at the rate of three thousand dollars per annum, the said increase to take effect from and after the passage of this resolution.

Councilman Pullman moved to amend by striking out the sum of "three thousand dollars," and inserting in lieu thereof the sum of two thousand dollars.

Which was lost.

The resolution was then adopted by the following vote:

Affirmative—Councilmen Keenan, Long, Stacom, Flynn, Robinson, O'Brien, Kennedy, Costello, Hartman, Brinkman, Koster, Watts, Keech, White, Mackay, Kellogg, Halloran, Hettrick, Imlay—19.

Negative—Councilmen Thomas, Roberts, Pullman—3.

MOTIONS AGAIN RESUMED.

Councilman Keenan moved that the Board do now adjourn.

Which was lost.

GENERAL ORDERS AGAIN RESUMED.

Report of Committee on Salaries and Offices, in favor of concurring with the Board of Aldermen in adopting resolution as follows:

Resolved, That the Comptroller be authorized to expend a sum not exceeding fifteen hundred dollars for clerk hire and other expenses attending the execution of the resolution relative to donations to the blind.

Which was adopted by the following vote:

Affirmative—Councilmen Keenan, Long, Stacom, Flynn, Robinson, O'Brien, Kenney, Hartman, Brinkman, Koster, Watts, White, Mackay, Kellogg, Thomas, Halloran, Roberts, Pullman, Hettrick, Imlay—20.

Negative—Councilman Keech—1.

MOTIONS AGAIN RESUMED.

Councilman Keenan moved that the Board do now adjourn.

Which was lost.

GENERAL ORDERS AGAIN RESUMED.

Report of Committee on National Affairs, in favor of concurring with the Board of Aldermen in adopting resolution as follows:

Resolved, That the Comptroller be and he is hereby authorized and directed to draw a warrant in favor of Thomas M. Reed, Colonel of the Second Regiment New-York State National Guard, for the sum of five thousand dollars, as a donation, in order to replace the furniture, &c., of the armory of the regiment, which had been used and disposed of by the City while the regiment was absent at the seat of war; the amount to be charged by the Comptroller to the account of Donations.

Councilman Keenan moved that the same be postponed.

Which was carried.

MOTIONS AGAIN RESUMED.

Councilman Mackay moved that the Board do now adjourn.

Which was carried.

Whereupon the President pro tem. declared that the Board stood adjourned to Monday, March five, at two o'clock P. M.

EDWIN M. HAGERTY, Clerk.

TO LET.

OFFICES TO LET.

WITH ALL THE MODERN IMPROVEMENTS, SPLENDID LIGHT AND VENTILATION, SUITABLE FOR

BANKS, BANKERS, BROKERS, MERCHANTS, LAWYERS, RAILWAY, INSURANCE AND OTHER COMPANIES,

In Buildings Nos. 38, 39, 40, 48, 57, 64, 66, 69, 71, 73, 78, and 80 BROADWAY.

Nos. 5, 7, 17, 19, 34, 36, 49 and 53 NEW-STREET,

ALL NEAR WALL-STREET.

Nos. 4, 6, 11, 17, 19, 21, 38 and 50 BROAD-ST.

Nos. 4 and 19 WALL-ST.,

And Nos. 55 and 57 EXCHANGE-PLACE.

APPLY AT THE OFFICE OF

EDWARD MATTHEWS,

No. 19 Broad-st., corner Exchange-place.

FOR RENT—ON BROOKLYN HEIGHTS, (west side of Columbia-st.,) a first-class furnished house, with carriage house and stable attached, situated in one of the best locations as to neighborhood and for convenience in the city; is within three minutes' walk of the Wall-st. ferry; commands a most magnificent and uninterrupted view of the Bay and Harbor. The house is but 3 years' old, and has all the modern improvements; contains 20 rooms, with billiard room and table in basement; is newly and elegantly furnished throughout, and is in complete order. The stable has accommodations for 6 horses, and as many (6) carriages. To an unexceptionable tenant the above premises will be let for one year from May next, at a rental of $5,500. For permits to examine apply to C. B. CAMP, No. 53 Broadway, N. Y.

TO LET—NEAR THE VILLAGE OF FISHKILL, N. Y., the large and commodious house recently occupied by Benjamin Aymer, Esq. Said house is furnished with gas and water; has fine grounds attached, with carriage-house, ice-house, barn and stabling; rent $750 per annum, or will be sold at a reasonable price.

Also to let, in the same village, a two-story double house, with eight rooms, at $225.

One-half of a new two-story house, with six rooms, at $175; both pleasantly situated. Apply to THEODORE R. WETMORE, No. 31 Pine-st., Room No. 8.

TO LET OR TO LEASE ON BERGEN HEIGHTS—Thirty minutes from the City, a very convenient dwelling house, comprising six good-sized rooms, with a first-rate cellar, four attic rooms; barn, coach-house, stable, fowl-house, &c.; good kitchen, garden, and three acres of ground in a very high state of cultivation. The above is situated in a very healthy locality. For further particulars, apply to W. HENDERSON, No. 73 Nassau-st., New-York.

TO LET—SITUATED ON LITTLE NECK BAY, near Flushing, L. I., a large house fully furnished, with grounds, garden and other conveniences, the residence of the late A. H. Mickle, within nine miles of the City and a few minutes' walk of a depot, whence cars will run in July. For terms apply to WM. E. LAWRENCE, No. 36 Broadway, or on the premises of Mrs. A. H. MICKLE.

TO LEASE—ON GROUND RENT FOR TWENTY-one years, with covenants for renewals, ground on which the North Dutch Church now stands, fronting on three streets, containing 100 feet on Fulton-st., the entire front on William-st., and 100 feet on Ann-st. For terms apply at the Treasurer's office of the Collegiate R. P. Dutch Church, No. 192 Broadway, of

JAMES PHYFE.

TO IMPORTERS AND COMMISSION MERCHANTS.—The lower floors or lofts of Nos. 43 and 45 White-st., now in course of construction, and to be finished in August, are offered in lease for a term of years; the front is to be of white marble, and the building first-class in every respect. Plans may be seen on application to E. R. MUDGE, SAWYER & CO., No. 35 Park-place.

TO LEASE—ON MURRAY HILL, FOR FIVE years, furnished or unfurnished, first-class four-story basement house, well and fully furnished, below 36th-st., near Madison-av.; private family only; furnished at $3,500 per year. Address Box No. 3,651 Post-office.

TO LET, IN WILLIAMSBURGH—A TWO-story and extension frame dwelling, wholly or partly furnished, to a small family, from May to November; location very desirable; gas and water in the house. Apply to A. J. WINTERTON, No. 69 Wall-st.

BROADWAY PROPERTY TO LEASE.—The 2d and 3d floors of building Nos. 636 and 638 Broadway; will be altered to suit. Also, store suitable for gents' furnishing or millinery. Apply to C. WITTY, Carriage Wareroom, No. 638 Broadway.

TO LET IN RYE—NEAR THE DEPOT AT Port Chester, a large house, with stable room, garden and farmer's cottage. For particulars, inquire of E. B. WESLEY, No. 117 East 16th-st., from 9 to 11 and from 5 to 7.

TO LET—A LARGE SIZE BANKING ROOM, IN basement of new marble building, Nassau-st., opposite United States Treasury. Apply to TURNER BROS., No. 17 Nassau-st.

ON STATEN ISLAND.—TO LET, FURNISHed houses; $6,000, $3,000, $2,100, $1,200, and unfurnished $3,000, $1,700, $1,200, $800, $600, $500 per year. D. R. HITCHCOCK & SON, No. 100 Broadway.

SUMMER RESIDENCE TO RENT—FURnished, at Pittsfield, Mass., from May 1. Address G. C., Box No. 75 New-York Post-office.

TO LET.

TO PRIVATE FAMILIES DESIRING A PLEASANT COUNTRY RESIDENCE DURING THE PRESENT YEAR.—A gentleman has just erected a large and commodious building in the upper part of Westchester County, containing some 30 rooms, with large parlors, dining and billiard rooms; delicious water at the door, ice-house full, (75 tons,) barn, stables, good garden spot, fine play-ground for children, and large pond of water for fishing or boating; the whole thing admirably arranged for the accommodation of about 30 persons, including servants. This is a fine opportunity for about four or six private families to club together, and, where the families are known to each other, would make it pleasant and comfortable as a residence during the whole year, as it is of easy access by railroad, just 20 minutes' walk from the station, and only 5 miles south of Lake Mahopac. Persons can be here at 9 A. M. and leave at 5 P. M.; full advantage of express trains. Rent per year, $2,000. Reference will be required as to character and responsibility. For further particulars apply to JOSEPH PICKARD, Rotunda Building, under Croton Aqueduct Board, City Hall, or to G. S. HICKOK, Park Bank.

COUNTRY RESIDENCE TO RENT—Commanding a fine view of the Lower Bay. House and 5 acres of ground to lease, at Fort Hamilton, L. I. On the premises are stables, carriage-house and all necessary outbuildings; the grounds are in a high state of cultivation, with fine fruit and ornamental shade trees. For further particulars, inquire at the office of the Spiral Butt Hinge Co., No. 163 Fulton-st., New-York.

TO RENT, FURNISHED, ON STATEN Island, five minutes' walk from Vanderbilt Landing, an Italian villa, 45 feet square, containing all the modern improvements, gas, water, and billiard room; the ground one acre and a half, fronting the Bay of New-York. Rent, $2,000. Apply to E. THOMPSON, No. 89 Gold-st., New-York.

FACTORY TO LET—WITH STEAM POWER, consisting of several buildings, with two dwelling-houses and about three acres of land; about four miles from the City; suitable for any light manufacturing business; heated with steam. Apply to F. L. KNEELAND, No. 76 Wall-st., corner Pearl.

TO LET—AT WATSESSING, N. J., VERY NEAR depot, one hour's ride from Barclay-st., part of a house, consisting of parlor, two bedrooms, basement and cellar, also ground for garden, to a small family only: rent moderate; location pleasant and healthy. Apply to HINRICHS, No 150 Broadway, up stairs, New-York.

TO LET—A WELL-FURNISHED HOUSE, NO. 50 West 11th-st., a few doors east of 5th-av., for one or two years, to a small private family only. Rent $350 per month. For permit to see the house, apply to C. G. TAYLOR, No. 119 Broadway, Room No. 30.

TO LET—THE VERY DESIRABLE FOUR-STORY and attic English basement house, No. 269 West 23d-st.; in good order, with double staircase and all the modern improvements; will only be rented to a single private family. Apply to J. R. EDWARDS, No. 277 West 23d-st.

AT NEW BRIGHTON, HAMILTON PARK—To rent, four furnished and unfurnished Winter and Summer first-class brick houses, with gas, water, baths, stables, gardens, lawn and woodland; 5 minutes of ferry. Mr. HAMILTON, No. 132 Broadway.

TO LET—IN THE BIBLE HOUSE, ASTOR-place, a suite of three offices complete, on second floor, in excellent order, with all the conveniences. Apply at the Treasurer's Office, 4th-av., entrance of the Bible House.

TO RENT—TO A PRIVATE FAMILY ONLY, the English basement house No. 49 West 19th-st.; has all the modern improvements, and is in perfect order. For permits to see the house, apply to E. C. LORD, No. 139 Greenwich-st.

TO LET—A COUNTRY PLACE, 17 MILES FROM the City by the New-Haven Railroad; there is a small cottage house of 7 rooms, good barn and 50 acres of land; will be let with or without the land. Address Box No. 1,245 Post-office.

BROADWAY.—SECOND FLOOR, NO. 739, 25x60, rear; three years lease, for sale cheap; exceedingly well lighted; suitable for photographers or any light business. Apply to BENEDICT & CO., No. 32 Pine-st., between Nassau and William.

TO RENT—FROM JUNE 1 TO OCT. 1, A THOROUGHLY furnished house at Roseville, N. J., on the Morris and Essex Railroad. 30 minutes from Hoboken. Terms $600, to a small family without children. Apply to J. H. SUYDAM, No. 51 Cortlandt-st., New-York.

FOR GENTLEMEN ONLY—WITHOUT board, two large rooms and one bedroom adjoining, on third floor; can be had together or separately; at No. 180 West 24th-st; no objection to serving breakfast, if desired; family strictly private; best reference required.

TO LET—FURNISHED, AT RYE, WESTCHESTER County, a large house, barn and carriage-house, fine garden, gardener's cottage, abundance of fruit, near the depot; will let for 4 or 6 months. Apply to J. A. KENYON or A. D. STEPHENS, No. 83 Nassau-st.

FURNISHED HOUSE TO LET—NEAR 5th-av. and Central Park. The house is large, with dining-room extension, complete in every way; 25 feet, high stoop, and first class. Rent $500 a month. Possession in April. Apply to HOMER MORGAN, 2 Pine-st.

TO LET—THREE LOFTS OF THE SPLENDID marble front building No. 464 Broome-st., between Greene and Mercer sts. Apply to SMITH & HALL, No. 177 Broadway.

TO LET FURNISHED—A VERY DESIRable full-sized house, at a very low rate, situate in West 14th-st. Apply to E. H. LUDLOW & Co., No. 3 Pine-st.

TO LET—THE FOUR-STORY STORE, NO. 48 Broadway, for one or more years, 21x71x100. Apply at No. 192 Broadway from 11 to 12 o'clock, or at No. 93 East 27th-st. of PETER A. H. JACKSON.

TO LET—THE HOUSE AND LOT, No. 35 Howard-st, 25x100, for one or more years. Apply at No. 192 Broadway from 11 to 12 o'clock, or at No. 93 East 27th-st. of PETER A. H. JACKSON.

TO RENT FURNISHED—TO A PRIVATE family only, house No. 64 Elliott-place, Brooklyn; three-story high-stoop, handsomely decorated and furnished. Can be seen from 12 to 3 P. M.

TO LET—FOR ONE YEAR OR LONGER, A furnished house, ten minutes' walk from New-Brighton or Quarantine Landing, Staten Island; stable attached. For particulars address Box No. 3,546 Post-office

HOTEL BUILDING TO LET OR FOR SALE.—A large building, containing over 60 rooms, near Hudson River, below Canal-st.; would make a good hotel. Apply to J. O. FOWLER, No. 96 Nassau-st.

A HANDSOME SUITE OF ROOMS WITH conveniences for housekeeping, to let to a small family without children, or to single gentlemen. Apply to Dr. HOYT, No. 878 Broadway.

TO LET—A WELL-FURNISHED THREE-STORY house in 43d-st., between 6th-av. and Broadway, for six months from May 1. Apply to C. S. FRANCIS, No. 506 Broadway, up stairs.

TO LET OR LEASE—NO. 98 NASSAU-ST., A six-story brown-stone building, 20x75 feet, with steam-power attached if desired. Apply to A. RAYMOND, No. 96 Nassau-st.

STEAM POWER TO LET—FIRST FLOOR and basement, 25x100, and rooms without power; also, machinery of the packing-box factory for sale, at No. 91 Mercer-st.

TO LET FURNISHED—FROM THE 15TH April or 1st May next, the very comfortable cottage No. 37 West 28d-st. For permit apply to J. J. JENKINS, No. 221 Canal-st., from 10 to 12 M.

TO LET—A LARGE FOUR-STORY HOUSE with basement suited for an office, No. 2 Union-square, corner of 14th-st. and 4th-av. Apply to S. B. HYATT, No. 168 East 10th-st., or No. 65 Wall-st.

TO LET—THE DESIRABLE HOUSE NO. 17 East 37th-st., near Madison-av., to a private family only. Apply to H. K. CORNING, SON & CO. No. 84 South-st.

TO LEASE—WHARF AND LOTS OF LAND ON Hudson River, south corner of 13th-av. and 14th-st; 12 lots and bulkhead. Apply to JOHN C. WHITE, No. 13 West 21st-st.

FURNISHED HOUSE TO LET AT THROG'S NECK—12 miles from the City. For particulars, apply at No. 59 William-st., Room No. 10, from 12 to 2 o'clock.

TO RENT—THE FIRST-CLASS, ELEGANTLY furnished house, No. 135 West 14th-st.; house full size, four story, brown stone. Apply to HOMER MORGAN, No. 2 Pine-st.

TO RENT—A FIRST-CLASS HOUSE, ELEgantly furnished, in 9th-st., near 5th-av. Apply to HOMER MORGAN, No. 2 Pine-st.

TO LET—$1,100—A THREE-STORY BRICK dwelling-house in 45th-st., near 3d-av. Inquire of PLACE & KEYS, No. 80 Cedar-st.

YONKERS.—TO LET—FURNISHED COTTAGE, delightfully located, near Glenwood Depot. Inquire of W. OKELL, No. 680 Broadway.

TO LET OR THE LEASE FOR SALE—The marble-front building No. 12 West 4th-st., a few doors from Broadway. Inquire in the dwelling.

TO LET—FOR A GALLERY, MASONIC LODGE or business, a spacious hall on second floor, and other rooms, at Nos. 817 and 819 Broadway, corner 12th-st.

TO LET—A FURNISHED HOUSE IN MADISON-square, for two years from May 1; rent $10,000 per year. Address Box No. 770 Post-office.

FURNISHED ROOMS TO LET TO GENTLEMEN, without board, at No. 8 East 22d-st.; references exchanged.

LOFT TO LET WITH POWER, FROM May 1, well lighted; size 19x117. Apply on the premises, No. 38 Fulton-st., Brooklyn.

HOUSES & ROOMS WANTED.

WANTED—ON FIRST OF MAY NEXT, A SECond floor in a private house, in a good neighborhood, with all the modern improvements, by a small American family of four; location between 10th and 42d sts., and 2d and 7th avs; best of references given. Address, with particulars, TEN EYCK, Box No. 104 *Times* Office.

WANTED TO LEASE—FOR TWO OR THREE years, a first-class furnished house, in a desirable location, by a responsible party, who will take the best care of the property. This affords an excellent opportunity for families about visiting Europe. A fancy rent will not be paid. Address, with particulars of location, rent, &c., S. R. J., Box No. 180 *Times* Office.

WANTED—A SMALL, CONVENIENT HOUSE, in a genteel neighborhood, west of 3d-av., for a small private family, for one or two years, at a yearly rent of about $1,000, which will be paid promptly. Address Box No. 2,951 New-York Post-office.

WANTED TO RENT—BY A VERY SMALL family, for one or more years, in Brooklyn, (South Brooklyn preferred,) a small unfurnished house; rent must be moderate. Address, stating terms and location, J. V., Box No. 270 New-York Post-office.

HOUSE WANTED—UNFURNISHED, BY A family strictly private and responsible; 3½ or 4 stories, not English basement; between 14th and 50th sts. and 4th and 6th avs. Will pay $2,500 to $3,000. Address P. & F., Box No. 806 Post-office.

COUNTRY HOUSE WANTED—TO RENT or lease in Westchester County, within one hour by railroad from the City. Address Box No. 590 New-York Post-office.

WANTED—A SMALL COTTAGE HOUSE within two hours of the City by rail, without stables or grounds. Address L. E., care Box No. 5,455 New-York Post-office.

WANTED—TO PURCHASE A HOUSE AND lot, either furnished or unfurnished, in some good neighborhood; payable in part cash and part gas stocks. Apply to J. NELSON LUCKEY, Banker, 243 Broadway.

FOREIGN HOTELS.

VENICE.

GRAND HOTEL VICTORIA.

This large and first-rate establishment, greatly improved and enlarged, is situated in the most central position of Venice, and close to the Piazza Sn. Mario, the principal theatres and churches. The Grand Hotel Victoria, containing 180 bedrooms and private apartments, furnished with every modern requisite, has been reopened on the 14th of November, 1865, under the management of Mr. ROBERT ETZENSBERGER, so well known to American tourists from the Schweizerhof at Luzerne, and the Hotel de Rome at Rome. He is at the same time proprietor of the

HOTEL DE MILAN,

at Majolica, (near Cadenabbia,) Lake of Como—a very comfortable, quiet house, beautifully situated and admirably well adapted for persons who intend to spend some time on this charming lake.

FOR SALE.

VILLAGE LOTS, &C.—FOR SALE AT North Englewood, N. J., 15 miles from New-York City, opposite Riverdale, on the Hudson River, nearly 500 acres of land, consisting of valuable and eligible village sites, timber land and water rights, on the Hudson River.

This property is now being sold in lots to suit purchasers.

Apply to HENRY A. SWIFT, Barclay-st., New-York; Prof. MAHAN, West Point, or HOMER MORGAN, No. 2 Pine-st., New-York.

STORE PROPERTY FRONTING THE PARK FOR SALE.—The brown-stone building and lot No. 245 Broadway, with entrance also from Murray-st., for sale to close an interest. Apply to HOMER MORGAN, No. 2 Pine-st.

COUNTRY SEAT FOR SALE—AT HYDE Park, Dutchess County, known as the property belonging to the estate of the late Samuel Broom, about 3½ miles above Poughkeepsie, and 2½ miles this side of Hyde Park Village, most eligibly situated on the banks of the Hudson, commanding a most beautiful view of the river for many miles above and below. This property contains about 400 acres, of which about 200 acres are woodland, and a large proportion of the balance is in a high state of cultivation, with several large apple orchards of young and thrifty trees, and all bearing fruit. The grounds are laid out with a great variety of shade and ornamental trees, fish ponds, &c., with two streams of never-failing water running nearly through the whole property. This estate is believed to be one of the most desirable country seats upon the Hudson River, between New-York and Albany. Apply to JAMES B. TAYLOR, No. 48 Pine-st.

LONG BRANCH AND SHREWSBURY.—For sale, the valuable and very desirable property at Rumsen's Neck, Shrewsbury, N. J., opposite the ocean, and within sight of Long Branch, lately the residence of Henry P. Havens, deceased, consisting of roomy dwelling-house, in good order, suitable for a large family or Summer boarding-house, with barns, stables, sheds, &c., and about 40 acres of excellent farming land; possession immediately.

ALSO,

A magnificent building site directly opposite, with about 27 acres of good land; road good; two lines of railroad within a half hour's ride; with much to recommend the property to persons locating in this delightful and growing section of country. Apply to HOMER MORGAN, No. 2 Pine-st., or DAVID B. KEELER, Tradesman's Fire Insurance Company.

FOR SALE—THE COUNTRY RESIDENCE OF the late Thomas Truslow, deceased, at Port Chester, Westchester County, N. Y., on the Purchase road, about half a mile from the depot. There are on the premises a large double house, 36x40 feet, two stories, attic and basement, with a two-story wing 16x20 feet; also stable and other outbuildings. Good orchard and other fruits. There is a very extended view of the Sound from the piazzas (on three sides of the house) and cupola. About four acres of land, with road on three sides. This is a very desirable place. Immediate possession if desired. Apply to WM. TRUSLOW, Executor, No. 122 Liberty-st., or to HOMER MORGAN, No. 2 Pine-st.

FOR SALE—IN JERSEY CITY, ONE THREE-story English basement brick house; price $5,800; also, one three-story and basement high-stoop brick house; price $5,700. The above houses have all the modern improvements. Also, two cottage houses on Bergen Hill, contiguous to the horse-car railroad; price $1,800 each. The terms on the above property made easy. For particulars inquire of JAS. McLAUGHLIN, Builder, No. 145 Montgomery-st., or at No. 172 York-st., Jersey City, in the evening; or of D. W. STONE, Real Estate Agent, No. 151 Henderson-st.

FOR SALE—A VALUABLE COUNTRY SEAT of 115 acres, known as Plum Point, on the west shore of the Hudson, 2½ miles from Newburgh and same distance from the entrance to the Highlands. Front on the river one mile—a gravelly beach, and water-grant from the State to the channel. No description can give a correct idea of its commanding position, natural advantages, extensive pleasure-grounds and superb views, taking in both shores of Newburgh Bay. Land very best quality. Fine large mansion, &c., in excellent order. Apply to HOMER MORGAN, No. 2 Pine-st., E. H. LUDLOW & CO., No. 3 Pine-st., W. M. VERPLANCK, No. 36 South-st., or P. A. VERPLANCK, on the premises

FOR SALE—A FINE OLD COUNTRY PLACE, situated about four miles north of Rhinebeck, on the east bank of the Hudson River, containing mansion and outbuildings and about 107 acres of land. Also a beautiful farm and building site north of and adjoining the above, with good outbuildings thereon, containing 150 acres. Also another farm and building site lying on the south side of the first described parcel, containing 80 acres. Would be sold separately or together. Prices; $50,000, $40,000 and $25,000. This property is in fine condition and embraces some of the finest views on the Hudson. Apply to A. FINDLAY, No. 31 Pine-st.

ASTORIA.—FOR SALE—TWO HOUSES FRONTing the river, on Sunswick-terrace, ten minutes from steamboat. One house contains, above the basement, 16 good rooms; is in good order; has a large stable, garden, very handsome shade trees, and nearly two acres of land. The other house is nearly new; has eleven rooms above basement; has gas, furnace, bath-room, water-closets, &c. The above houses will be leased for five years, if not sold by March 10. Inquire, either in person or by letter, of Dr. SCOTT, Astoria, or HOMER MORGAN, No. 2 Pine-st., New-York.

FOR SALE IN PITTSFIELD, BERKSHIRE COUNTY, MASS.—A first-class country seat, comprising spacious modern buildings and 28 acres of rich land, well ornamented with a pleasant grove, a pond, fruit, deciduous and evergreen trees and hedges. It is on a slight eminence a mile north from the centre of the village, retired, and commands a beautiful view of the village and the surrounding mountains. Price $27,000. Inquire of E. H. LUDLOW, No. 3 Pine-st., New-York City, or of Messrs. PINGREE & BARKER, late Colt & Pingree, Pittsfield, Mass.

FOR SALE—AT IRVINGTON, ON THE HUDSON, a very desirable country residence for Summer or Winter, in complete order, and with all the modern improvements, commanding position and fine view of the Hudson River, and a short distance from the depot; good barn, stables, outhouses, &c. The property will be sold with the furniture, horses, carriages, wagons, &c., if desired. For particulars apply to EDMUND COFFIN, No. 27 Nassau-st., N. Y.

COUNTRY RESIDENCES AND FARMS FOR SALE BY PARSONS & WARD, NO. 79 CEDAR-ST.—Located at Peekskill, Newburgh, Fordham, Rye, Mamaroneck, Bloomfield, Orange, Mont Clair, Summit, Chatham, Morristown, Elizabeth, Rahway, Metuchin, Craneville, Plainfield, Weehawken, Bergen, Bayonne, Flushing, Ravenswood, Hudson City, North Englewood, Boiling Spring and other places. Prices $4,000 to $50,000.

FOR SALE—ON PELHAM PARK, TWO MILES from New-Rochelle depot, near the Sound and adjoining Pelham Priory; a Gothic frame house, just finishing, about 40x40, handsomely situated, commanding a view of the Sound, and finely shaded by native forest trees; new stable and five acres of land; also, building sites in the Park. A map of the Park and view of the house at P. C. BULKLEY'S, No. 43 Wall-st., Jauncey-court.

FOR SALE—NEAR GREENPORT, L. I., THE place known as Walnut Grove, the residence of the late Dr. F. W. Lord. There are 52 acres of land, (17 of which are woodland,) 5 acres of pear trees; garden and lawn inclosed by blackthorn hedges. The place is bounded by Long Island Sound on the north; altogether a very desirable sea-side residence. Apply to HOMER MORGAN, No. 2 Pine-st.

COUNTRY SEAT ON THE HUDSON FOR SALE—Twenty miles from New-York; thirty acres, two thousand feet of water-front; house, green-house, barn, stables, gardener's cottage, fruit-house, a most complete plantation, vineyard and all other fruits in bearing; scenery and healthfulness unsurpassed, on the Hudson. Particulars by HENRY A. CASSEBEEN, No. 57 4th-av.

FOR SALE—WITHIN TEN MINUTES' WALK of the Depot, at Morristown, N. J., a handsome farm of about 70 acres of land, in perfect order. On the above is the Summer farm-house, three barns and coach-house; a large number of cherries, peaches, pears, apples, &c.; also, all the small fruits. Price, $35,000. Apply to HOMER MORGAN, No. 2 Pine-st.

A GENTLEMAN'S FURNISHED RESIDENCE at Yonkers, containing 12 rooms, with all conveniences, with stable attached, 3 horses, 3 carriages and sleigh and a complete outfit, for sale by a gentleman whose family are going abroad; price complete, $25,000. For particulars address YONKERS, Box No. 3,579 P. O., New-York.

A BARGAIN—75 ACRES, 6 WOOD, BALANCE under cultivation; good two-story and extension house, good barn, carriage-house, &c.; 14 acres peaches, 2 years old, apple orchard, cherries, &c., stream of water through the farm; situated at Milestone, N. J., 1½ miles from depot; price, $8,500; with stock and utensils, $9,500. PETTIT & FRAZEE, No. 200 Broadway, Room No. 121.

FOR SALE OR TO LET FURNISHED—A very superior built and richly furnished house in South Brooklyn, with stable and six lots of ground.

Also, buildings and lots to let, suitable for manufacturing purposes.

Apply at the Union Stores, foot of Sedgwick-st., South Brooklyn.

FOR SALE—TWO DWELLING HOUSES, HATter's shop and outbuildings, with lot attached of about three acres, at Millburn, N. J.; the premises will be sold as a whole or in parcels to suit; title good; terms easy. Apply on the premises to WILLIAM PETTIGREW or JOHN WHITEHEAD, No. 145 Market-st., Newark, N. J.

A GENTEEL THREE-STORY AND BASEment high-stoop house, No. 82 Lexington-av., for sale, with or without furniture, all in good order, and neatly fitted up by the owner for his own use; also that nice new brown-stone front house, No. 82 East 27th-st., near Lexington-av., for sale; all modern improvements and in good order. For letter to see the houses, apply to JOHN FOLEY, No. 169 Broadway.

FOR SALE—THE VERY DESIRABLE THREE-story brown-stone private residence, No. 81 Grand-st., corner of Warren, Jersey City; has all the modern improvements; is a first-class house, and in fine order; will be sold for one-third the price that a similar house can be bought for in New-York; price $15,000. Apply to EVAN JONES, No. 19 Montgomery-st., or to WARD & McGOWN, No. 99 Montgomery-st., Jersey City.

ORANGE, N. J.—VILLAS, VILLA SITES AND farms, a great variety, beautifully situated, one hour from New-York, for sale low. Also, country seats and houses to let for the season or year, by HENRY B. BLACKWELL, No. 59 William-st., New-York, 9 to 11 A. M.; No. 49 Main-st., Orange, 1 to 5 P. M.

FOR SALE OR LEASE CHEAP—THE four avenue lots at northeast corner of 11th-av. and 38th-st., with the 12 lots adjoining on the north side of 38th-st. Apply to

F. F. RANDOLPH, No. 14 Wall-st., } Executors.
SMITH CLIFT, No. 102 Broadway, }

FOR SALE—MURRAY HILL—A FOUR-STORY and basement high-stoop brown-stone house, in thorough order, on south side of 37th-st., between Park and Lexington avs. Inquire of WM. GALE, Jr., No. 487 Broadway.

105 ACRES GOOD LAND, LARGE HOUSE, two large barns, corn-barn, carriage-house, shops, sheds, &c., for sale in Connecticut for $3,000; cause, sickness. Farms in other localities. ALBERT HAMILTON, No. 137 Broadway.

AVOID HIGH RENTS.—BUY WOODWARD'S COUNTRY HOMES, 122 designs and plans, and build a house in the country. Price $1 50, post-paid. GEO. E. & F. W. WOODWARD, Publishers, No. 37 Park-row, New-York.

FOR SALE AT CORNWALL, ON THE HUDson River, a large modern-built house, furnished or unfurnished, with 8 acres of land, gardener's cottage, barn, &c.; fine view of river. For particulars apply to CHARLES ROGERS, No. 2½ Dey-st., New-York.

STABLES FOR SALE—IN 17TH-ST., JUST west of 6th-av., several choice and desirable stables, with immediate possession. For plans and full particulars apply to E. H. LUDLOW & CO., No. 3 Pine-st.

HOUSE IN THIRTY-SIXTH-STREET, near 5th-av., for sale cheap. Three-story brick, 15x55; lot 100; good order. Apply to WM. H. RAYNOR, No. 6 Pine-st.

FOR SALE—A WATER FRONT, WITH BULKhead nearly 300 feet front, in Brooklyn, suitable for any manufacturing or storage purposes. Apply to J. C. HULL'S SON, No. 32 Park-row, New-York.

HOUSE ON MURRAY HILL FOR SALE—A first-class 4-story brown-stone house in 37th-st., between 5th and 6th avs., for sale. Apply to JOHN G. SECOR, No. 345 Broadway.

FOR SALE—HOUSE AND LOT, NO. 9 GRAMercy Park, East 20th-st., 26.8x92. For further particulars apply to A. T. BROWN, No. 74 Wall-st.

TWO HANDSOME COTTAGE DWELLINGS for sale near South Orange, N. J. Apply at the drug-store, No. 363 Bowery, corner 4th-st.

FOR SALE.

FOR SALE—THE HOUSE AND LOT NO. 56 9th-st., near 5th-av., 32 feet wide, with modern improvements; house in good order; possession at once, if wanted. Apply to

HOMER MORGAN,
No. 2 Pine-st.

FARM FOR SALE.

The farm of the late Singleton Mitchell, deceased, at Manhasset, town of North Hempstead, Queens County, L. I. It contains 117 acres, and is beautifully situated on the easterly side of Cow Bay; a white sandy shore along the bay for three-quarters of a mile. It is within 1¾ miles of the terminus of the North Shore Railroad, 3½ miles from the Roslyn depot, on the branch of Long Island Railroad, 4½ miles from Sands Point steamboat wharf, and 5½ miles from steamboat wharf at Great Neck. There are three places of worship within 1½ miles, viz.: Reformed Dutch, Episcopal and Friends Meeting. For further particulars, persons desirous of purchasing are referred to WM. K. HINMAN, No. 169 South-st., New-York.

FOR SALE.

At Stamford, Conn., one of the finest residences in the village, near the centre, with three acres of land; main house, 50x45, with wing 40x30, furnished with water, gas, furnace, &c.; also green-house, hot and cold graperies, and outbuildings; one of the best gardens in the State, well stocked with choice fruit. Address T. J. D., Stamford, Conn.

EAST TENNESSEE LAND AGENCY.

COCKRILL & SEYMOUR,
REAL ESTATE BROKERS,
Knoxville, Tenn.,

Offer for sale valuable lands of every description in all parts of East Tennessee. Information concerning real estate promptly and gratuitously furnished.

COUNTRY PLACE FOR SALE—AT WILTON, Conn., 2½ hours from New-York by New-York and New-Haven Railroad to Norwalk, thence by Norwalk and Danbury Railroad to Wilton. A double house, two stories, hall 7½ feet wide running through the house, contains ten rooms above basement, ceilings high, closets large and in every room, attic large and airy, plenty of cellar room, beside basement kitchen and dining-room; yard 117x183 feet, well shaded and prettily laid out; a garden plat 110x56 feet: also an orchard of grafted fruit; whole front 348 feet, and a small barn and wood-shed. Whole amount of land 2½ acres. The property is one-half mile from depot, one-quarter mile from Episcopal and three-quarters mile from Congregational churches; excellent schools within short distance. Inquire of L. J. CURTIS, Norwalk, Conn., or A. D. SHEPARD, No. 1 Wall-st., New-York.

FARM FOR SALE—170 ACRES, ABOUT A quarter of a mile from the Long Island Railroad, where there is a turn-out for lading or unlading freight; located between Yaphank and Manor Stations, 63 miles from New-York; 90 acres rich soil, under good cultivation, the balance being wood-land; new and commodious farm-house, with good outbuildings; excellent and plentiful supply of water can be obtained from wells 10 to 20 feet deep, on any part of the farm; for cultivation of grass and grain this land is superior to any on the line of the railroad in Brookhaven, and is conveniently located for market gardening, for which it is well adapted. Apply to JAMES H. WEEKS, Yaphank, L. I.

FOR SALE—AT WESTPORT, CONN., THE late residence of Jonas H. Phelps, deceased, 47 miles from New-York by the New-Haven Railroad, situated in the centre of the village, nearly opposite the new stone church. The house contains 12 rooms; hall running through it, double parlors, high ceilings, large sloping and finely shaded lawn in front, large cistern, good well of water, large garden and ample room for stables, &c., in the rear. Price $6,000. Apply to JOHN W. TAYLOR, Westport; H. H. TAYLOR, No. 215 Front-st.; G. M. PHELPS, American Telegraph Office, Broadway, and No. 55 1st-st., Williamsburgh.

FOR SALE—ON MURRAY HILL, A FOUR-story brown-stone, (nearly new,) full size and strictly first-class house on Lexington-av, frescoed and encaustic, elaborately decorated and furnished in the most complete and costly manner. Also, if desired, can be had with the above a stable, handsomely fitted up, for five horses, (stalls above ground,) within four blocks of the house. Terms easy. For particulars and permits to view the property, apply to

HOMER MORGAN, No. 2 Pine-st.
or ALLEN & BROWN, No. 96 Broadway.

FOR SALE AT NEWARK, N. J.—ELEGANT country and city residence combined, situated on high ground, magnificent view, large modern house, containing 15 rooms, all modern improvements, gas, piazza on three sides, extensive outbuildings, garden room, every variety of fruit; perfectly healthy surroundings; unexceptionable house, situated in the centre of a six-acre lot, beautifully laid out in shrubbery and lawn; only 15 minutes from depot. Apply to LYON, No. 33 Cortlandt-st., New-York.

FOR SALE OR TO LET—AT NEW-BRIGHton, S.I., on Clinton-av., a fine residence, entirely new, finished last Summer; built in the most solid manner, all brick (double walls) and brown-stone, slate roof, basement hall tiled, main hall black walnut and cherry, spacious black-walnut stairs, large airy rooms, bath, gas and all conveniences, with large brick stable for four horses, and about four or seven acres of land, with ornamental trees; location entirely healthy; fine view and air. Apply to A. RODEWALD, No. 38 Exchange-place.

FOR SALE OR TO LET—A FARM OF 40 OR 20 acres, at Jamaica, L. I., only nine miles from New-York; buildings new and in good order; land in the very best condition.

Also, a country seat, corner of Van Wyck and Chichester avs., 38x32, two stories, and an 18 foot on the rear, in perfect order.

Inquire of E. W. VAN VOORHIS,
No. 103 East 36th-st.

FOR SALE—ONE OF THE MOST DESIRABLE residences in the vicinity of this City, situated on the Hudson, about one mile south of Hastings; it has 18 rooms, with gas and water throughout; all necessary outbuildings, plenty of fruit and shade trees; 17 acres of good land (more can be had if desired.) This place needs only to be seen to be appreciated. Apply to GILMAN DUDLEY, on the premises, or to R. S. LUQUEER & CO., No. 81 Murray-st., New-York.

FOR SALE—AT RHINEBECK, ON THE EAST bank of the Hudson, an elegant country residence and farm, 125 acres of choice land, with water grant; shore bold, mansion large, lawns deeply shaded, mountain river and inland views superb; for healthfulness unsurpassed; distant from New-York City by express trains three hours. For circular description apply to E. H. LUDLOW & CO., No. 3 Pine-st., or to FRANCIS T. GARRETTSON, Counsellor, &c., No. 54 Wall-st.

FOR SALE—A COUNTRY PLACE NEAR Kingsbridge, formerly occupied by T. Bailey Myers Esq., about one mile from Spuyten Duyvil Station, on Hudson River Railroad; large stone house, hot and cold water, bath-room and furnace in the house; stable, gardener's cottage and large garden; plenty of fruit and shade trees, beautiful situation and perfectly healthy; about 15 acres of land. Apply to E. H. LUDLOW & CO., No. 3 Pine-st.

FOR SALE OR TO LEASE—THE LARGE country seat of R. F. Carman, at High Bridge, with nine acres of land and water front; house first class, with coach-house and stable, gardener's house, two graperies, green-house, rose-house, ice-house, with gas and water; garden the best on this island, and possession immediately. Inquire of R. F. CARMAN, No. 106 West 31st-st.

FOR SALE — A COUNTRY RESIDENCE AT Peekskill, 1½ miles east of the railroad station; a fine new house, with 15 rooms, having a commanding view of the Hudson River; outbuildings mostly new and in good order, and 20 acres of excellent land; price $19,000. Inquire on the premises of CHARLES M. MARVIN, or of WM. A. HARDING, No. 85 Warren-st., New-York.

COUNTRY RESIDENCE FOR SALE—18 miles from Jersey City, 1 mile from depot, on Northern New-Jersey Railroad, consisting of 26 acres of land; dwelling in French style of architecture, heated by steam; gardener's cottage, laundry, stable, poultry house, ice-house, &c. Price, including stock, farming utensils, &c., $30,000. Inquire of E. S. SAXTON, No. 53 Exchange-place.

FOR SALE AT MORRISTOWN, N. J.—A most superior dwelling-house, 13 rooms, furnace, bath-room, &c. Will be sold with or without furniture. Lot 110 by 300 feet. Ten minutes' walk from railroad station. Apply to

S. S. HALSEY, Morristown, N. J.;
or V. B. KING, No. 12 Wall-st., New-York.

FOR SALE LOW—A LARGE AND ELEGANT building accommodating 300 boarders; suitable for a school or a Summer boarding-house, on the Albany and Susquehanna Railroad. Locality distinguished for healthfulness and beauty of scenery. Price $10,000. G. G. SAXE, No. 131 Grand-st., New-York.

FOR SALE—AT NEWARK, SMALL COUNTRY place, 8 rooms, 1½ acres of land, large outbuildings, on high ground, perfectly healthy, surroundings first-class, all in perfect order. Price $5,000. Cars pass the door every hour. Apply to J. S. PESHINE, No. 204 Broad-st., Newark.

DESIRABLE COUNTRY RESIDENCE FOR SALE—Three-quarters of a mile from the depot of the Hudson River Railroad at Tarrytown; house first-class, new, and well adapted for Summer and Winter residence; together with five acres of land attached. For further particulars, apply to E. COFFIN, 27 Nassau-st.

FOR SALE—AT WESTPORT, CONN., A HOUSE, barn and outbuildings, and 15 acres of land, beautifully situated on Saugatuck River, half a mile from depot. For particulars, inquire at Fourth National Bank, New-York, at 10 o'clock A. M., Mondays and Thursdays, or at Westport, of W. STAPLES.

FOR SALE—NEAR WHITE PLAINS, A VALuable farm, (120 acres,) every way desirable, good house and outbuildings; will be sold on favorable terms, and if not sold by March 15, will be rented. Apply to Hon. W. H. ROBINSON, White Plains, or HARRISON PRICE, No. 92 Murray-st.

FOR SALE—AT BRIDGEPORT, CONN., THE new, well-built house of the subscriber, containing 12 rooms, Main-st.; good location; depth of lot from 200 to 300 feet; in rear fine water view. Address or apply to T. C. PERRY, on the premises.

AT ASTORIA—FOR SALE OR TO RENT—A commodious residence, furnished or unfurnished; gas, furnace and range; house pleasantly located and well shaded; ground, about one acre. Apply to H. WHITTEMORE, 98 Liberty-st., N. Y.

FOR SALE—AT KINGSBRIDGE, ON THE HARlem River, Kingsbridge Terrace, the residence of Geo. H. Peck, Esq., containing 13 acres. Inquire on the premises, or of THOS. VEITCH, No. 115 Nassau-st., Room No. 12.

COUNTRY RESIDENCE FOR SALE IN Westchester County, 12 miles from Madison-square, one mile from Riverdale, on the Post Road; large house and carriage-house, and fine large shade-trees; 4 to 5 acres. Apply to B. BARNES, No. 4 Jauncey Court.

FOR SALE—A FIRST-CLASS FOUR-STORY brown-stone front house; parlor story, black walnut doors, walnut blinds and plate glass; the design, material and finish of the very best kind. Inquire on the premises, No. 97 East 60th-st., near Lexington-av.

FOR SALE—THE FOUR-STORY ENGLISH basement brown-stone house and lot No. 204 2d-av.; lot 17½x108: house 17½x60; front and back stairs; elegant mantels; all modern improvements and in complete order. Apply to ABNER L. ELY, No. 22 Pine-st.

A FIRST-RATE THREE-STORY BRICK house for sale, 25x45x98, in Houston-st., near Thompson; must be sold; immediate possession; $10,000. D. D. ORRELL, No. 78 Cedar-st.

HOUSES FOR SALE, FURNISHED—FULly furnished four-story brown-stone houses, fine locations in West 16th, 32d and 39th sts. Prices, $18,000, $26,000, and $55,000. PARSONS & WARD, 79 Cedar-st.

FOR SALE—ON SEVENTY-THIRD-ST., BEtween 3d and 4th avs., a three-story brick house, 17.4x42; lot 102.2; in splendid order. Apply to WM. H. RAYNOR, No. 6 Pine-st.

FOR SALE—THE HANDSOME THREE-STORY brown-stone house and lot No. 93 East 49th-st., near Lexington-av.; house in perfect order throughout. Apply to HOMER MORGAN, No. 2 Pine-st.

FOR SALE — FARM, SIXTY-FOUR ACRES; good house and outbuildings; two fine running brooks; plenty of fruit; 2½ miles from Morristown, N. J. HAYES & ACKERMAN, No. 73 Maiden-lane.

MURRAY HILL.—FOR SALE—A MEDIUM size four-story brown-stone house, handsomely frescoed and in good order, with all the modern improvements. Apply on the premises, No. 109 East 34th-st.

FOR SALE—ON 42D-ST., BETWEEN 5TH AND Madison avs., an elegant stone house, with all the modern improvements, and in perfect order. Apply to HOMER MORGAN, No. 2 Pine-st.

FOR SALE VERY CHEAP—ON ORANGE Mountain, 1½ miles from depot, sixty acres, containing a number of building sites, with magnificent views. Address Box No. 1,774 New-York.

FOR SALE—A NEW THREE-STORY BRICK house, No. 236 78th-st., near 3d-av. Price $6 000. Inquire on premises. J. B. HAMMOND.

FOR SALE.

DRAINAGE AND LANDSCAPE.

We make surveys, plans and estimates for the drainage and improvement of farms, country seats, parks, cemeteries, &c.; also, take charge of and superintend the work in all its branches. CHICKERING & CO.,

Drainage, Landscape and Civil Engineers,
No. 18 Wall-st., New-York.

CHEAP RENT.

Farm for sale to close an estate; one of the finest farms in New-Jersey, on the Woodbridge and Rahway Railroad; station on the premises; trains leave foot of Cortlandt-st; five trains a day. Price $13,000. For particulars apply to JOHN J. MORRIS, No. 58 University-place, or A. H. BRITTON, Globe Fire Insurance Co.

CHAMBERS-ST. PROPERTY,

THIRTY-TWO FEET FRONT,
FOR SALE OR LONG LEASE.

Apply on the premises, No. 162.

FOR SALE—A COUNTRY RESIDENCE ON Orange Mountain, N. J., with 7 acres high land, sloping to the southeast, sheltered on the north-west by cliffs; a large garden, with fruit trees, strawberry beds, grapery, &c.; undulating lawns, ravines, brook, flower-beds, shrubbery, rare plants, trees, exotics, &c.; roads stoned and graveled. The house has 18 rooms, with all the modern improvements of bath, furnace, gas, &c.; fine gallery, with lantern skylight for pictures, plants or billiards; also, a gardener's cottage, large barn, cow-house and hennery, with slate roofs, all in perfect order. This place is offered for sale, furnished or unfurnished, in currency at its cost in gold. Apply to J. M. BURT, No. 23 Park-row, up stairs.

FOR SALE ON LONG ISLAND—SITUATED between Huntington and Northport, a beautiful country residence, with 20 acres of land in high state of cultivation. House contains 11 rooms, marble mantel in parlor, good cellar, wash-room, two barns, stables, carriage-house, corn crib, cow stables, and all necessary outbuildings, nearly new; large cistern, and a never-failing spring well; the farm is inclosed with board fence with locust posts; good orchard, with plenty of all kinds of fruit trees. To anyone wishing to go in the country this is a rare opportunity. Address or apply to THOS. MARCHANT, No. 4 Bergen-street, South Brooklyn, between 7 and 9 P. M. Price, $5,200.

FOR SALE—THE COUNTRY RESIDENCE AND farm of the late E. Boonen Graves, at Morristown, New-Jersey, 1¼ miles from Morristown depot. The premises contain about 75 acres, with the Mansion-house, farm-house, carriage-house and barns, green and grape-houses. The dwelling-house is elegant and spacious, with all the modern improvements. The grounds are under the highest state of cultivation, containing fruit-trees of every variety. The place is easily accessible from the City of New-York per Morris and Essex Railroad, and can be seen at all times. For further particulars apply to HOMER MORGAN, No. 3 Pine-st., or R. S. EMMET, No. 54 William-st., or on the premises.

FARMS, COUNTRY SEATS, VILLAGE HOUSES—For sale, in and near the Village of Madison and Morristown, Morris County, N. J., twelve farms from 20 to 200 acres; one farm of 300 acres, well wooded, good buildings; good grain or grass farm, well located for growing fruit; on the farm are 600 fine grafted apple trees, together with 6,000 budded peach trees ready for setting out. This is one of the best farms in New-Jersey for fruit; 2½ miles from depot and a contemplated railroad to run through said farm. Inquire of S. D. HUNTING, Madison, near the depot. Several houses to rent.

FOR SALE—A COUNTRY SEAT, FIVE MILES from City Hall, in Newtown, L. I., two miles from 10th-st. ferry, quarter mile from Flushing Railroad and from the Penny Bridge; house contains 15 rooms. The place is well stocked with fruit, about 100 pear trees, 100 apple trees, cherry, peach and plum trees, grapevines, plenty of shade trees. There is a school-house, barn and farm-house. Also, property Nos. 191 and 193 Chrystie-st., four-story building and counter-cellars; lot 130x50. For the above inquire of G. W. EDWARDS, Nos. 227 and 229 Chrystie-st.

FOR SALE—A COUNTRY-SEAT AND TWO dwellings. A gentleman wishing to travel will sell his house, with orchard of choice fruit, garden, beautiful lawn and grounds, grove, large flowing brook and ten or thirty acres, as desired, with or without furniture, horses, cows, poultry, &c., situated on the north side of Staten Island, ten minutes from the ferry, one of the most comfortable and desirable residences; also, a cottage and three acres, garden, fruit, brook, &c.; also, a dwelling, four lots, close to the ferry. Inquire of S. W. BENEDICT, No. 4 Pine-st.

SEA-SHORE RESIDENCE. — A PARTY owning four of the most desirable villa sites on Long Island Sound, distant one hour from the City by New-Haven Railroad, would like to find parties who would advance $4,000 each, to build houses to be completed June 15, to receive pay for their advances in rent. The place is free from every objection; none more healthy in the State. The property is on a clean rocky shore, with excellent opportunity for bathing, boating and fishing. Address H., Box No. 4,616 New-York Post-office.

FOR SALE—THE RESIDENCE OF THE LATE A. F. Dow, situated in Peekskill, N. Y., consisting of a large brick dwelling-house and outbuildings, twelve acres of land, on which are four small tenement-houses which rent for $50 per year each. The premises are abundantly supplied with fruit-trees, and the buildings were thoroughly overhauled and painted last year, and the grounds put in fine order. Inquire of R. A. DORMAN, No. 96 Front-st., or of E. H. LUDLOW & CO., No. 3 Pine-st.

A COUNTRY SEAT FOR SALE—IMMEdiately adjacent to the pleasant village of Kinderhook, and within a few minutes' walk of the Post-office, churches, schools, &c.; it consists of a two-story brick dwelling, with the necessary outbuildings, and about 7 acres of land, in garden, orchard, &c., the premises being those occupied by John A. Van Dyck, deceased. For particulars reference may be had to H. H. VAN DYCK, Assistant Treasurer, New-York, or Mrs. MARIA VAN DYCK, Kinderhook.

FOR SALE—AT WHITE PLAINS, HALF A mile from the railroad depot, the residence of Robert Cochran, Esq., consisting of a large and handsome three-story brick dwelling, with 10 acres of ground beautifully situated and laid out in lawn and garden; the house is in good order and has gas throughout; large barn and carriage-house on the premises. For particulars apply to E. H. LUDLOW & CO., No. 3 Pine-st.

FOR SALE LOW—FINE THREE-STORY AND basement brick house, all modern improvements; very fine neighborhood; No. 214 47th-st., near Broadway; very little money required. Also, two-story and basement frame house, perfectly adapted for two families, 270 feet of 5th-av. with 56 years' valuable ground lease; very low rent. Inquire on premises, No. 20 West 43d-st., or No. 952 Broadway.

$3.500 FOR A 21 ACRE FARM—HIGH ground, very healthy, good buildings, 150 apple trees, two young horses, three cows, carriage, wagon, harness, fowls, crops and farming utensils complete; party returning to France; must be sold; 28 miles on the Northern N. J. Railroad; 1½ from Spring Valley, N. Y. Inquire of F. J. BEAN, No. 113 John-st., from 9 to 4 o'clock.

FOR SALE AT ORANGE, N. J.—THE large and commodious dwelling-house, in complete order, corner of Main-st. and Washington-place, opposite the brick church; the house contains from 12 to 15 rooms, with a garden well stocked with choice fruit-trees. Apply to GEORGE BARRELL, Harrison-st., Orange, or SAMUEL W. BALDWIN, No. 312 Pearl-st., corner of Peck-slip.

FOR SALE—AN ELEGANTLY FURNISHED four-story first-class brown-stone house, 25 by 60 feet, in first-rate order; West 34th-st. near Broadway; possession immediately; owner going to Europe. Also, three-story brick house, 22 by 45, in first-rate order, East 10th-st., between 5th and 6th avs. Permits of D. R. HITCHCOCK & SON, No. 100 Broadway.

THREE COUNTRY SEATS OR FARMS FOR SALE LOW—Containing 10, 40 to 100 acres, with good new buildings, fruit, water and pleasantly located, on Long Island. 2½ miles from depot; prices, $4,000, $5,000, $6,000. The owner can be seen at A. SERGEANT'S, No. 15 Wall-st.

STAMFORD, CONN.—FOR SALE, A FIRST-class residence; large house, all modern improvements, all suitable outbuildings, gardener's house, 20 acres land, excellent water, fine land and water view; one mile from depot. Apply to A. W. WALKER, No. 360 9th-av., or address Box No. 346, Stamford, Conn.

MALDEN, ULSTER COUNTY—SPLENDID 32-acre farm on the banks of the Hudson; magnificent views of Catskill mountains and the river; land excellent, full of choice fruits; buildings commodious and good; only $6,000. RIDER & FORD, No. 71 Broadway, Room No. 52.

FOR SALE—A FARM OF ABOUT 50 ACRES, handsomely located on the Newburgh Branch Railroad, five minutes from depot; plenty of fruit, &c.; stream of water through the place; buildings in fine order; horses, carriages, stock, &c., for sale. Further particulars with S. EMBERSON, No. 421 8th-av.

FOR SALE—THE ELEGANT COUNTRY RESIdence in Great Barrington, Berkshire County, Mass., built by Mr. Edward Leavitt, and known as Pine Cliff. Also a farm, with residence, farm-house, &c. Inquire of W. STANLEY, No. 16 Wall-st., New-York.

FOR SALE LOW—THE HANDSOME THREE-story and attic brick house No. 142 Macdougal-st., corner of Amity, with office on Amity-st.; basement, sub-cellar, Croton, bath, gas and furnace. Price $14,000. Apply to WM. H. KINSLEY, No. 107 Fulton-st.

FOR SALE — A FIRST-CLASS FOUR-STORY brown-stone front house in 14th-st., near 2d-av.; has all the modern improvements and is in fine order; a large portion of the purchase money can remain on bond and mortgage. Address Box No. 1,333 New-York Post-office.

FOR SALE—NINE VALUABLE LOTS NEAR Central Park, on 4th-av. and 123d-st.; can be bought cheap for cash; or will be exchanged as part payment for a well-built modern 18 or 20-feet brown-stone house. Address A. C. T., Box No. 1,478 Post-office.

FOR SALE—THE FOUR-STORY ENGLISH basement house, No. 226 East 32d-st., between 2d and 3d avs., containing all modern improvements, in good order. Inquire of A. TUSKA, No. 245 Canal-st., or on the premises.

HARLEM HOUSES, NEAR RIVER, FOR SALE.—Two well-built houses, full fronts, high ceilings, complete order throughout, and very convenient; pay 10 per cent. clear; terms accommodating. Apply on premises, east side 1st-av., second house above 112th-st.

ORANGE COUNTY, N. Y.—FARM FOR SALE cheap, 320 acres, in high cultivation, 100 valuable heavy timber, 50 miles from New-York by railroad, and a splendid farm.

SOUTHWICK & WOOD, No. 59 Liberty-st.

FOR SALE—THE HOUSE AND LOT NO. 23 University-place, between 9th and 10th sts., (extra width,) will be sold, with furniture, if desired. Apply to HOMER MORGAN, No. 3 Pine-st., or R. S. EMMET, No. 54 William-st.

FOR SALE AT YONKERS—A DELIGHTful place for small family; location every way desirable; eight rooms; lot 100x185. Apply to SANGER, No. 35 Liberty-st., New-York, or YOUMANS, No. 4 Dock-st., Yonkers. Price $7,500.

FOR SALE OR TO LET—FURNISHED OR unfurnished, the four-story English basement brown-stone front house, No. 40 East 31st-st., near Madison-av.; 20x60xhalf the block. Apply to E. S. SHERMAN, No. 253 Pearl-st., between Fulton and John.

FOR SALE AT YONKERS—A VERY SUBstantially made brick house, 14 rooms, lot 125x100; location every way desirable. Price $12,000. Apply to SANGER, No. 35 Liberty-st., New-York, or YOUMANS, No. 4 Dock-st., Yonkers.

FOR SALE—A SUPERIOR FIRST-CLASS brown-stone dwelling-house, high-stoop, No. 56 West 46th-st., between 5th and 6th avs., in superior order. Principals can apply for permits and information of E. YENNI, No. 182 Broadway.

$2.550 FOR A FRAME HOUSE IN 118th-st., between 3d and 4th avs.; ten rooms, a good well of water, and croton in the yard; wood-sheds, &c. R. CUNNINGTON, No. 41 Park-row.

FOR SALE OR TO LET—HOUSE NO. 215 West 36th-st.; 20 rooms; suitable for a large or two small families; price $1,500. Also for sale, house No. 183 East 21st.; price $10,000. E. PARTRIDGE, 72 Front-st.

FOR SALE—HOUSE AND LOT NO. 97 THOMPson-st., 25x100 feet, three-story, brick, with sub-cellar; Croton and gas throughout. For further particulars, apply to A. L. MYERS, No. 35 South William-st.

COUNTRY SEATS FOR SALE—AT WASHington Heights, Inwood, Kingsbridge, Spuytenduyvil and Sing-Sing. Inquire of THOMAS VEITCH, No. 115 Nassau-st., Room No. 12.

BROADWAY.—FOR SALE, AT A REASONable figure, a very fine extra large lot on Broadway, below Houston-st., or will lease for a long term. Apply to E. H. LUDLOW & CO., No. 3 Pine-st.

TWO HOUSES ON 39TH-ST., $10,500 each; house on Clinton-st., $3,500; fine property on 15th-st., near 5th-av., $25,000. JAQUES, No. 40 Dey-st.

FOR SALE.

ATTENTION IS CALLED

TO THE

PEREMPTORY SALE, TO CLOSE AN ESTATE,

BY

JAMES COLE'S SON, Auctioneer,

ON WEDNESDAY, MARCH 7, 1866,

AT 12 O'CLOCK, M.,

At the Commercial Exchange, No. 369 Fulton-st., opposite the City Hall, Brooklyn,

Of the valuable property in the

7TH, 8TH AND 10TH WARDS, BROOKLYN

AND ESPECIALLY OF THE

ELEVEN BRICK DWELLING HOUSES AND LOTS,

Nos. 42, 44, 46, 48, 50, 52, 54, 56, 60, 96, 93

RYERSON-ST., BROOKLYN,

BETWEEN MYRTLE AND PARK AVS.

These houses are neat and substantial, with gas and water introduced; are on high ground and in a good neighborhood; and WITHIN 25 MINUTES OF FULTON FERRY, by the MYRTLE-AV. and FLUSHING-AV. RAILROADS.

The projected new ferry to the navy-yard, will bring them still nearer to New-York.

THIS IS A RARE OPPORTUNITY FOR THE PURCHASE OF MODERATE PRICED DWELLINGS.

Title absolute, and possession given on the first of May.

Sixty per cent. of the purchase money may remain on mortgage for five years.

For maps and other particulars apply to the auctioneer, or to VARNUM & TURNEY,

No. 110 Broadway, New-York.

FOR SALE—ONE OF THE MOST ELEGANT residences, with stable in rear, on Brooklyn Heights. House four stories, extra width, all modern improvements, elegantly decorated, and in perfect order; occupied by owner. Apply to H. A. SPAFARD, No. 65 Wall-st., New-York; or No. 150 Remsen-st., Brooklyn.

HOUSES FOR SALE,

By ALBERT HAMILTON, No. 137 Broadway.

EAST—7th, 16th, 17th, 30th, 31st, 45th, 46th, 50th, 51st, 52d, 53d, 57th, 60th, 62d, 70th, 71st, 78th, 81st, 83d, 84th, 86th, 87th, 89th, 90th, 91st, 114th, 124th, 128th. WEST—16th, 18th, 22d, 25th, 27th, 33d, 34th, 37th, 38th, 42d, 44th, 46th, 49th and 52d sts.

WANTED—Houses for responsible tenants from May 1.

BROOKLYN PROPERTY FOR SALE.—Nos. 26, 28 and 28½ Flatbush-av.; also No. 92 Flatbush-av.; cottage No. 266 Raymond-st.; Nos. 340 and 342 Navy-st.; the large building known as the Arena in Raymond-st., near Fulton-av.; No. 184 Fulton-av.; brown-stone house No. 95 Elliott-place; seven stores on Flatbush-av. Also the property at the juncture of Flatbush and Fulton avs. Apply to C. WITTY, No. 638 Broadway, New-York, or H. B. WITTY, No. 10 Nevins-st., Brooklyn.

FARM FOR SALE AT A BARGAIN—ONE of the best farms in Northern Illinois, near Chicago, situated in the Town of Lockport, Will County, containing 160 acres, newly fenced; buildings new, and modern style; well watered and under high state of cultivation; near railroad, canal and good markets. Will be sold on time, or half cash, and balance in exchange for dry goods, boots, shoes, &c. For particulars, inquire of HENRY H. BELDEN, Westport, Conn.

FOR SALE—THE FINE LARGE NEW FRAME two-story and attic house, filled in with brick to peak, containing 12 rooms, with water, gas and baths, situated on Bay View Terrace, 13th-st., near 4th-av., South Brooklyn; house 22x32, with two-story extension in rear, 20x21; lot 75x100, with fine garden, fruit trees, shrubbery, &c.; price $11,000 cash. Inquire on the premises, or of W. S. RIDLEY, No. 171 Chambers-st., N. Y.

FOR SALE — A BARGAIN FOR $2,500. — AN eight-room cottage, situated south end Franklin-av., with cellar, pantries, closets, garden, barn, &c., all in good order; plenty of good water, small fruits, and convenient to the city; 35 minutes from Fulton Ferry by Flatbush-av. cars. Apply to T. S. PEERS, No. 290 Pearl-st., corner Beekman-st., or on the premises.

FARM FOR SALE—IN ORANGE COUNTY, New-York, six miles from Newburgh, adjoining Orange Lake, 196 acres, two good dwellings and necessary outbuildings; good water, wood land and plenty of fruit; possession 1st of April next; terms to suit. H. A. SPAFARD, No. 65 Wall-st., New-York, or No. 150 Remsen-st., Brooklyn.

IMPORTANT SALE.—2,900 ACRES OF OAK and pine timber land, easy of access by river, rail and canal; 22 miles west of Port Jervis; land well adapted for farming and dairy purposes. Will be sold for from $6 to $10 per acre. Terms easy. Call on or address L. C. G. KISHINKA, American Hotel, Broadway and 8th-st.

COUNTRY RESIDENCE FOR SALE OR TO LET—In North Englewood, on the Northern Railroad of New-Jersey, one hour from New-York—A two-story and attic house, 17 rooms, bath, water-closet, carriage-house, stable, about three acres, good variety of fruit, hydrant in garden and carriage-house, fountain in front. M. FLANNELLY.

FARM FOR SALE—67 ACRES GOOD LOAM soil; house and barn; within 2½ miles of steamboat dock; 37 from New-York; on Long Island; price $4,100. Also, 20 acres, with buildings; good loam soil; price $2,000. Apply to E. W. ARTHUR, No. 177 Fulton Country Market, from 9 to 12 this day.

FOR SALE—WELL-BUILT BRICK HOUSE, 17th Ward, Brooklyn, with three lots; house has modern improvements, and is in perfect order; good stable in the rear; in all 75 feet by 125 feet.

Address S. W. TUBBS,
No. 5 Beekman-st., Room No. 6.

FOR SALE—FIFTY-SECOND-ST., FIFTH AND 6th avs., four-story high-stoop, built by the day; property restricted all round; also, No. 187 East 50th-st., partly furnished, $20,000; also, in 62d-st., 1st-av., three-story high-stoop. Apply to S. M. STYLES,

No. 187 East 50th-st., at 1 or 6 P. M.

FOR SALE—AT GREENWICH, CONN., A SHORT distance from the depot, a new modern-built house, fourteen rooms, with nearly two acres of land, situated on an eminence commanding a fine view of Long Island Sound. Inquire at the depot, Greenwich, or of D. B. MEAD, No. 47 Water-st.

FOR SALE—AT NEW-ROCHELLE, FIVE MINutes' from depot, a neat cottage house, 11 rooms, gas, furnace, &c., &c., in excellent order; garden, stable, carriage-house; plenty shade; location healthy; price $6,500. COUDERT BROTHERS, No. 49 Wall-st.

FOR SALE—ONE OF THE MOST COMPLETE and well-finished brown-stone and brick front houses to be found, four stories, basement and cellar, high stoop, in good order, with every convenience; wash-tubs, furnace, gas and Croton water from cellar to attic; dumb-waiter. Apply at No. 219 9th-st., near 2d-av.

FOR SALE—THREE BROWN-STONE HOUSES on 2d-av., between 124th and 125th sts., including corner of 124th st., three stories and basement, containing all modern improvements. Possession of one of them immediately. Inquire at Hanson's saw mill, 3d-av. and 129th-st. THOMAS HANSON.

A BARGAIN.—FOR SALE—THE MODERN brick house No. 326 East 16th-st., with gas, bath, range, &c.; lot 21x103.3; house 21x43; about four doors from Stuyvesant Park. Price only $10,750; must be sold. Apply to E. H. BROWN, No. 121 Nassau-st., from 1 to 3 P. M.

CORNER PROPERTY FOR SALE—TWO four-story brown-stone fronts, modern improvements, with two stores; best business property up town; will pay 20 per cent. Apply to the owner, D. H. BROWE, No. 479 West 34th-st.

A SPLENDID BUSINESS LOCATION IN the country for sale very cheap; store, dwelling, two tenant houses, barn, shed, fruit, 11 acres superior land, and all in good order. SOUTHWICK & WOOD, No. 59 Liberty-st.

HOUSE AND LOT FOR SALE.—THE house and lot No. 59 West 10th-st., between 4th-st. and Waverley-place. Can be seen between the hours of 2 and 4.

ELEGANTLY FURNISHED HOUSES in New-York and vicinity; furnished and unfurnished houses in Brooklyn; desirable houses for sale cheap. FREEMAN & CO., No. 206 Broadway.

FOR SALE—IMPORTANT TO THOSE WANTING FARMS—Farms of all sizes for sale; 6 to 100 miles from the City; $2,000 to $30,000. FREEMAN & CO., No. 206 Broadway.

FOR SALE—A REAL GOOD HOME WITH garden, fruit, shade, and stable at Portchester. For a full printed description, send to No. 15 West 20th-st.

FOR SALE IN BROOKLYN—THE ELEgant four-story brown-stone front house, No. 12 Carroll Park; first class in all respects. Inquire of HOMER MORGAN, No. 2 Pine-st.

AT NYACK, UPON THE HUDSON—A handsome building site of one acre, with river front and fine views, for sale cheap. Drug-store, No. 363 Bowery, corner of 4th-st.

FOR SALE—HOUSE AND LOT, NO. 77 THIRD-place, Brooklyn. Inquire of W. B. SCOTT & CO., No. 44 Pine-st., N. Y.

FOR SALE—THE THREE-STORY COLUMN house on 125th-st., just below 2d-av., with one or more lots. G. CHESTERMAN, No. 76 Nassau-st.

FOR SALE—BRICK STABLE NO. 127 WEST 19th-st. Apply to ABNER L. ELY, No. 22 Pine-st.

BOARDING AND LODGING.

BROOKLYN BOARD FOR GENTLEMEN only, in a private family. Location excellent; rooms well furnished; unexceptionable references required. Apply at (or address) No. 275 Henry-st., Brooklyn.

WANTED—BY A GENTLEMAN AND HIS wife, not wishing the cares of housekeeping, in a strictly private family, the first and part of the second floor, partly furnished, of a house, in a first-class neighborhood; private table required; possession wanted about May 1. Address J. D. S., Box No. 145 *Times* Office.

SUMMER BOARD.—HUDSON RIVER INSTItute, Claverack, N. Y.; buildings and grounds in thorough order for boarders; as healthy place as can be found; constant access by cars and Hudson boats; reference to guests of last season. Address for circular Prof. S. T. FROST.

TWO OR THREE GENTLEMEN CAN obtain good board on moderate terms, in a private American family. Apply at No. 11 3d-av., opposite Cooper Institute.

NOTICE.—THE PECONIA HOUSE, GREENport, L. I., will be opened May 1; also the WYANDANK, April 1, for the Summer, under the supervision of the subscriber. A. SMITH.

PARLOR EXTENSION AND HALL BED-ROOM on first floor; also rooms for gentleman and wife or single gentlemen. No. 34 W. 29th-st. Dinner at 6.

A FURNISHED FRONT ROOM WITH alcove to let with board; house all the modern improvements. No. 106 West 43d-st. No moving in May.

A ROOM TO LET—TO SUIT ONE GENTLEman; hot and cold water bath; dinner at 6 o'clock. Apply at No. 186 2d-av., between 11th and 12th sts.

STATIONERY.

BASSETT'S GOLD PENS

Are made of the finest stock, and are the most *substantial* GOLD PENS used.

C. R. BASSETT, Manufacturer,
No. 254 Broadway, New-York,
Opposite City Hall.

THE BEST AND CHEAPEST INKS.—"Keys' National Writing Fluid" and "American Union Ink." No sediment; flow freely and do not corrode. Sold by the trade generally. Manufactured by REEVES & CO., successor to J. G. Keys. Removed to No. 269 Washington-st., near Reade.

The New-York Times.

NEW-YORK, SATURDAY, MARCH 3, 1866.

To Our Subscribers.

We have frequent complaints that persons ordering the TIMES from our carriers are served with other papers instead. They will confer a special favor upon us by immediately reporting every instance of the kind to the TIMES Office.

To Advertisers.

Advertisers in the TIMES are requested to bring in their notices at as early an hour in the day as possible. If received after 8½ o'clock, it will be impossible to classify them under their proper heads.

Amusements this Evening.

ACADEMY OF MUSIC.
14th-st., corner of Irving-place.
THIS AFTERNOON, March 3, commencing at 1 o'clock, Italian Opera. DON PASQUALE. A complete cast, including Mlle. Enrichetta Bosisio, Signors E. Irfre, Bellini and Sarti (his first appearance.) Conductor, Signor Torriani.

WINTER GARDEN.
Broadway, between Bleecker and Amity sts.
THIS EVENING, March 3, commencing at 7¼ o'clock, RICHELIEU; OR, THE CONSPIRACY. Characters by Messrs. Charles Barron, J. H. Taylor, John Dyott, W. Donaldson, Kemble Mason, Andrews, Bland, Miss E. Johnson, Mrs. Wilkins, &c., in the cast.

NIBLO'S GARDEN.
Broadway, between Prince and Houston sts.
THIS EVENING, March 3, commencing at 7¾ o'clock, FANCHON, THE CRICKET. Characters by Messrs. J. G. Burnett, J. W. Collier, George Becks, E. B. Holmes, Misses Maggie Mitchell, Mary Wells, Farren, Maeder, Burke, H. Chapman, Everett.

WALLACK'S THEATRE.
Broadway, corner 13th-st.
THIS EVENING, March 3, commencing at 8 o'clock, SOCIETY. Characters by Messrs. Frederic Robinson, Charles Fisher, Mark Smith, Holston, George Holland, Norton, Miss Madeline Henriques, Mrs. Vernon, Miss Emma Le Brun, Mrs. Timoney, Miss Kate Barrett and Miss Scott.

NEW BOWERY THEATRE.
Bowery, between Canal and Hester sts.
THIS EVENING, March 3, commencing at 7½ o'clock, DER FREISCHUTZ, BLUESKIN; OR, JACK AND HIS PALS, and LE SOLITAIRE.

OLYMPIC THEATRE.
Broadway, between Houston and Bleecker sts.
THIS EVENING, March 2, commencing at 7¾ o'clock, CINDERELLA E LA COMARE; or, the LOVER, THE LACKEY, AND LITTLE GLASS SLIPPER, and USED UP.

LUCY RUSHTON'S NEW-YORK THEATRE,
Nos. 728 and 730 Broadway.
THIS EVENING, March 3, commencing at 7¾ o'clock, GIRALDA and THE KING'S GARDENER. Characters by the Company.

BROADWAY THEATRE.
Broadway, between Grand and Broome sts.
THIS AFTERNOON, March 3, commencing at 1½ o'clock, and EVENING, at 7¾, UNCLE SOLON SHINGLE and LIVE INDIAN. Characters by Messrs. John E. Owens, W. C. Forbes, J. W. Albaugh, F. J. Evans, H. L. Hinton, W. H. Hamblin, H. Jordan; Mrs. A. Hind, Miss Saidee Cole.

WOOD'S THEATRE,
Broadway, opposite St. Nicholas Hotel.
THIS EVENING, March 3, commencing at 7¾ o'clock, ATONEMENT; OR, THE CHILD STEALER. Characters by Messrs. Barton Hill, G. C. Davenport, Miss Lucille Western, Miss H. Osborne, Mrs. E. Wright, Miss A. Seidler.

FOX'S OLD BOWERY THEATRE.
Bowery, between Bayard and Canal sts.
THIS EVENING, March 3, commencing at 7½ o'clock, JACK and GILL WENT UP THE HILL, and a Favorite Farce. Characters by Messrs. G. L. Fox, C. K. Fox, Master Timothy and Mlle. Martinetti.

BARNUM'S NEW MUSEUM.
Broadway, between Spring and Prince sts.
THIS AFTERNOON at 2. EVENING at 7½ o'clock. MOSES; OR, ISRAEL IN EGYPT. MAGNIFICENT SCENERY, COSTUMES, &c. 100,000 CURIOSITIES.

NEW-YORK CIRCUS AND HIPPOTHEATRON.
14th-st., opposite the Academy of Music.
THIS AFTERNOON, March 3, commencing at 2½ o'clock, MATINEE; EVENING at 8, THE SPRITE OF THE SILVER SHOWER, WITH THE ARRAY OF LOVELY CHILDREN.

BRYANT'S MINSTRELS.
Broadway, between Grand and Broome sts.
THIS EVENING, March 3, commencing at 7¾ o'clock, VULCAN AT THE FORGE; POLLY ANN; THE DEAD DUCKS, and THE CHALLENGE DANCE. Characters by Dan Bryant, Little Mac, Rollin Howard, Neise Seymour, Dave Reed, Neil Bryant, &c.

SOMERVILLE ART GALLERY,
No. 845 Broadway.
THIS DAY AND EVENING, March 3—Exhibition of GEORGE H. HALL'S PICTURES, FIGURE, FRUIT AND FLOWER SUBJECTS.

DUSSELDORF GALLERY,
No. 548 Broadway.
THIS DAY AND EVENING, March 3—Exhibition of Church's celebrated picture, "TWILIGHT IN THE TROPICS," and 200 other Paintings.

HOPE CHAPEL.
No. 720 Broadway.
THIS EVENING, March 3, commencing at 8 o'clock. CORRIE'S ILLUSTRATED TOUR OF SCOTLAND.

IRVING HALL.
Irving-place, corner 15th-st.
THIS EVENING, March 3, commencing at 8 o'clock, GRAND CONCERT OF THE NATIONAL CONSERVATORY OF MUSIC, assisted by the first artists in the country, including De Rossi, Massimiliano, Antonucci, Louis Schreiber, Edward Mollenhauer, Henry Mollenhauer, Alexander, Bernard.

NEWS OF THE DAY.

CONGRESS.

In the Senate, yesterday, Mr. WILSON reported a resolution to compensate Miss CLARA BARTON for services in searching for missing Union soldiers. Mr. LANE, of Kansas, offered a resolution of inquiry into the expediency of calling a National Convention to consider proposed constitutional amendments. Mr. DOOLITTLE rose to a personal explanation, denying the statement in a dispatch that he had disparaged Mr. SUMNER at a public meeting in New-Haven. The bill granting land to aid in the construction of a railroad from Springfield, Mo., to the Pacific coast, and incorporating the Atlantic and Pacific Railroad Company, was passed. The House concurrent resolution being in order, Mr. COWAN addressed the Senate in opposition to the resolution, and in favor of the immediate admission of the rebel States. Mr. COWAN was followed by Mr. DAVIS and Mr. DOOLITTLE on the same side. Mr. WILSON next addressed the Senate in favor of the bill.

In the House, Mr. SCHENCK presented the resolution of the Ohio General Assembly, recommending the appointment of volunteer officers to fill vacancies in the regular army. Mr. EGGLESTON introduced a bill for the better protection of life on board steam vessels. On motion of Mr. PERHAM, an inquiry was ordered into the propriety of providing by law that soldiers who enlisted in 1861 and 1862, and served more than a year, shall receive the Government bounty to which they would have been entitled had they served two years. Mr. VAN HORN, of New-York, reported a bill to construct a ship canal around the Falls of Niagara, which was read twice and recommitted. Mr. BOUTWELL presented a petition of colored citizens of Georgia, asking for the privilege of suffrage. Also a petition from white citizens of Alabama not to remove the National troops, and representing the utmost destitution to exist in the State. Mr. BAKER asked to offer an Amendment to the Constitution, excluding from the Presidency, Vice-Presidency, Congress, the Army and Navy, and the Judiciary, &c., of the United States, all who have voluntarily aided the rebellion by taking part in the rebel civil, military or naval service. The bill granting the title to certain lands within the limits of the City of San Francisco was passed. The Senate Civil Rights Bill being next in order, Mr. THAYER spoke in its support. Mr. HILL moved an amendment excepting from those declared citizens such as have voluntarily borne arms against the Government or aided its enemies; also to except the right of suffrage from the civil rights conferred. Mr. ELDRIDGE spoke in opposition to the bill. The bill was further debated by Mr. THORNTON and Mr. WINDOM. Mr. SHELLABARGER spoke in favor of the measure. On motion of Mr. WILSON it was voted to postpone further consideration of the subject to Thursday next. Mr. RAYMOND desired a vote to be taken on his substitute presented on Thursday, to which Mr. WILSON objected.

STATE LEGISLATURE.

In the Senate yesterday a bill was introduced authorizing the Liverpool, New-York, and Philadelphia Steamship Company to rebuild and extend Pier No. 35 on the North River. The bill referring to the Regents of the University for the settlement of any differences that may arise in the Board of Trustees of the New-York College for Women, was reported favorably. A bill was introduced authorizing the Comptroller of New-York to borrow money in anticipation of taxation, for the use of the Metropolitan Fire Department.

In the Assembly a bill was reported for the better protection of seamen in the port of New-York; also to facilitate the transportation of way freight and to regulate the prices thereof on railroads in this State; also to incorporate the association for the erection of monuments to the memory of soldiers. A bill was introduced for the better protection of life on steamboats; also to provide for refunding to various banks and Insurance Companies of New-York the taxes of 1863 and 1864; also a bill for the survey of ancient mounds and earthworks in this State; also to incorporate the Harlem River and Portchester Railroad Company. A resolution was introduced that it is the duty of the Government to demand the immediate evacuation of Mexico by MAXIMILIAN, which was referred, and the Assembly adjourned.

GENERAL NEWS.

Miss CLARA BURTON, of Washington, has memorialized Congress for aid in her efforts to find the missing soldiers of the army. On the first of last May she published a roll of fifteen hundred names, 20,000 copies of which were circulated. The printing was done at the Government office, by the express order of the President, and Senator WILSON sent them out for her under his frank. She has expended $7,533—the entire labor of correspondence, registry, preparation and publication of the rolls having been borne by herself. She thinks the work should be continued by Government, either under her charge or the charge of some one else.

Hon. JAMES JOHNSON, late Provisional Governor of Georgia, who is now in Washington, says the condition of affairs in that State is very far from being as satisfactory as when the civil government was first restored. He speaks of the Freedmen's Bureau as an absolute necessity, both for the Union men and the blacks, and that it is very important that more troops be sent into the State at once.

A dispatch from Washington to the Philadelphia *Ledger* states that the Peace Proclamation is ready, and may be shortly looked for to make its appearance. The President in this document declares the war as successfully closed, peace restored to the country, and the Southern States entitled to representation in the councils of the nation.

A daring robbery was committed in the town of Riga, N. H., on Wednesday night. Three men in disguise entered the house of MILTON WHIPPLE, tied Mr. WHIPPLE and his wife and daughter with cords, and under threat of death compelled Mr. WHIPPLE to surrender the key of his safe. They then took $100 in cash, and stocks and bonds to the amount of $26,000, after which they departed. Mr. WHIPPLE is a man of wealth, and a farmer, 70 years of age.

Major-Gen. POPE has issued an order detailing a plan for the better protection of travelers crossing the Plains. After designating the posts of rendezvous he directs that all trains are to be fully equipped for defence, and each train must consist of at least twenty wagons and thirty armed men. Military escorts will be furnished when necessary, and no travelers will be permitted to cross except in accordance with the regulations of the order.

Some excitement was created at Newburgh a few days since. The 9¼ o'clock New-York train not coming to time on the Hudson River Railroad, a report was circulated that all the trains on the road had been seized by the Government for the non-payment of the Internal Revenue taxes by the Company. The rumor caused a slight consternation for a time, but the appearance of the train soon dissipated it.

The Montgomery *Mail* says that Gen. D. H. HILL has abandoned his purpose of leaving the country and attaching himself to the cause of MAXIMILIAN, or settling in Brazil, but has, like a good citizen and brave man, settled himself at home and entered upon the publication of a monthly, devoted to literature and agriculture.

The *Oil Springs Chronicle*, of Canada West, says that an extraordinary oil well has just been discovered in Canada. It yielded on the 21st of February 2,259 gallons of oil in one hour, which was at the rate of 1,692 barrels of thirty-two gallons each a day.

It is announced that terms of consolidation have been agreed upon between Committees of the Western Union and United States Telegraph Companies, by which, if confirmed by the Directors, the lines of the two companies are to be operated by one.

In Alabama, whipping and branding have been abolished as legal punishments, and a new punishment is introduced, entitled "hard labor for the county."

Dr. JEFFRIES WYMAN has resigned his place as Hersey Professor of Anatomy in Harvard College. It is understood that he takes a position in connection with the Boston Natural History Society.

A committee of the Louisiana Legislature has been appointed to lay before President JOHNSON the condition of State affairs.

Experiments made on the Central Railroad demonstrate that peat may be used in running locomotives.

LOCAL NEWS.

The Metropolitan Board of Health organized yesterday afternoon, at the headquarters of the Board of Metropolitan Police, by the election of Mr. JACKSON S. SCHULTZ as President, and Mr. BENJAMIN F. MANIERRE as Secretary. Dr. ELISHA HARRIS was chosen Registrar of Records, and Dr. JONES, late Health Officer of Brooklyn, was made Deputy Registrar of Records—the Deputy Registrar to exercise the functions of Registrar for Brooklyn. It having been reported that the late City Inspector had distributed among the undertakers of this city blank burial permits bearing his printed autograph, the Board of Police were requested to secure all such blanks and surrender them to the Board of Health, without delay.

In the law column will be found an important opinion of the United States Supreme Court, fixing the construction to be placed upon the Act of 1863, prescribing a penalty for undervaluation, and the Act of 1864 imposing a specific tax of six dollars per dozen on the importation of sparkling wines. In the Court below (for the District of California) it was held that as the wines paid the specific tax they were not subject to condemnation for undervaluation. This Court reverses that judgment, for reasons which will be found in the opinion.

The Commencement of the Medical Department of the University of New-York took place in the large chapel of the University, last evening, Chancellor FERRIS presiding. The degree of Doctor of Medicine was conferred upon seventy-nine young gentlemen, and a valedictory address, in verse, was recited by Dr. ALFRED C. POST. The venerable Chancellor informed the large audience which assembled to witness the ceremonies that the distribution of the Mott medals is to be continued in perpetuity, in accordance with the wish of the lamented VALENTINE MOTT.

A Frenchman named E. B. MADDEN, formerly in the employ of several of our leading citizens as a copyist, was yesterday arrested on a charge of larceny. In his possession were found a number of letters written in the French language, addressed to Superintendent KENNEDY, Sir FREDERICK BRUCE, British Minister at Washington, and others, in which he states that he had a special mission from Heaven to assassinate President JOHNSON. The prisoner was committed for trial, and will undergo medical examination to determine if he is sane.

MICHAEL WOGAN, THOMAS AHEARN, CHARLES O'NEIL and HERMAN GALDZ entered the lager-beer saloon at No. 98 Canal-street, about 1 o'clock yesterday morning, for refreshments. While there WOGAN and AHEARN began disputing, and GALDZ attempted to pacify and separate them. O'NEIL, however, drew a pistol and fired, the bullet taking effect in GALDZ' abdomen, inflicting, it is feared, a mortal wound. O'NEIL was arrested and has been committed to await the result of GALDZ's injuries.

The case of VALENTINE FINK *vs.* FRANK LYONS and JOSEPH STERN et al., already reported in our columns, was concluded yesterday by the Jury rendering a verdict of $7,000 against STERN & Co. The builder, LYONS, who was made a defendant, is released from all liability. Upon motion of Mr. H. BEAVY, counsel for the plaintiff, the Court granted an extra allowance of $200.

The Committee appointed to investigate the charges of corruption brought against the New Court-house Committee by Supervisor ELY, met again yesterday, and, after a long discussion, decided to summon witnesses to testify as to the price of materials used in the construction of the building.

At a general term of the Supreme Court in Kings County, yesterday, a new trial was ordered in the case of the People *vs.* GONZALES and SALVADOR, the alleged murderers of Señor OTERO. Judge BARNARD delivered the opinion, Judge GILBERT dissenting.

Mr. E. A. STANSBURY, late President of the Morris Fire and Inland Insurance Company, was yesterday fined $1,000 for contempt of Court, by Justice BARNARD.

A meeting of the Constitutional Union Committee was held last evening. Addresses were made by Ex-Gov. HUNT, Mr. HENRY R. DAVIS, and others.

Gold fell to 135⅛ per cent. yesterday, on the dullness of Exchange on London, which closed at 108½@108¾. Money steady at 7 per cent. Government stocks in demand. The public debt statement of March 1 is esteemed as very favorable. The railway speculation was excited on Erie shares, but otherwise indifferently supported.

Business in produce and merchandise was generally less active yesterday, though Cotton was brisker and firmer, and Sugars were in fair request. Flour improved 5c.@10c. ₩ bbl; prime Wheat, 2c.@3c. ₩ bushel. Lard and Tallow were cheaper. Freights more active.

The South in Congress.

The rumor comes from so many sources that we can scarcely doubt the intention of the Reconstruction Committee speedily to report a bill for the admission into Congress of the loyal representatives of Tennessee. If newspaper reports are of any value, the Committee have finally decided, by a majority, that the State which has supplied a President for the Union is entitled to recognition on the floor of the Senate and the House; and legislation is anticipated with the view of according to loyal representatives the privileges which, from the commencement of the present session, should never have been denied them.

In one aspect, perhaps, this decision of the Committee of fifteen ought to be accepted without a too close scrutiny into the motives which prompt it, or the reasons upon which it rests. It should be enough, mayhap, that the rights of Tennessee to representation in the National Legislature are finally conceded, irrespective of the policy which has until now denied their force, or the precise mode in which tardy justice is eventually to be administered. In the judgment of many, it may be enough that Tennessee shall no longer be excluded from its proper sphere of influence. And certainly, estimating things by comparison, and measures by their immediate effects, the purpose of the Reconstruction Committee, so-called, may merit approval. Anxious as the nation is to see the noble State which contributed a JACKSON to grapple with one crisis, and a JOHNSON to overcome the perils of another, fairly and fully occupying once more its constitutional position at Washington, there will probably be a general inclination to seize such a proposition as that which is imputed to the Committee, irrespective of the objections that may be raised to the shape in which the Committee's action shall finally appear.

There are one or two considerations, however, which require us to ask that a good deed shall be gracefully performed—that a decision in itself just and expedient shall be so rendered that it loses nothing of its justice or expediency when viewed as a part of the well-weighed policy of the nation.

Tennessee has a right to be represented in Congress, or it has not. If right be on its side, its Senators and Representatives should be admitted, subject only to the decision of the House as to the qualifications of the persons presenting their credentials. If right be not on its side, legislation in its favor admits of no defence; its Senators and Representatives have no claim whatever to recognition in either house. From these alternatives we see no logical escape.

If, then, Tennessee is not entitled to a place in Congress, why are we to have a bill introduced in its favor? The question is one of constitutional right, not of the will of a Committee, howsoever illustrious be the fifteen gentlemen of whom it is composed. To concede that legislation is necessary to the admission of the representatives of Tennessee, is to concede the whole question at issue between those who hold that the South is made up of conquered Territories, and those who maintain that the States lately in rebellion are still within the Union. A necessity for legislation in behalf of Tennessee can only proceed on the hypothesis that that State, in common with other portions of the South, is at present out of the Union. The just, consistent course would therefore seem to be, to affirm by resolution that all the Southern States have forfeited their existence as States—that the whole South, Tennessee included, has no constitutional title to a seat in Congress—and that a bill providing for the admission of Tennessee is but the beginning of a series of measures providing respectively for the admission of the remaining Southern States. Is the Reconstruction Committee prepared boldly to assume this ground? Is Congress prepared by its action to sustain this position, whether the Committee declare it or not?

For, on the other hand, it is manifest that if Tennessee is within the Union, the measure talked of will be a work of supererogation. The Reconstruction Committee has, properly, nothing to say or do in the premises, except so far as it may be able to throw light upon the formalities observed by the State in respect of the election, and the qualifications of the individuals claiming to be elected. And if Tennessee, being within the Union, has a right to be represented in Congress, why have not the other Southern States the same right? From this point of view the question to be decided is one of principle, by which the whole South is affected—not one of favor—which Congress or any of its committees is at liberty to determine according to its pleasure.

Nothing that we know of is to be gained by an attempt to evade the points really in controversy. The issue is not one of sympathy, but of right; and whatever the Reconstruction Committee may report, we apprehend that the action of Congress will ultimately rest upon some intelligible and well defined general principle, rather than upon an exceptional preference for Tennessee or any other State. Why is not the question so dealt with by the Committee, if its object now be to promote the restoration of harmony within the Union? The times call for frankness and promptitude. And if partisan strife is at last to give place to patriotic effort, it would be difficult to find a better basis for conciliation than is presented by the question of the right of the South to representation in Congress.

THE YOUNG MEN OF OUR CITY.—The difficulties under which very large numbers of young men labor, in regard to the employment of their spare hours, the want of opportunities for social intercourse, and introductions of the newly arrived to suitable employments are well known. It is estimated that there are over 111,000 males in the City between the ages of 15 and 30. The private life of many of these is wholly unknown to their employers, while their crowding together in boarding-houses often deteriorates by example the habits of those who are not naturally prone to vice. The temptations held out to them are fearfully numerous, successful and increasing. For instance, there are about eight thousand porter-houses and bar-rooms, where the dwellers in cheerless and barrack-like houses find refuge, and in hundreds of which the billiard-table and other attractions are provided and extensively patronized. Those dens of vice, the saloons, with their vicious associations, number at least 220 in this City, and the daily visitors thereat, chiefly young men, are over 30,000. There are many other influences of a still viler character by which the weak are assailed, but we need not name them. The great want is of some system by which the life of young men after business hours may be cheered and elevated. This may be done in various ways. A plan of offering advice and help to those who arrive from abroad, and are without friends, of introducing those who are without society to agreeable and domestic companionship, of providing public libraries and reading-rooms with such facilities as would render shyness uncalled for, of making friends of those who are friendless, would do very much to mitigate the evils which are so powerful in destroying the health and happiness of thousands. Any beginning in these directions would be welcomed, and would entitle those who made it to the gratitude and respect of the community.

Ireland Once More Under the Yoke—Effects of Fenian "Liberation."

With a promptness worthy of imitation, the British Government has resorted to the extremity of suspending the writ of *habeas corpus*, so far as the sub-kingdom of Ireland is concerned. It is a fact, ever to be regretted by the generations that are to earn and pay the enormous debt of these United States, that President BUCHANAN did not, in November, 1860, do the same thing. Had he at that time suspended this writ, there would have been no rebellion; TWIGGS would have died a hero instead of a base traitor; the army in Texas would have been permitted (as they always desired) to adhere to the true flag; blatant BEAUREGARD would have preferred his pay in the regular service to the doubtful support of the DAVIS revolutionists, and there could have been no serious attempt at rebellion. What then? This simple suspension of *habeas corpus* in 1860, with an order to Lieut.-Gen. SCOTT to "regulate matters" where disturbances might occur, would have most certainly prevented the first and fatal overt act—the bombardment of Sumter. That prevented, the prospective rebellion would have failed. DAVIS might have plotted and raved; TOOMBS might have declaimed and urged on the crowd; TWIGGS would not have changed his name and fame for that of BENEDICT ARNOLD; BRECKINRIDGE would not have gone down to his grave weighted with the infamy of perjury; LEE would not have reluctantly surrendered a sword that should have been garlanded with a grateful nation's laurels; Stonewall JACKSON might have exhausted his Huguenot zeal for that which he deemed the right, but still on the right side; and the seas would never have been reddened by the fiery tracks of *Alabamas* and *Shenandoahs*. The mere act of suspending the great writ, of putting the land and the sea under the iron rule of military law, would have fallen with crushing effect upon the elaborate framework of the rebellion; and the entire machinery of insurrection, the very soul of the revolution, would have melted and passed away under the wise hand of a *real* Government. Thus we should have saved many thousand millions of wasted substance, three thousand millions of public debt, and, what is infinitely greater, the precious lives of half a million of noble men, whose stalwart forms and generous spirits made the actual wealth of our great nation. Patriotism, public sympathy and private sorrow, mourn over the known and unknown graves of these martyrs to the imbecility of a man whom fortune had thrust into a position to which he was not only not equal, but in which he was the facile tool of ambitious demagogues and incipient traitors.

We paid in life and treasure, through four years of devastating war, through bloody battles that have no parallel in the world's history, through the trial and the doubt that such a gigantic struggle involves, through the coldness of professed friends and the active malice of old and new enemies—through these and all cognate means and artifices of discouragement—we paid the penalty that every great nation must pay, when adverse circumstances bring it to a trial of its strength, and its leaders are found unequal to the emergency. Jealousy of our power and hatred of our form of Government joined hands abroad to work for our downfall. National and international laws were twisted to suit the occasion. A rebellious mob that had not a harbor on earth, nor a national flag on the sea—that did not even claim maritime status, was eagerly recognized as a belligerent, furnished with ships and arms, and granted harbor in almost every neutral port. We protested, invoked precedent, quoted laws; but all for nothing. The most willing and most prominent offender placed his ship-building hand upon his neutral breast, and, rolling his cotton-colored eyes upward, said: "Thou canst not say hi did it." But still LAIRD built at Birkenhead, and his coadjutors furnished at Funchal, and *Alabamas* and *Shenandoahs* went forth to their work of destruction, while John Bull washed his meek hands and gave thanks that he was not like other men. And he was not.

The whirligig of Time brings about its revenges. The American Union is practically restored, and the British *Thunderer* now roars you as gently as any sucking dove. But the fiery spirit engendered by our intestine war has left among us a mass of inflammable material, that is now, like HUDIBRAS' sword, eating through its scabbard for the lack of something else to hew and hack. The Irish element—reckless, senseless, wild, impulsive, generous, and always turbulent—is restive under the restraints of peace. Prompted by experience in the field under MCCLELLAN, SHERMAN and GRANT, and seeing how positively the determined and phlegmatic North crushed down, by its iron will and unyielding determination, the rebellious South, these Irish (now called Fenians) have assumed to beard the British Lion, and would (if they could succeed) tear from the diadem of Queen VICTORIA her third jewel—the emerald set in the ring of the sea.

It is true, we look upon these proceedings as partaking largely of the ludicrous—indeed, so absurd are they generally thought to be, that any serious interference by our Government would seem even more ridiculous than the vagaries of the Fenians themselves. But, however absurd, they continue to make themselves believe that they are in real earnest, and look upon their machinery of government as something partaking of actuality, that ought not to be laughed at. They have their centres, and consequently their circles and circumferences; they have set up the skeleton of a Government, and have certain ghost-like officers known as (or rather called) Secretary of War, Secretary of State, and—what is more important—a Secretary of the Treasury. They have taxed those who would stand it, and levied forced or voluntary contributions from the credulous and the ignorant, in the stable and the kitchen, to support this bastard Government; they have sent envoys extraordinary to Affghanistan, to the moon, and to Ireland, (the latter traveling *incognito*;) they have held hundreds of meetings, and made thousands of speeches; they have wrangled, and quarreled, and fought with fists in scores of places, (outside of Ireland;) they have belabored each other with all the pungent vituperation for which their race is notorious; they have swamped the wide columns of the newspapers with *ex-parte* statements of their differences; they have gone through the ridiculous motions of holding a Congress—the grand central power of legislation and direction for the Republic of Ireland, held—not in Ireland—but in Pittsburgh, Penn., a safe four thousand miles from the shores of Galway, and as many hundreds from any water upon which a British man-of-war is allowed to float.

The effect of all this blather in America upon the victims in Ireland can be briefly stated. The British lion, apprehensive that there may possibly be some fire where there is so much smoke, takes this new Irish bull by the horns, gently growls out a suspension of the privileges of *habeas corpus*, frisks his royal tail over the Green Isle, stamps his imperial foot, and Fenianism *in Ireland* is a matter of history. Yet they will bluster and cavort here; they will speechify, brag, beg—do anything but go over to Ireland and fight. They will denounce British tyranny, and be especially eloquent upon violations of law. All the while they will be laboring to embroil this Government with that of Great Britain, to bring about some collision that may make "England's necessity Ireland's opportunity." But coolness will rule. We have no reason to favor England; but we have every reason to be jealous of our own honor. That England winked at *Alabamas* is no example for us. We are to deal justly and honorably by all peoples, even by our most active enemies; and particularly we must be careful that no actual military expedition against a nation with which we are at peace should be organized and set in operation within our jurisdiction. The reader will naturally say that this Fenian folly is simply contemptible; that there is not a possible shadow of fight in the whole crew. That may be so; but three thousand miles away the picture may have a different aspect, and men who do not know the real character of the blustering braggarts who are engineering the movement, may be deceived into giving them credit for courage and sincerity. The sooner that error is dissipated the better. As for Ireland herself, she is now reaping the bitter fruit of the wicked and selfish machinations of her pretended friends on this side of the water.

What the South Wants.

The Southern States want capital and labor. Under their propitious skies there are leagues and leagues of fruitful lands, of which we may say, in the Hibernian simile, "Tickle them with a hoe, and they will laugh with a harvest." The collapse of the rebellion has left a sad state of society over most of that fair territory. Down the Mississippi Valley, of which section we now propose to speak, there are left four or five conflicting classes of people. The most numerous are the emancipated slaves, the men and women who made the cotton plantations of Mississippi and the adjacent States to yield princely fortunes for other men, whose only care was how to spend the golden shower falling upon their heads. It did not require many years of prosperity to elevate such owners of the soil into a local oligarchy; they were lords of the land; their broad domains often exceeded the surfaces of European principalities; they saw the subject black and the poor white alike beneath them, and before the glance of the cotton planter the mechanic, the trader, and the venturesome outside speculators, shrunk with instinctive dread. Acquisition of power bred aristocracy of tone, such as it was; wealth induced luxury; and it became, in such society, a desideratum, if not a necessity, that all who pretended to political or personal preferment should be rich in land and negroes. For the term rich in the South, six years ago, meant only soil and human flesh. If ASTOR had coined his vast wealth into eagles, and loaded a flat-boat with gold, he could not have made the great Valley planters believe that he was actually rich; but, had he bought ten thousand acres and ten hundred negroes, though he had not another dollar in the world, he would have been welcomed to the charmed circle of Southern planter aristocracy.

This close corporation, as we may say, in the ownership of the soil, was one of the most serious hindrances to Southern prosperity. It is now well known that a thrifty man can easily make a handsome profit—in truth acquire a fortune—from the cultivation of ten acres of that rich land along the great river; and we all remember instances where slaves who have had the privilege of cultivating even a half-acre, after doing their regular work on the plantation, have, within a few years, bought themselves out of slavery by such trifling exertion. The ease with which fortunes could be made within limited spaces of land, alarmed the great proprietors, and they combined to discourage such efforts. Affecting lofty contempt for "poor men," as they deemed all who could not drive their hundred negroes, they refused to sell small tracts of land, and scoffed at any man who could not pay down fifteen or twenty thousand dollars for his six or seven hundred acres. Cash down was also the rule, for the rich proprietor knew little and cared less about bonds and mortgages; the only accommodation within his knowledge was his broker's advance of cash upon his incoming cotton crop. So, nearly all Northern and European intrusion was repelled. There were a great many ambitious and energetic men with their few hundreds or thousands of capital, who would gladly have taken up the uncultivated acres along the river, and turned the weedy and worthless waste into blooming gardens. But the Southern system of sale forbade them. If they came at all, it was against most bigoted and unreasoning prejudice, and to obtain a foothold they must buy a whole township, including a drove of negroes, most expensive machinery, &c.; so that to get fairly at work it was necessary to lay out in cash from $100,000 to $200,000. Few men choose to risk so much in any doubtful enterprise. And this was not only doubtful, but sometimes dangerous; for, if any such adventurer should incur the enmity of the ruling spirits, there could be no telling when he might be compelled to travel, in a coat of tar and feathers, perhaps, and lose all his venture through the ebullition of some popular fury for which he was no more responsible than for the changes of the moon. These accidents were equally likely to happen to the humblest trader or cultivator; and so, on this head, there was and is a powerful argument against Southern settlement by Northern men. Does any man suppose that if security of rights and advantages for labor had been as freely offered twenty years ago in Mississippi as in Minnesota, that the great current of immigration from Europe, to say nothing of our internal migration, would have set toward the sterile plains of Red River instead of the rich lands and comfortable temperature of the cotton region?

Such *was* the condition. A rich and bigoted landed aristocracy, that spurned a farm or plantation of less than a thousand acres, and scarcely condescended to associate with any man who did not make his five hundred bales per annum; an aristocracy that represented us in European capitals by abundance of gold but most wretched poverty of intellect; an aristocracy based, to a great extent, upon the number of slaves that each individual owned—this aristocracy shut out all competition, and locked up the fertile lands of the South, preferring to see ten acres of bramble-wilderness to one of real cultivation, rather than admit to their neighborhood and friendship a pitiful ten-thousand dollar adventurer.

But times change—and War has been the grand magician to transmute dross into gold and gold into dross. The thousand-acre planter, who threw his means, his body and his soul into the rebellion, has come out with a whole soul, part of a body and no means. Naturally enough, he is unamiable, morose and spiteful. Such must ever be the normal expression of a losing side. But all that will wear off. With judicious and patient effort on the part of true friends of the Union, we shall yet convince the most vindictive of our sometime enemies that there is a way to restoration and future prosperity for all of us.

The rich, but at present barren, South needs labor and capital. We are told, upon good authority, that the exigencies of war have worked a change in the minds of the great landed proprietors. The radical alteration in their social system, the terrible exhaustion of a long war, the pressing necessity for some active exertion to secure even the common necessaries of life, have had the effect of opening the door to wide-awake and able working men. It is now not only possible but desirable that agriculturists, no matter whence they come, should settle in these heretofore locked-up States; and even the old planters, with few exceptions, give them a cordial welcome. It is now possible to buy small farms, and on easy terms; while the freedmen, without exception, flock around Northern settlers and are entirely tractable in their hands.

There can be no question that one hundred thousand good citizens from the North—men who can generously sympathize with and encourage the heartbroken people of the South—men who have the breadth of natural and Christian feeling to forgive and forget the past, and join hands with these (however guilty) great sufferers; to make their cause their own, may win, by kindness and love, a victory that no sword can ever achieve. We say there is no doubt that such a hundred thousand of generous and well-meaning men, might within six months settle in peace and with hopeful prospects upon a hundred thousand small but most rich farms in the great Valley of Mississippi, and lay the foundations of fortunes that cannot by any credible process of reasoning be doubtful.

There are a hundred thousand young men to-day in this City of New-York, living precariously from hand to mouth, looking for offices and sinecures, hoping for the early death of place-holders that they may jump into their shoes, who ought to be in a hundred thousand cabins in the South and West. With half the ambition and energy they are expending to beat some shrewd sharper at billiards, they might raise a bale of cotton; with half the money they are squandering every year for poor oysters and worse whiskey, they might purchase a comparative principality, and have a chance to live like men until their hairs were gray, instead of driveling here through poverty to misery, falling at last to a pitiful beggary, or an early exemption by laudanum or rope.

These ideas, crude and perhaps not well arranged, are the refrain of a conversation with a most intelligent and honorable officer of two stars, whose line of duty has made him very intimately acquainted with the South-western regions of which we have been speaking. This officer, whose convictions are the result of a clear head and a long observation, believes that the infusion of Northern capital and Northern energy, (not because they are *Northern*, but because they are positive and active forces,) into the now freely-opened but barren fields of the South, will be the means not only of great pecuniary advantage to the Northern adventurers, but of more than equal advantage to the people of the South. That such an infusion of men and women, who live for the future, and who are above the weakness of an ungenerous and sectional spite—men and women who are able to illustrate by the potent influence of personal example, the possibility and the pressing necessity of mutual forbearance and forgiveness—that such a commingling of hitherto discordant but now concordant elements may supervene,—is a consummation devoutly to be wished. In view of the grand field for enterprise, especially of the most promising opening for our young men, may we not hope that a generous spirit and most liberal judgment and decision may pave the way for such a current of money and labor as may result in the mutual benefit of both sections, and ultimately (and that at no distant day) make the idea of *sections* of our grand united nation an inadmissible phrase?

A HOPEFUL SIGN.—Southern women were, during the war, bitter and inveterate in their hatred of the North, and since the close of the struggle many of them have done their utmost to hinder the progress of reconstruction. But there are signs of better times. In the Lynchburgh *Republican* of a late date, we find a list of twenty-one Post-offices recently opened in Virginia, and of these no less than twelve are intrusted to the care of women. If the fair ones of Virginia can be mollified in this manner, why may not those of other Southern States? A good beginning has been made; let the work go on. The dear creatures will doubtless be able to take the test oath, and if they are not, it is sure that they will never swear as hard as those of the sterner sex would do.

THE DEAD LEVEL.—It has been suggested that the attempt of the *Independent* to stretch the month of February beyond its natural limit was only a logical expression of that paper's theory of absolute equality. By the process of transmigration, the spirit of Procrustes has become master of the *Independent's* editor, and anything whatsoever that does not fit his thirty-six inch yard-stick must be cut off or stretched out to suit the occasion. So February was racked almost up to the length of September, and other months will probably come to the same torture. Starting from the point that "God hath made of one blood all the nations of the earth," the polemic editor interprets this assertion to mean that all people are mentally and physically alike. Thus far his demands are moderate; he only insists that black and white shall be one color, and ignorance and intelligence precisely equal, with reference to power in the Government. The next step is to abolish sex, (theoretically,) and elect female Coroners and Judges. Then will come the uniform-stature amendment, to prevent confusion in tailor-shops; so that all men shall be of one height—that so many years shall demand so many inches in altitude, and any deficiency or redundance shall be stretched out or cropped off by law. Next, we must all believe in one religion, and the heretic shall be forthwith damned. Then shall we have one party, and all political recusants shall swing. Then shall we have one appetite, and the wretch who repudiates fried potatoes shall see death. Then shall we have one invariable tone and frame of mind, which shall square with the great agrarian dead-level theory of the aforesaid paper. Then shall we have reached perfection, and stand in hourly expectation of sprouting wings and fiery chariots to waft us to the realms of independent and everlasting equality.

Amusements.

ACADEMY OF MUSIC.—The performance of "La Favorita" last evening confirmed all the best opinions that were formed of Mlle. POCH on the occasion of her *début*. The lady possesses a voice of remarkable grandeur, and she commands it with more than ordinary skill. In freshness and quality, it has rarely been equaled, and in delivering it, she displays a dramatic intensity which no one of recent days has surpassed.

To-day, "Don Pasquale," for the first time in several years. The matinée commences at 1 o'clock.

IRVING HALL.—The Conservatory of Music—an institution which is quietly doing good—gives a concert here to-night, to show what has been done in the year and a half of its existence. Among other things, a sonata of BEETHOVEN will be played by thirty-two pupils on sixteen of WEBER's pianos. The announcement, although alarming, is interesting.

THEATRE FRANCAIS.—The members of the French company give a performance at the Academy to-night. The piece is "L'Aicule"—one of the most remarkable dramas ever written.

NEW-YORK CIRCUS.—There will be a social assemblage of ladies and children to-day, at 2:30 o'clock. Mr. JAMES ROBINSON will ride his fascinating principal act, in which he introduces the tiny wonder CLARENCE. The "Sprite of the Silver Shower," with LEVI J. NORTH and the quartette of children, will be enacted for the last time. The matinées are popular, pleasant, and decidedly amusing to those for whom they are specially arranged.

CANADA.

Prospects of a Confederation—The Reciprocity Treaty.

CORNWALL, C. W., Friday, March 2.

At a public demonstration and dinner given here to the members of the Government last night, speeches were made by Hon. Messrs. GALT, HOWLAND, MCDONALD and CARTER.

Mr. MCDONALD asserted that the confederation of the Provinces was now certain to take place in a few weeks. Referrring to the militia, he said that Canada had now two thousand well-drilled officers to lead them.

Mr. GALT, referring to the recent reciprocity negotiations, denied the charge of making the legislation of Canada subordinate to the United States, and claimed that the liberal terms offered the Americans had created a public sentiment among them favoring a renewal of the Reciprocity Treaty. He said that since the treaty had not been renewed, we must now cultivate commercial relations with the Lower Provinces, with South America, and with Europe, and legislate to attract capital and emigration to Canada. We must postpone, for the present, the enlargement of the canals. He concluded by advocating the cultivation of friendly relations with the United States, expecting their reciprocation, and self-reliance on the part of Canadians.

MASSACHUSETTS.

Jack Shepard Recaptured—Excitement Among the Fenians.

BOSTON, Friday, March 2.

JOHN WOOD, *alias* Jack Sheppard, Jr., who recently escaped from Sing Sing Prison, was arrested in Yonkers, N. Y., on Tuesday night, by Detective BAKER, of this city, who reached here this morning with his prisoner. The arrest was made on the charge of stealing two bales of goods from KNOWLES & LELAND, on Devonshire-street, valued at $3,500. The goods were taken from the sidewalk, shipped to New-York and thence to Yonkers, where they were recovered and the thief with them.

WORCESTER, Mass., Friday, March 2.

The Fenians of Massachusetts are on the alert.

The news received by the steamer *Asia* last night has caused the greatest excitement among the Brotherhood.

Major M. S. MCCONVILLE, State Centre of Massachusetts, has issued a stirring call to the Brotherhood in the State to hold themselves in readiness for immediate action.

BOSTON, Friday, March 2.

The Fenian Circles throughout New-England are greatly aroused by a stirring appeal promulgated by Messrs. TOBIN and SENNOTT, Chiefs of the Order in Boston, and meetings are being held in all places where the Brotherhood have organizations.

Railroad Accident—A Mother and Child Instantly Killed.

BOSTON, Friday, March 2.

In Adams, Mass., yesterday, Mrs. ELIZABETH POWERS attempted to rescue her young child from the railroad track while a train was advancing, and both mother and child were instantly killed. She was a widow and leaves eight orphans.

MARYLAND.

Government Sale of Steamers.

BALTIMORE, Thursday, March 1.

A large sale of steamers by the Government was held here to-day. The following are the prices obtained, together with the purchasers' names:

Name of Vessel.	Purchaser.	Price.
Escort	A. C. Hall	$26,000
Manhattan	H. F. Hammill	2,000
John Farren	H. F. Hammill	8,500
Pesenoh	J. M. Lawler	6,100
Hugh Jenkins	Capt. Taylor	4,000
Star	H. F. Hammill	5,200
Balloon	J. S. Crise	12,580
Iola	Slater L. O'Hara	1,000
James Jerome	J. Jos. Taylor	4,500
Cecil	H. F. Hammill	2,000
L. G. Cannon	Wm. Ellis	6,600
Ironsides	Wm. M. Baird	7,600
Fanny Garner	Edward Pickap	3,300
Tigress	Samuel McCubbin	2,400
Kate	J. S. Stevenson	2,300
Saintelle	H. F. Hammill	1,700

The boiler of the steamship *S. R. Spaulding* was sold to Mr. HAMMILL for $5,000. The auctioneer also sold on separate account the steamers *Congress*, *Thomas Swann* and *Baltimore* to Mr. J. J. ABRAHAMS for the aggregate sum of $23,000.

THE SOUTHWEST.

Plan for Crossing the Plains in Safety.

ST. LOUIS, Friday, March 2.

Maj.-Gen. POPE has issued a general order detailing a plan for the safety of travelers when crossing the Western Plains. Forts Ridgley and Abercrombie are designated as posts of rendezvous for all trains from the Minnesota for the Upper Missouri, Yellow Stone, or Block Hills, and Powder River regions. Fort Kearny is designated as the rendezvous for trains to Denver City or Fort Laramie, via the Platte River route; and Fort Riley for trains to New-Mexico and Colorado by Smoky Hill or Arkansas River routes.

At these points all trains are to be organized and equipped for defence; and no train of less than twenty wagons and thirty armed men, under a properly appointed captain, will be allowed to proceed. The same arrangement will be required of all trains. Commanders of all military posts are required to inspect all trains and compel compliance with these orders. Military escorts will be furnished, when necessary, and, in case of attack, render prompt assistance. No travelers will be permitted to cross the Plains except in accordance with this plan.

The details are fully set forth in the order

WASHINGTON NEWS.

Continued from First Page.

the Constitution. He fortified his position by citations from Madison and Chief-Justice Marshall. He admitted that Congress might go so far as to pass laws for the punishment of those who would deprive the late slave of power to make contracts and control and recover his wages. It might be perhaps necessary to have such legislation. But to go beyond that was trenching on the rights of States, and attempting to exercise power which always belonged to the State. These matters should be all regulated by the people themselves. This was but a stepping-stone toward centralizing in this Government the rights of the States and all the legal powers of the States. Whenever that was done all the beauty, the power and the strength of the Government was gone, and there was nothing left but naked despotism.

Mr. Windom supported the bill. He expressed his surprise at listening yesterday to the speech of the recognized leader of the Democratic party in this House, the honorable gentleman from New-Jersey, (Mr. Rogers.) He believed from what was daily witnessed here that it was the judgment of the House to accord to that gentleman that position.

Mr. Rogers asked leave to interrupt.

Mr. Windom—If I do the gentleman too much honor, he may disclaim it.

Mr. Rogers—I hope no one on this side (the Republican side) will make the assertion again. It is intended only to create dissatisfaction on my side of the House. [Laughter and manifestations of interest.] I do not claim to be a leader of the Democratic Party here, and I do not want to have any such charge repeated. Gentlemen will be doing me a service by keeping that still. [Laughter.]

Mr. Conkling—I would like to know who is a leader on that side, if the gentleman from New-Jersey is not.

Mr. Marshall and several other Democrats tried to be heard on the question of leadership, but Mr. Windom declined to yield. He did not expect, he said, when he passed a well-merited compliment on the very learned and very logical and very patriotic gentleman from New-Jersey, that it would stir up so much excitement on the other side of the House. That excitement seemed to have two causes. One of those was that other gentlemen on that side were ambitious to be leaders, and the other seemed to be because the very modest gentleman from New-Jersey declined the honor proffered him, and seemed to take it as an insult.

Mr. Marshall—I wish to say that we do not recognize him as a leader.

Mr. Windom declined to yield.

Mr. Marshall—We have no leadership.

Other Democrats made attempts to be heard, but did not succeed. The House, meanwhile, enjoyed the whole thing immensely.

Mr. Spalding—They need not quarrel about the leadership. Mr. Rogers has rightfully earned it.

Mr. Windom went on to criticise the speech of Mr. Rogers, bringing into juxtaposition his declaration that no man was more willing than himself to extend to the negro all the rights of life, liberty and property, and his indignant outburst in reply to Mr. Thayer's question, that he could not go to bed with a clear conscience before God if he had voted for the Constitutional Amendment abolishing Slavery. He quoted from this leader of the Democracy just to show how much they did love liberty. They would go any length to give liberty to the slave, but whenever a Constitutional Amendment was proposed to do that thing they thank God that their consciences are clear of blood—that they did not vote for it. In this connection he desired to say that he was informed that the gentleman (Mr. Rogers) had been pleased to vote for the Constitutional Amendment and would have done so but that he happened to be sick at the time.

Mr. Rogers—That is utterly false, without one particle of truth. Whoever gives such information to the gentleman states what he knows to be an utter falsehood. I never agreed, directly or indirectly, to vote for that Constitutional Amendment. I made a speech here against it, and, if I had been here when the vote was taken, I should have unqualifiedly voted against it.

Mr. Windom—I do not know how the matter is and of course I accept the explanation.

Mr. Niblack—In making the interrogation of the gentleman yesterday whether he had voted against the Constitutional Amendment, I was actuated simply by a desire to afford the gentleman from New-Jersey an opportunity to explain the circumstances under which he failed to vote for that very important measure, as there was comment made at the time and some inquiry why he and a certain other gentleman failed to. I had in my own mind a reason for it, especially as seeing that by the help he gets from other quarters, and by the action of gentlemen on the other side, and by the great consideration of the Speaker, he is trusted as leader. I want to have him *rectus in curia* upon this as upon all other questions. [Laughter.] I wanted to give him an opportunity to explain why he was not here. I only regret that he was not able to give us more particularly the details. I never myself doubted that he had good reasons. [Laughter.] But I wanted to understand them, especially as we stand committed here before the House and country for what he says on this and on all other questions. [Roars of laughter.] I hope that men on all sides will afford the gentleman every opportunity to make any explanation he deems necessary in order to relieve himself.

Mr. Windom—I cannot yield further on that point.

Mr. Higby suggested that the fact of New-Jersey not being in the Union might have restrained the gentleman from voting on that question. [Laughter.]

Mr. Garfield—New-Jersey has been in the Union since the last election.

Mr. Higby—But she was not at that time.

Mr. Windom would have to leave the gentlemen on the other side to settle the question of leadership among themselves. But he believed that in a few years they would be ashamed of belonging to the party at all, to say nothing about being a leader. [Laughter.]

Mr. Niblack—We feel on this side that we do not want any leader. There are not enough of us to make any trouble on that score. [Laughter.] Therefore we would rather carry on a guerrilla fight—I mean no discourtesy to the gentleman from New-Jersey; still we do not like to surrender ourselves to his leadership. Some of us on this side do feel very keenly, especially those who have a taste for talking a good deal, to hear so much said about the gentleman from New-Jersey, being a leader of the party. It does provoke our jealousy. [Laughter.] It is very unpleasant to us.

Mr. Rogers (who was sitting on the Republican side of the House)—That is the object of the whole thing. [Roars of laughter.]

Mr. Windom—I am glad the gentleman from Indiana (Mr. Niblack) has made the explanation. I have conversed with two or three on that side who do not recognize the leadership. I am satisfied from another reason. The gentleman says they do not need a leader, as they carry on a guerrilla warfare. That explains why all on that side voted last Congress against the bill to punish guerrillas.

This shot into the Democratic ranks fairly brought down the House.

Mr. Thayer asked the gentleman from Indiana, (Mr. Niblack) to explain what he meant by referring to help from other parties.

Mr. Niblack—I mean defection in your own ranks.

Mr. Garfield—Then you would vote for a bill encouraging desertion, but not to punish guerrillas. [Laughter.]

Mr. Windom shoved off from the subject of leadership, and proceeded to argue in support of the bill. He only complained that it did not go far enough. It protected only the civil rights of freedmen, and left for future adjustment the protection of their political rights. So far, however, as it did go, it was in strict accordance with the designs of the grand old founders of the Government, who, when they laid its foundation, made the rights of human nature its chief corner stone.

Mr. Shellabarger made a short, legal and constitutional argument in support of the measure. The result he arrived at was that, on a candid and fair investigation of the matter, there was no difficulty in voting for the bill proposed by the gentleman from New-York, (Mr. Raymond,) for the naturalization of all these people. The usefulness of such a measure was just as great and profound as it was useful to be an American citizen.

Mr. Broomall got the floor, but yielded to Mr. Wilson, who proposed, in order to give the Committee of Ways and Means time to get through some important measure, to let the matter go over till Thursday next.

After considerable discussion this was at length agreed to.

Mr. Wilson withdrew a motion which was pending, to recommit, which caused the various amendments to recommit with instructions to fall.

Mr. Wilson then offered some amendments of detail, which were agreed to, and also the following additional section, which he did not desire to press to a vote now: "*And be it further enacted*, That nothing in this act contained shall be so construed as to affect the laws of any State concerning the right of suffrage."

Mr. Raymond asked Mr. Wilson to consent to a vote on his (Mr. Raymond's) bill as a substitute.

Mr. Wilson could not agree to that.

The bill was ordered to be printed, and its further consideration was postponed until Thursday next.

MISCELLANEOUS.

To-morrow (Saturday) was set apart for general debate on the President's Message, as if in Committee of the Whole.

Mr. Stevens gave notice that he would move on Monday for evening sessions for business.

Mr. Schenck asked the unanimous consent of the House to offer a resolution of inquiry in relation to the strength, &c., of the Regular Army, to which Mr. Washburne, of Illinois, objected.

Mr. Schenck also asked consent to introduce a resolution of inquiry as to Mexican matters, to which Mr. Boutwell objected.

AGRICULTURAL AND MECHANIC ARTS.

Mr. Hotchkiss introduced a bill to encourage education in agriculture and the mechanic arts, which was read twice and referred to the Committee on Agriculture.

The House adjourned.

PENNSYLVANIA.

Excitement in the Fenian Brotherhood.

Philadelphia, Friday, March 2.

Great excitement prevails in all the Fenian Circles of this city over the news from Ireland.

District Centre Andrew Wynne has called a special meeting of all the circles to be held to-morrow night.

A grand mass meeting of all the members of the Brotherhood and all favorable to the independence of Ireland is contemplated early next week, to devise measures suitable to the emergency.

THE PACIFIC COAST.

Treasure from the Columbia River—Railroad Matters.

San Francisco, Friday, March 2.

A dispatch from Portland announces the arrival there from Columbia River mining districts of eight hundred pounds of treasure. The Columbia river is open to the highest point of navigation.

Marysville has voted nearly unanimously in favor of appropriating $65,000 to complete the railroad from Lincoln to Marysville.

FROM THE STATE CAPITAL.

OUR ALBANY LETTER.

All Quiet at the Capital—Another Street Railroad Proposed—Prospects of the Underground Railroad.

Albany, Friday, March 2, 1866.

Everything is quiet at the Capital to-day, and the proceedings of the two Houses have not been of special interest, although a good deal of local legislation has been progressed.

The bill introduced by Mr. Lyons, to-day, for the construction of a railroad in Twenty-ninth and other streets in the City of New-York, names the following corporators, viz.: George P. Williams, Thos. F. Daley, J. J. Anderson, Joseph C. Skaden, James C. Ray, Francis Leggett, Charles F. Sigorney, E. Ellsworth, H. N. Wright, Jacob First, John Brooks, J. D. Bishop, Wm. H. Barrett, A. J. Campbell, J. Boyd, Joseph H. Tuthill, Wm. A. Scott, Joseph Flynn, Henry E. Miller, D. K. Proud, Richard C. Combs, J. A. Miller, Charles H. Cooper, Charles S. Strong, Peter Brockaw and John Davidson.

The road is to be constructed on the following streets: Beginning at the intersection of Tenth-avenue and Twenty-ninth-street, running from thence, with a double track, through and along Twenty-ninth-street to Ninth-avenue, to Twenty-sixth-street, and from thence, with single tracks, through and along Twenty-sixth and Twenty-seventh-streets from the Ninth-avenue to Lexington-avenue, and from thence, with a double track, through and along Lexington-avenue to Sixty-sixth-street, and thence through and along Sixty-sixth-street to the Central Park, and also with a double track through Madison-avenue, (whenever opened,) from Sixty-sixth-street to Harlem River.

The House Committee on Railroads still hold the Broadway Underground Railroad bills under advisement. I understand that they are in favor of some bill, but have delayed making a report to consider the claims of the several proposed corporations. They will probably report next week, and from what can be learned, I judge that the bill introduced by Mr. T. E. Stewart is likely to be reported. It is urged in behalf of this bill, with apparent justice, that it represents the parties who first projected this enterprise, and who should therefore be permitted to make the experiment.

There is no reasonable doubt that the Legislature will pass some bill for an underground railroad in Broadway. A large majority of the members recognize the necessity of doing something to relieve the pressure on that thoroughfare, and will be ready to indorse any feasible project looking to that end.

PERSIMMON.

NEW-YORK LEGISLATURE.

SENATE.

Albany, Friday, March 2.

Mr. Lent presented petitions of stockholders of the Metropolitan Railroad Company, asking for the underground railroad grant. Mr. Lent also presented the annual report of the Governors of the New-York Hospital.

Mr. Lent introduced the bill authorizing the Liverpool, New-York and Philadelphia Steamship Company to rebuild and extend the Pier No. 35 on the North River, not to exceed seventy feet in width, and not to extend beyond the Harbor Commissioners' line, and to build the necessary gates and shed thereon.

The bill referring to the Regents of the University for the settlement of any differences that may arise in the Board of Trustees of the New-York College for Women, was reported favorably.

Mr. S. Murphy presented a petition to incorporate the New-York Board of Fire Underwriters.

BILLS PASSED.

To confirm the title to lands conveyed by the Hudson Fire Insurance Company of New-York. For the relief of Eve Maria Dean and Cornelia Francis Meyer, of New-York, (escheat bills).

Exempting the property of the Total Abstinence Society of South Brooklyn from taxation.

Authorizing an increase of the capital stock of the New-York Floating Dry Dock Company.

Mr. Lent introduced a bill authorizing the Comptroller of New-York to borrow money in anticipation of taxation for the use of the Metropolitan Fire Department.

ASSEMBLY.

The Speaker presented the annual report of the Governor of the New-York City Hospital.

Mr. Tucker introduced the bill to incorporate the Travelers' Club.

BILLS PASSED.

To incorporate the Poughkeepsie City Railroad Company; to incorporate the German Savings Bank of Brooklyn; to authorize the Board of Capital Police to erect Station-houses; to increase the compensation of Justices of Sessions of Kings County; relative to the Five Points House of Industry (all Democrats voted in the negative;) for the relief of the Brooklyn and Rockaway Beach Railroad Company.

By Mr. Maurice—To amend the charter of the Long Island City Water Company.

By Mr. Brandreth—Relative to a public market in New-York; relative to the storage of combustible material in New-York City.

By Mr. Jenkins—Relative to powers and duties of the Central Railroad Commissioners.

By Mr. Brandreth—To incorporate the Poughkeepsie Citizens' Gas Company; to regulate the manufacture and use of dangerous weapons; relative to war-bonds incurred by the Utica City authorities.

BILLS INTRODUCED.

By Mr. Goodrich—To incorporate South Seventh-street, Brooklyn, Railroad.

By Mr. Oakey—For a railroad in Hudson-street, Brooklyn. Also, to divide the Eighth Ward of Brooklyn.

By Mr. Reynolds—For the better protection of life on steamboats.

By Mr. Lyon—To regulate the use of wharves and slips between Broome and Delancy streets. Also, for a railroad in Twenty-ninth-street, New-York.

By Mr. Creamer—To incorporate the Metropolitan Improvement Company of New-York.

By Mr. Jenkins—To incorporate the People's Railroad Company. Also, to improve the pavement in Brooklyn, New-York. Also, to incorporate the Island Ferry Company of New-York. Also, to provide for refunding to various Banks and Insurance Companies of New-York taxes of 1863 and 1864.

By Mr. Tracey—For a railroad in Columbia and other streets of New-York. Also, to incorporate the East River Savings' Bank of New-York.

By Mr. Maurice—For a railroad over Maspeth-avenue.

By Mr. Barker—For the survey of ancient mounds and earthworks in this State.

By Mr. S. D. Huntington—To incorporate the Harlem River and Port Chester Railroad Company.

MEXICAN NEWS.

Intelligence from El Paso—State of Chihuahua.

San Francisco, Friday, March 2.

The Mexican Consul here has El Paso dates to the 27th of January, which say the French are still confined to Chihuahua, and the rest of that State is under constitutional government, the invaders not having force enough to garrison any other place. The Liberals at El Paso are proposing an expedition into the interior.

WISCONSIN.

Action of the Legislature.

Madison, Wis., Friday, March 2.

The Wisconsin Legislature passed resolutions to-day sustaining Congress for their action on the Freedmen's Bureau question, by a vote of 62 yeas to 32 nays.

MINNESOTA.

Action of the Legislature.

St. Paul, Minn., Friday, March 2.

The Minnesota Legislature adjourned to-day. A resolution sustaining the action of Congress on the Freedmen's Bureau Bill was adopted, and a resolution favoring the policy of President Johnson was voted down.

The New-York Lancet (a family medical journal) for March 1, contains Characteristics of Man, with illustrations—The Pulse—Warm Covering—Danger of Pharaoh's Serpents—Cause and Cure for Sea-sickness—Medical Journalism in New-York—Cholera Conference—Production of Sex—The Period at which Death is most likely to occur in Childbirth—The Treatment Requisite after Childbirth, and much valuable information for every family; 16 pages, $2 a year; single numbers 10c. N. R. C. Rowe, M. D., Editor. For sale by all newsdealers.—[Advertisement.]

The Month of Roses is the most fragrant month in the calendar, but it is soon over, and bloom lies a-withering. But remember, ladies, with Phalon's "Night-Blooming Cereus" on your toilets you can have a rarer perfume than June flowers ever yielded all the year round.—*Trenton Gazette.*

Symptoms of Worms in Children are often overlooked. Worms in the stomach and bowels cause irritation, which can be removed only by the use of a sure remedy. Brown's "Vermifuge Comfits," or Worm Lozenges, are simple and effectual.

Trusses, &c.—MARSH & CO.'S Radical Cure Truss Office, only at No. 2 Vesey-st. Also supporters, bandages, silks, elastic stockings, &c. A lady attendant.

Grover & Baker's Highest Premium Elastic Stitch Sewing Machines for family use, No. 495 Broadway.

Improved Lock-Stitch Machines for Tailors and Manufacturers. GROVER & BAKER SEWING-MACHINE COMPANY, No. 495 Broadway.

Wigs, Toupees and Ornamental Hair, Hair Dye and Dyeing at BATCHELOR'S, 16 Bond-st.

The Last Days of Ex-President MARTIN VAN BUREN were made comfortable by the use of JONAS WHITCOMB'S ASTHMA REMEDY. Letters in our possession from his physician and from Mr. Van Buren himself, express much gratification with the results of its use.

Extract from the "Life of Washington Irving," by his nephew, Pierre M. Irving, vol. IV. page 272:

"The doctor prescribed, as an experiment—what had been suggested by Dr. O. W. Holmes on his late visit—Jonas Whitcomb's Remedy for Asthma,' a teaspoonful in a wineglass of water, to be taken every four hours. A good night was the result."

In no case of purely asthmatic character has it failed to give prompt relief, and in many cases a permanent cure has been effected. No danger need be apprehended from its use. An infant may take it with perfect safety. (See circular.)

JOSEPH BURNETT & CO., Boston,
Sole proprietors.

For sale by all druggists.

Many, Many Years.—MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP for children teething has stood the test of many years, and never known to fail. It is perfectly reliable and harmless. It regulates the stomach and bowels, cures wind colic and griping in the bowels, softens the gums, reduces inflammation and allays all pain. Perfectly safe in all cases, as millions of mothers can testify.

For an Irritated Throat, Cough or Cold, BROWN'S BRONCHIAL TROCHES are offered with the fullest confidence in their efficacy. They have been thoroughly tested, and maintain the good reputation they have justly acquired. As there are imitations, be sure to obtain the genuine.

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MARRIED.

Crane—Colman.—On Thursday, March 1, at the family residence, Warren, Conn., by Rev. Evarts Scudder, James E. Crane, of New-York City, and Miss Elizabeth Colman, youngest daughter of the late Col. Augustus Colman.

Harrison—Baker.—At the Church of All Souls, on Wednesday, Feb. 28, by Rev. Dr. Bellows, William H. Harrison, of Brooklyn, and M. Louise, daughter of P. C. Baker, Esq., of this city.

Moffat—Breuster.—At Blooming Grove, Orange County, N. Y., on Thursday, March 1, by Rev. Daniel Higgbie, Mr. John Newton Moffat, of New-York City, and Miss Jennie, second daughter of Henry Breuster, Esq.

☞ Orange County papers please copy.

Kingman—Wyman.—On Thursday, March 1, at the residence of Mr. John Slade, by Rev. Dr. Wm. Adams, Mr. A. W. Kingman, of Boston, and Miss Martha P. Wyman, daughter of the late Mr. Abel Wyman, of Boston. No cards.

DIED.

Atkinson.—At Toronto, on Saturday, Feb. 24, Rev. Abraham Fuller Atkinson, D. C. L., late Rector of St. Catharine's, Canada, aged 65 years.

Berry.—In Brooklyn, on Friday morning, March 2, Martin R. Berry, in the 69th year of his age.

The relatives and friends of the family are invited to attend his funeral from his late residence, No. 137 Jay-st., Brooklyn, on Monday, March 5, at 2 o'clock P. M.

Brigham.—On Wednesday morning, Feb. 28, Caroline West, infant daughter of Levi Henry and the late Zenobia W. Brigham, aged 9 weeks.

Burpo.—On Friday, March 2, Annie, wife of Peter Burpo, and daughter of Joseph D. Barker.

Relatives and friends are invited to attend the funeral from the residence of her father, Upper New-Rochelle, on Monday, March 5, at 11 o'clock. Carriages will be in waiting at depot 9:30 train from 27th-st.

Cocks.—At Croton, Westchester County, on Thursday, March 1, Frank, son of John and Adelia Cocks, aged 7 years, 5 months and 16 days.

The relatives and friends of the family are invited to attend the funeral from the residence of his parents, at Croton, on Sunday afternoon.

Caird.—In Brooklyn, on Friday morning, March 2, Elijah B. Caird, aged 38 years.

The funeral will take place on Sunday afternoon, the 4th inst., at 3½ o'clock, from St. Peter's Church, State-st., near Hoyt, Brooklyn.

Doty.—In Brooklyn, on Friday, March 2, Cornelia Beveridge, only child of William F. and Caroline S. Doty, aged 8 months and 23 days.

The relatives and friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend the funeral at the residence of Sidney H. Smith, No. 4 Clark-st., Brooklyn, on Sunday, March 4, at 1½ o'clock P. M.

Dick.—On Thursday, March 1, Mrs. Mary Dick, widow of the late Samuel Dick, aged 72 years.

The remains will be taken to Greenwich, Conn., for interment. Funeral from the M. E. Church at 1 o'clock P. M. on Saturday, the 3d inst. Train leaves 27th-st. at 11 o'clock A. M. Carriages will be in waiting at the depot to convey the friends to the Church.

Eadie.—On Wednesday, Feb. 28, Eliza R., wife of Wm. G. Eadie, M. D.

Relatives and friends of the family are requested to attend the funeral from her late residence, at Port Richmond, Staten Island, on Saturday at 11 o'clock A. M., without further invitation. Boats leave Pier No. 19 North River, (between Cortlandt and Dey sts.,) at 9:15 A. M. The funeral will leave the house for Greenwood Cemetery at 12 M.

Edwards.—On Thursday, March 1, Harriet Amelia L., daughter of the late Benj. B. Edwards, M. D.

Relatives, friends and acquaintances are invited to attend her funeral at the residence of her mother, No. 68 West 29th-st., on Monday at 2 P. M., without further notice.

Groshon.—In Brooklyn, on Friday morning, March 2, Eliza Bleecker, youngest child of William F. and Adeline E. Groshon, aged 2 years, 3 months and 23 days.

The friends and relatives of the family are respectfully invited to attend the funeral from St. John's Church, Yonkers, on Sunday, March 4, at 3 o'clock P. M.

Humes.—On Wednesday evening, Feb. 28, James Humes, aged 62 years.

The relatives and friends of the family, and those of his brothers, Hugh and William Humes, are respectfully invited to attend his funeral from his late residence, in 36th-st., near Lexington-av., on Saturday afternoon, 3d inst., at 1 o'clock.

Jewett.—On Friday morning, March 2, Cornelius D. Jewett, aged 22 years, son of George W. Jewett.

Relatives and friends are invited to attend the funeral from the house of his father at Port Richmond, Staten Island, on Sunday, March 4, at 1½ o'clock. Boat leaves Pier No. 19 North River, at 11½ o'clock. Remains will be taken to Greenwood by steamboat direct to Hamilton-av. Ferry, Brooklyn, where carriages will be in waiting.

Leake.—On Friday, March 2, Hewlett P. Leake, in the 59th year of his age.

The friends and relatives of the family are respectfully invited to attend the funeral on Sunday afternoon at 3 o'clock, at his late residence, No. 100 Sullivan-st. The remains will be taken by the 9:30 A. M. train at 27th-st., on Monday morning to Westchester County for interment.

Morgan.—On Friday, March 2, Pauline Louise, daughter of Paulina A., and the late George Morgan, of New-Orleans.

The relatives and friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend the funeral at St. Bartholomew's Church, corner of Lafayette-place and Great Jones-st., on Monday morning, the 5th inst., at 10½ o'clock.

☞ New-Orleans papers please copy.

Mathews.—On Wednesday evening, Feb. 28, Miss Bride Mathews, aged 66 years, sister of the late James Mathews.

The relatives and friends of the family are respectfully requested to attend the funeral from the Church of St. Francis Xavier, West 16th-st., on Saturday morning. Funeral services at 10 o'clock, without further invitation.

Overhiser.—On Thursday, March 1, Catharine, wife of Abraham Overhiser, in the 52d year of her age.

The relatives and friends of the family are respectfully invited, without further notice, to attend her funeral at her late residence in 128th-st., near 5th-av., on Saturday morning at 10 o'clock.

Pearsall.—On Friday, March 2, after a long illness, Elizabeth, widow of William Pearsall, aged 80 years.

The funeral services will take place this (Saturday) afternoon at 4 o'clock, at the residence of J. N. Howard, No. 113 West 42d-st. The relatives and friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend. The remains will be taken to Rockaway, L. I., on Sunday morning.

Snodgrass.—In Brooklyn, on Thursday, March 1, Mary M. Snodgrass, in the 24th year of her age.

The friends and acquaintances of the family are respectfully invited to attend the funeral from the First Reformed Presbyterian Church, Duffield-st., near Myrtle-av., this (Saturday) afternoon at 2 o'clock.

St. John.—On Friday morning, March 2, Mrs. Birchard St. John, in the 73d year of her age.

Her remains will be taken to Sandusky, Ohio, for interment.

Stansbury.—In Brooklyn, on Friday, March 2, Mrs. Rachel Stansbury, aged 80 years.

The relatives and friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend the funeral from the residence of her daughter, Mrs. Oecelia Stanley, No. 35 Lawrence-st., on Sunday, the 4th inst., at 2½ o'clock P. M.

Titus.—At Westbury, L. I., on Fifth Day, 3d month, 1st, Joshua Titus, aged 69 years.

His relatives and friends are respectfully invited to attend the funeral, without further notice, from Friends' Meeting-house at Westbury, on First Day, the 4th of 3d month, at 11 o'clock. The train leaves Hunter's Point at 9:30 A. M.

Van Cott.—On Thursday, March 1, of consumption, Peter P. Van Cott, in the 47th year of his age.

The relatives and friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend the funeral from the Dutch Reformed Church at Bushwick, L. I., Rev. Stephen H. Meeker's, on Saturday, March 3, at 2 o'clock P. M.

Willis.—In Brooklyn, on Friday morning, March 2, Mrs. Sarah Willis, aged 71 years.

The relatives and friends of the family are invited to attend her funeral from the residence of her son-in-law, Wm. H. Post, No. 28 Elliott-place, on Sunday, the 4th inst., at 2½ P. M.

OFFICIAL.

Department of State,
Washington, Feb. 27, 1866.

Information has been received at this Department from Mr. George F. Seward, the Consul-General of the United States at Shanghai, of the death, on the 9th day of August last, at Shanghai, of Walter Clarke, alias Franklin, of New-York City; also of the death on the 28th day of the same month, at the same place, of John Sweeney, formerly of Bellport, L. I.

The legal representatives of the deceased above-mentioned can obtain further information by addressing this Department.

Information has also been received from the same source, of the death, on the 2d day of September last, at Shanghai, of Miss Jane Humphreys, of New-York City.

OFFICIAL.

Department of State,
Washington, Feb. 24, 1866.

Information has been received at this Department from Mr. J. B. Pearson, the Acting Consul of the United States at Manila, Philippine Islands, of the death, on the —— of —— at Manila ——, of Mr. James Oswald, of New-York.

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And thanks untraced to lips unknown
Shall greet me like the odors blown
From unseen meadows newly mown,
Or lilies floating in some pond,
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PARLOR, DINING-ROOM and CHAMBER SUITES, in rosewood, walnut and maple, retailing at manufacturers' prices, at
F. KRUTINA'S
MANUFACTORY AND WAREROOMS,
Nos. 96 and 98 EAST HOUSTON-ST.,
Between the Bowery and 2d-av.
All goods warranted.

SYMPATHY AND AID FOR IRELAND.
SUSPENSION OF THE HABEAS CORPUS ACT.
WHOLESALE IMPRISONMENT OF IRISH PATRIOTS.

Irishmen and Americans who love freedom, attend the great MASS MEETING at JONES' WOOD, at 2 o'clock P. M., on SUNDAY next.

REDUCED RATES
TO THE
SOUTH AND SOUTHWEST,
BY
ADAMS EXPRESS COMPANY.
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OFFICE NO. 59 BROADWAY.

MOET & CHANDON
CHAMPAGNE.
A full assortment of their superior VIN IMPERIAL, (GREEN SEAL;) VERZENAY and FLEUR DE SILLERY. Just landing *ex Mercury* from Havre, and for sale by ANTHONY OECHS, No. 73 New-st.

PILES.
BOWYER'S SPIKENARD OINTMENT, a certain cure of all kinds. It gives relief in one application. It can be used by the most delicate constitution. One trial will convince the most skeptical. For sale at the druggists. Wholesale at D. BARNES & CO., No. 21 Park-row, New-York.

POST-OFFICE NOTICE.—THE MAILS FOR Great Britain and the Continent, via Southampton and Hamburg, per steamer ALEMANIA; and for Ireland, via Queenstown, per steamer CITY OF LONDON, will close at this office on SATURDAY, the 3d day of March, at 10:30 A. M., and at the up-town offices as follows: Stations A and B, 10 A. M.; Stations C and D 9:30 A. M.; Stations E and F, 9:15 A. M.; Station G, 9 A. M.
JAMES KELLY, Postmaster.

AN ORAL MODE OF TEACHING FRENCH, by which adults may speak more correctly and pronounce more perfectly, and in a shorter time than by going abroad. For particulars see heading of Instruction.

ADDRESS POLLAK & SON—MEERSchaum manufacturers, No. 692 Broadway, near 4th-st. Pipes and cigar-holders cut, mounted and repaired.

ÆSTHETICO-NEURALGICON,
The celebrated apparatus invented by
DR. VON EISENBERG,
for the cure of all diseases of the
EYE, EAR,
CATARRH,
DISEASES
OF THE
THROAT,
ASTHMA,
AFFECTIONS OF THE VOICE, LARYNGEAL,
BRONCHIAL,
AND
PULMONARY COMPLAINTS.
Disordered Functions of the
DIGESTIVE ORGANS,
SHORTNESS OF BREATH,
WHEEZING COUGH,
and other distressing affections of the
CHEST,
MORBID AFFECTIONS
OF THE
LIVER,
WEAKNESS OF NERVES, AND GENERAL DEBILITY OF THE WHOLE SYSTEM,
Is now in full operation at the residence of the inventor
DR. VON EISENBERG,
NO. 816
BROADWAY.
IMPORTANT TO THE PUBLIC!
DR. VON EISENBERG'S
ÆSTHETICO-NEURALGICON,
THE CELEBRATED APPARATUS.

From the New-York Express.

So many able and earnest men are devoting themselves to medical investigation, that it would be strange if new discoveries were not made. Among the most brillant of these—we may indeed say the most brilliant of all—is that of Dr. Von Eisenberg, in regard to the *Etherealization of Medicines*: we may properly call it the "Spiritualization," since the Latin *Spiritus*, whence comes our word "Spiritual," signifies primarily, simply "the air."

Many of the most important and vital organs of the human frame cannot be reached by medicines in a solid or even in a liquid form. Thus the *lungs* are shut up in a bony chest to which access can be had only through the wind-pipe, the opening of which is closed by a valve, called the "epiglottis," so sensitive and so delicately constructed, that it will not allow the passage, except by main force, of the most minute crumb, or the smallest drop of liquid. Every person who has "swallowed the wrong way" the smallest substance, whether of liquid or solid, knows the feeling of strangulation thereby occasioned. A man cannot, if he would, voluntarily swallow any liquid or solid into the lungs, or the passage leading to them. Herein lies the true reason why Consumption has been so incurable.

As to the entire apparatus, we have no hesitation in saying that we regard it as a wonderful invention—one that, were it not so costly, we have little doubt would be adopted by every hospital and medical college in the country. We are satisfied it would well repay, even if he had to journey all the way from Europe, the scientific man to see and examine it. It is a marvel of mechanical complexity, and yet, when its multiform uses are considered, of extreme simplicity and great beauty. That it will in every respect fulfill the expectations of the inventor, we have every reason to believe. It has been constructed with an accurate knowledge of its ultimate uses. One so experienced in the specialties for which it is particularly intended as is Dr. Von Eisenberg, and for which he has long felt the necessity in his practice, could make no failure. With it he is enabled to surmount obstacles that were hitherto deemed all but impossible to control. He can now approach with certainty and diagnose thoroughly every disease that, in the course of his extended practice, he aims to master. To those, therefore, who are in any way afflicted with loss of sight or hearing, with catarrh, bronchitis, chest or lung diseases, we earnestly suggest a visit to the consulting apartments of Dr. Von Eisenberg. There he will be speedily made to know the possibility of a cure in even complicated cases. We hereto observe that the apparatus is intended also to bring the etherealized medicines into direct action upon the nerves. The nervous system is the source of many diseases. All physicians admit this, and all profess at least to be able to apply a remedy. The Allopathic, Homeopathic and Hydropathic, by prescribing opiates, anodynes, &c., may, and do, alleviate the pain arising from impaired or diseased nerves; but this does not restore the nerve, it is only temporary relief—a relief, too, to some one nerve at the expense of the entire system. The Æsthetico-Neuralgicon of Dr. Von Eisenberg not merely allays the irritation, but restores the nerve to its normal condition. The Doctor's theory is, that each nerve has a specific office, and has its own peculiar susceptibility. Thus, for example, the nerve of vision is insensible to touch; and, on the other hand, the nerve of touch is insensible to light, and so on through the whole system.

From the Journal of Commerce.

We think it is but just to Dr. Von Eisenberg to call public attention to him. There are hundreds in the community suffering from catarrh, if not actually praying for death, who are ready to accept of anything that promises to relieve them from their distresses. To such we would say, trifle not with inexperienced men, but consult, without unnecessary delay, Dr. Von Eisenberg, who, at least, has the honesty to assure his patients whether it is in his power to make them whole or not.

HEARING RESTORED BY A SINGLE APPLICATION OF THE ÆSTHETICO-NEURALGICON.
READ! READ!

New-York, May 4, 1865.

I have been induced, by the great number of certificates continually published in favor of Dr. Von Eisenberg's skill, to apply to him for advice concerning my deafness of many years' standing. I placed myself under his care, and to my utmost delight he made me hear perfectly well by a single painless application of Dr. Von Eisenberg's "Æsthetico-Neuralgicon." I have great pleasure in being able to state that his skill in restoring hearing surpasses anything I ever saw or heard of. His attention to the patient is highly commendable.

JOHN WAKELY, No. 104 Monroe-st.

MIRACULOUS CURE OF THE CHRONIC CATARRH, ASSUMING THE FORM OF CONSUMPTION.

I have been suffering for a long time from a severe Catarrh, with a continual dullness in my head, a tightness across my chest, and a weight over my eyes, which were weak, watery, and very painful. My nostrils were continually obstructed with a pouring of fluid. I had frequent sneezing, hoarseness of my voice, generally attended with spitting of blood. I have been treated by many eminent physicians without success. Recently the Catarrh became so offensive that I could not go into society. Hearing of DR. VON EISENBERG'S new invention, I thought I would apply to him as a last resource. Having been satisfied with his diagnosis, I submitted to his treatment, and have every reason to be abundantly satisfied, as I am completely cured, and my health so much renovated that I feel better than I felt for the last fifteen years. It is a blessing that experience gives the Doctor the power to restore such a shattered constitution to perfect vigor. I now feel very happy to be able to give this testimonial in favor of Dr. Von Eisenberg's inimitable skill.

FREDERICK DOUGLAS,
Meserole-av.,
Greenpoint, Long Island.

RESTORATION OF SIGHT.

I, Lawrence Grenna, No. 186 East 36th-st., New-York City, have been suffering from blindness of the left eye for a considerable period. The eye was continually in a state of great inflammation, from which the good eye became affected, and, indeed, my general health was greatly injured by it. Hearing of Dr. Von Eisenberg's great reputation, and as every one said mine was a hopeless case, I called on the Doctor, who, after examining me, undertook my case, and within a fortnight I found myself almost completely cured. It is now a month since I placed myself under Dr. Von Eisenberg's treatment, and I am happy to be able to state that the inflammation is entirely gone, so that I see perfectly with both eyes, added to which I am in good health—a blessing I have not enjoyed since I was blind. I do conscientiously and gratefully swear to the above statement, in a court of justice, at the City Hall of the City of New-York, the 10th day of October, 1864.

LAWRENCE GRENNA.

Sworn before me this 10th day of October, 1864.
C. GODFREY GUNTHER, Mayor.
{ The Grand seal of the New-York Mayoralty. }

Thousands of testimonials similar to the above can be seen at Dr VON EISENBERG'S office,
No. 816 Broadway, New-York.

RELIGIOUS NOTICES.

THE CANNON-ST. BAPTIST CHURCH at their new place of worship, corner of Gouverneur and Madison sts., will observe the following exercises on SUNDAY: Sunday-school at 9 A. M. and 2 P. M.; Preaching at 10½ o'clock A. M., by Rev. Halsey Knapp. Communion at 3 o'clock P. M.; Preaching in the EVENING at 7½ o'clock, by Rev. T. Armitage. The collection during the day will be for the support of the Gospel in this place. The public are cordially invited to attend.

CHURCH OF THE REDEMPTION, EAST 14th-st., opposite the Academy of Music. A series of Sunday evening discourses will be delivered (D. V.) in this Church, by the following distinguished clergymen: Rev. F. C. Ewer, Rector of Christ Church, March 4; Rev. Morgan Dix, D. D., Rector of Trinity Church, March 11; Rev. S. H. Weston, D. D., of Trinity Parish, March 18.

REV. F. C. EWER, RECTOR OF Christ Church, will preach (D. V.) in the Church of the Redemption, East 14th-st., opposite the Academy of Music, SUNDAY EVENING, March 4. Services to commence at 7½ o'clock. Collection in aid of the Church. The Rector, Rev. R. G. Dickson, will preach in the morning. Services to commence at 10½ o'clock. Seats free.

CHURCH OF THE PURITANS.—A DIScourse will be preached by Rev. Dr. Cheever, SABBATH EVENING, in the Church of the Puritans, Union-square, at 7½ o'clock, on the duty of the American church and nation to preserve the citizenship of the colored race from caste and serfdom. Preaching in the morning at 10½ o'clock.

THE FOURTH ANNIVERSARY OF THE Sabbath-school Missionary Association of the Church of the Covenant, (corner Park-av. and 35th-st.,) will be held next SABBATH AFTERNOON, 4th inst., at 3½ o'clock. Addresses will be delivered by Rev. Henry Clay Trumbull, of Connecticut, and Rev. John McCullogh, of Kentucky.

REV. E. G. BROOKS PREACHES AT the 20th-st. Universalist Church, west of 6th-av., SUNDAY MORNING, March 4, at 10½ o'clock. Communion service at 3½ to which all lovers of the Saviour are invited. The ladies of this Church hold a fair in their vestry next WEDNESDAY, THURSDAY and FRIDAY AFTERNOONS and EVENINGS, in aid of the Society.

REV. GEO. W. BURNHAM, OF MASSACHUSETTS, preaches for Messiah's Church, 9th-av., between 11th and 12th sts., SUNDAY AFTERNOON and EVENING. Morning service at 10½. Communion at the close of afternoon service. All scattered members invited to be present; strangers always welcome. Seats free.

LECTURE FOR THE JEWS IN THE Court Room, corner 7th-av. and 22d-st., on SUNDAY, at 7½ P. M., by Rev. J. Tuttle Smith, and Free Episcopal services in Continental Hall, corner 8th-av. and 34th-st., at 10½ A. M. and 3½ P. M., Rev. Wm. Wardlow officiating. All are invited.

SWEDISH CHURCH.—DIVINE SERVICE, IN the Swedish language, every SUNDAY MORNING, at 10½ o'clock, in the new Swedish Evang.-Lutheran Church, No. 91 East 22d-st., owned by the congregation. Rev. J. F. O. Duvell, Pastor. All Swedes are cordially invited.

REV. SIDNEY A. COREY, D. D., WILL preach in the Murray Hill Baptist Church, corner Lexington-av. and 37th-st., on SUNDAY at 10½ A. M. and 7½ P. M. The ordinance of Baptism will be administered during the evening service. Preaching every evening next week.

RIGHT REV. BISHOP COXE WILL preach (D. V.) at Calvary Chapel, East 23d-st., near 3d-av., on SUNDAY EVENING next, March 4. Service to commence at 7½. Service also on SUNDAY MORNING at 10½ o'clock. Rev. Wm. D. Walker expects to preach.

BLEECKER-STREET UNIVERSALIST Church, corner of Downing-st., Rev. Day K. Lee, Pastor. Services on SUNDAY at 10¾ A. M. and 7¾ P. M. Subject for the morning—*Providence in History and Life.* For the evening—*Why such Conflicting Doctrines among Christians?*

NEW-YORK YOUNG MEN'S CHRISTIAN ASSOCIATION, No. 161 5th-av., corner 22d-st. Rev. Frederick G. Clark, D. D., will preach to young men at the Rooms on SUNDAY EVENING, at 7½ o'clock. Young men only (not regular attendants at the churches) are invited.

CHRISTIAN UNION ASSOCIATION—SERMON by Dr. Sam'l Hansen Cox, Presbyterian, SUNDAY EVENING, in Rev. Mr. Fox's Church, (Methodist) corner 7th-av. and 14th-st., and Dr. Ferris will preside; also, by Rev. Dr. Church, for Dr. Porter, Brooklyn, E. D. Services at 7½.

SECOND ADVENT AND FUTURE LIFE FOR THE RIGHTEOUS ONLY.—Preaching SUNDAY at Dodworth Hall, No. 806 Broadway, by Elder S. W. Bishop, at 10½ A. M. Subject—*The Atonement.* At 3 P. M., subject—*The Fall of Mystic Babylon.* The public are cordially invited to attend. Seats free.

NEW-YORK PORT SOCIETY'S MARINERS' CHURCH AND MISSIONS.—Preaching by the Pastor, SUNDAY, 4th inst., corner Catherine and Madison sts., at 10½ A. M. and at 7½ P. M. Concert of prayer for seamen. Preaching corner Dover and Water sts. at 3 P. M., and at No. 27 Greenwich-st. at 3 P. M.

MADISON-AV. BAPTIST CHURCH, CORner 31st-st.—The next in the series of sermons on "the Church" will be preached SUNDAY EVENING, by Rev. George W. Sampson, D. D., President of Columbian College, Washington, D. C. Subject—*Church Polity.*

FORTY-SECOND-ST. PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH, between 7th and 8th avs., north side.—Preaching of God's word by the Pastor, Rev. Wm. A. Scott, D. D., formerly of New-Orleans, every SUNDAY, at 10½ A. M. and 7½ P. M. Subject next Sunday evening—*Joshua's Exhortation to an Immediate Choice of Religion.*

CITY MISSIONS.—A PUBLIC MEETING IN behalf of City Missions will be held on SABBATH EVENING, at 7½ o'clock, in the Presbyterian Church, 5th-av., corner of 19th-st.—Dr. Rice's. Addresses by Rev. James O. Murray, Rev. I. T. Duryea and Rev. Geo. J. Mingins.

THE SPIRITUAL LYCEUM, CORNER of 23d-st. and Broadway, will be open on SUNDAY, March 4, at 7½ P. M. Discourse by Horace Dresser, LL.D. Subject—*Try the Spirits.* Text: I. John: chap. iv., verse 1. Seats free.

FREE EPISCOPAL CHURCH OF THE HOLY MARTYRS—Forsyth-st., near New Canal.—Rev. James Millett, Pastor. Divine service MORNING and EVENING. Sabbath-school at 9 A. M. and 2 P. M.

REV. J. B. PATTERSON, OF PITTSBURGH, will preach in Westminster Church, 22d-st., between 6th and 7th avs., on SABBATH, March 4, at 10½ o'clock A. M. and 3½ P. M. Strangers are invited.

CHRISTIAN CHURCH, 28TH-ST., NEAR BROADWAY.—Services, LORD'S DAY, March 4, at 10½ A. M. and 7½ P. M. Preaching by Urban C. Brewer. Subject for the morning—*The Foundation of the Church.* For the evening—*Our Confession of Faith.*

LEXINGTON-AV. PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH, corner of 46th-st., will be open for union religious services, at 7½ o'clock on every evening of next week. Pastors of the various Evangelical denominations will lead the meetings.

MADISON-AVENUE PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH—Corner of 29th-st. SABBATH AFTERNOON. Practical Discourses on certain Difficulties of Experimental Religion; seventh lecture, SUNDAY AFTERNOON, March 4, at 3½ o'clock: *Striking Conversions.*

ORTHODOXY VS. SPIRITUALISM.—ALL looking into Spiritualism are invited to attend the great discussion SUNDAY, at No. 814 Broadway, at 3 P. M. At 7½ P. M. Mrs. Coles will speak under spirit control. N. B.—A public circle MONDAY EVENING.

FIFTY-THIRD-ST. BAPTIST CHURCH, near 7th-av., Rev. William H. Pendleton, Pastor. Preaching SUNDAY, at 10½ A. M. and 7½ P. M. Baptising in the evening. Preaching every evening through the week.

ST. TIMOTHY'S FREE CHURCH, (Protestant Episcopal,) 54th-st., west of 8th-av. Rev. Mr. Dutton, of the Church of the Holy Communion, will preach in this church on SUNDAY EVENING, March 4. Service at 7½ o'clock.

"DRESS REFORM FOR WOMEN"—will be the subject of discussion at Metropolitan Hall, No. 35 6th-av., at 7½ on SUNDAY EVENING. Women will take part in the discussion. Subject at 3 P. M.—*Is Poverty a Necessary Condition of Civilized Society?*

AMERICAN PROTESTANT MISSION.—Rev. Richard Parker will preach in the large lecture room, No. 100 West 24th-st., between 6th and 7th avs., on SUNDAY EVENING, March 4, at 7½ o'clock. Seats free.

REV. SAMUEL B. BELL, D. D., WILL preach (D. V.) in the 50th-st. Presbyterian Church, between Broadway and 8th-av., at 10½ A. M. and 7½ P.M. Subjects: Morning, *Eternity;* Evening, *Joseph.*

NORTH BAPTIST CHURCH—CORNER OF Christopher and Bedford streets—Rev. A. Cleghorn, Pastor; preaching SUNDAY, at 10½ A. M. and 7½ P. M. Baptism at the close of the morning service.

REV. W. R. WILLIAMS, D. D., WILL preach in the Hall of the Young Men's Christian Association, on the corner of 5th-av. and 22d-st., SABBATH MORNING, at 10½.

FIVE POINTS HOUSE OF INDUSTRY, No. 155 Worth-st.—The religious services of this institution will be held in their new chapel on SUNDAY, at 3 P. M. Singing by a choir of 300 children.

THIRTY-SEVENTH-ST. M. E. CHURCH, between 2d and 3d avs.—Preaching at 10.30 A. M. and at 7 P. M., by the Pastor, Rev. Wm. H. Boole. Meetings EVERY EVENING until further notice.

ANTHON MEMORIAL CHURCH—48TH-st., between 6th and 7th avs., Rev. Thos. A. Jaggar, Rector.—Services every SUNDAY, at 10½ A. M. and 7½ P. M.

THE DAY HAS COME—THE MESSENGER, S. S. Snow, will preach in Jones' Hall, No. 650 Broadway, on SUNDAY, at 3 P. M. Seats free. Subject—*The Time and Manner of the Judgment*—Dan. viii, 14.

FREE EPISCOPAL CHURCH—THIRD-av., between 76th and 77th sts. Rev. J. Tuttle Smith, Pastor. Services every SUNDAY at 10½ A. M. and 3½ P. M. Sunday School at 2 P. M.

J. L. BISHOP IS TO PREACH ON SUNDAY EVENING, at 7½ o'clock, at the Sanctuary, No. 108 1st-st., on *The Second Coming of Christ, the Millennium, &c.*

REV. WM. F. MORGAN, D. D., WILL preach before the St. James' Union, at evening service, 7½ P. M., on the third Sunday in Lent, March 4, at Christ Church, corner 5th-av. and 35th-st.

REV. E. W. HITCHCOCK, PASTOR elect of the 14th-st. Presbyterian Church, corner of 2d-av., will commence his labors on SUNDAY, March 4. Preaching morning and afternoon, at 10½ and 3½ o'clock.

MRS. BULLENE DISCOURSES AT HOPE Chapel at 10½ and 7½ o'clock. Subjects—*Divinity of Christ;* John, i. *Christ's Miracles;* Math., ch. 8. Seats free. Conference 3 P. M.

UNION PRAYER-MEETING—EVERY EVENING, at 9 o'clock, at the rooms of the Young Men's Christian Association, No. 181 5th-av., corner 22d-st. All young men are cordially invited.

JOHN-ST. M. E. CHURCH.—PREACHING on SUNDAY MORNING, at 10½ o'clock. Communion service at 3 P. M., and preaching at 7 P. M. Strangers cordially invited to attend. Seats free.

NEW CONGREGATIONAL CHURCH IN 41st-st., just west of 6th-av.—Public service EVERY SABBATH, at 10½ A. M. and 7½ P. M.

ST. ANN'S FREE CHURCH, 18TH-ST., NEAR 5TH-AV.—On SUNDAY Rev. Eastburn Benjamin will preach at 7½ A. M. and 7½ P. M.

PILGRIM BAPTIST CHURCH—IN WEST 33d-st. Preaching SUNDAY, March 4, morning and evening, by Rev. L. O. Grenell, of New-Jersey.

THE GREATEST DISCOVERY OF THE age for the cure of Chronic Rheumatism, Sore Throat, Neuralgia or Pains in the Limbs, is Dr. TOBIAS' VENETIAN LINIMENT. It never fails, if used according to the directions, as thousands can testify. Sold by all the druggists. Price 40 and 80 cents per bottle. Depot, No. 56 Cortlandt-st.

DR. O. PHELP'S BROWN'S ACACIAN BALSAM will positively eradicate night-sweats, deep-seated coughs, marasmus, sharp pains in the chest, difficult expectoration, physical prostration, and, in fact, every form of consumption will disappear, after the balsam has been used a reasonable length of time. Price $1 per bottle. To be had, with the doctor's other remedies, of DEMAS BARNES & CO., New-York; JOHN D. PARK, Cincinnati; LORD & SMITH, Chicago, Ill.; COLLINS BROS., St. Louis, Mo.

FINANCIAL.

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Keep on hand and buy and sell at market rates, all issues of UNITED STATES BONDS, SEVEN-THIRTY TREASURY NOTES, COMPOUND INTEREST NOTES, CERTIFICATES OF INDEBTEDNESS, &c.

Agents for the sale of the UNITED STATES 30-YEAR 6 PER CENT. BONDS, issued in aid of the Central Pacific R. R., and of the CENTRAL PACIFIC RAILROAD STATE AID BONDS, bearing 7 PER CENT. interest in GOLD, GUARANTEED and PAID by the STATE OF CALIFORNIA.

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STATE AID BONDS.
Interest at the rate of
SEVEN PER CENT. PER ANNUM,
IN GOLD,
Payable semi-annually,
Guaranteed and paid by the
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The bonds are secured by a mortgage on 160 miles of road, from Sacramento to the California State line, forming part of the GREAT PACIFIC RAILROAD ROUTE, ADOPTED and AIDED by the UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT. They are further secured by a SINKING FUND of $50,000 PER ANNUM, reserved from the earnings of the road, and PLEDGED FOR THEIR REDEMPTION. They are a first-class security in every respect, and a limited amount will be offered upon terms which render them a VERY ATTRACTIVE and DESIRABLE INVESTMENT. For further particulars inquire at our office, No. 5 Nassau-st.

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(Successors to Livermore, Clews & Co.,)
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Accounts of banks, bankers and individuals solicited.
FOUR PER CENT. INTEREST ALLOWED ON ALL DAILY BALANCES
which may be checked for without notice.
Collections made promptly on all points.
Orders for stocks, bonds and gold executed on commission.
Gold for payment of duties for sale in sums to suit.

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NEW-YORK STATE
SEVEN PER CENT. BOUNTY LOAN,
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BANKERS.

In connection with our Houses in Philadelphia and Washington, we this day open an office at No. 1 Nassau, corner of Wall-st., in this City.

Mr. EDWARD DODGE, late of Clark, Dodge & Co., New-York; Mr. H. C. FAHNESTOCK, of our Washington House, and Mr. PITT COOKE, of Sandusky, Ohio, will be resident partners.

We shall give particular attention to the purchase and sale of GOVERNMENT SECURITIES, and to orders for purchase and sale of STOCKS, BONDS and GOLD.

JAY COOKE & CO.

NEW-YORK, March 1, 1866.

STOCKS WANTED.
NATIONAL BANKERS' EXPRESS,
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Apply to GEO. C. DUNBAR,
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MILWAUKEE AND PRAIRIE DU CHIEN RAILWAY,
COMPANY'S OFFICE, No. 48 EXCHANGE-PLACE,
(Room No. 20, third floor,) NEW-YORK, 1st March, 1866.

STOCKHOLDERS' MEETINGS.

Stockholders of all classes are requested to meet at the Company's office, Room No. 20, Nos. 46 and 48 Exchange-place, on the 14th of March, at noon.

First.—Pursuant to adjournment from Milwaukee.

Second.—In special meeting for purpose of appointing Committee, see annual report, page 22, and for other important purposes. L. H. MEYER, President.

SAMUEL B. HARD
BANKER AND BROKER,
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Corner New-st., New-York.
GOVERNMENT BONDS, RAILROAD STOCKS, &c.,
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MERCHANTS' NATIONAL BANK.
UNITED STATES DESIGNATED DEPOSITORY.
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CAPITAL TWO HUNDRED THOUSAND DOLLARS.

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L. HUYCK, President.
C. A. SHERMAN, Cashier.

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For sale, on the James River, opposite Richmond, consisting of a six-story brick building, with wheels and driving power for a large business. Has a perpetual lease from the City of Manchester. Will be sold low, and payments made easy.

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And two first-class iron properties in Virginia, with furnaces, coal, &c., ready for immediate operation.

Apply to S. HASTINGS GRANT, No. 70 Broadway, New-York City.

REMOVAL.

GREENLEAF, NORRIS & CO. have removed to No. 8 New-st., Stock Exchange Building, where, with increased facilities, they will continue to execute orders for the purchase and sale of stocks, bonds and other securities, strictly on commission.

TREASURY DEPARTMENT,
OFFICE OF COMPTROLLER OF THE CURRENCY,
WASHINGTON, Dec. 23, 1865.

WHEREAS, BY SATISFACTORY EVIDENCE presented to the undersigned, it has been made to appear that the Mechanics' and Traders' National Bank, in the City of New-York, in the County of New-York and State of New-York, has been duly organized under and according to the requirements of the act of Congress entitled an Act to provide a national currency, secured by a pledge of United States bonds, and to provide for the circulation and redemption thereof, approved June 3, 1864, and has complied with all the provisions of said act required to be complied with before commencing business under said act.

Now, therefore, I, FREEMAN CLARKE, Comptroller of the Currency, do hereby certify that the Mechanics' and Traders' National Bank of the City of New-York, in the City of New-York, in the County of New-York and State of New-York, is authorized to commence the business of banking under the act aforesaid.

[SEAL.] In testimony whereof, witness my hand and seal of office, this 23d day of December, 1865.

FREEMAN CLARKE,
No. 1,624. Comptroller.

THE CHICAGO AND GREAT EASTERN RAILWAY COMPANY offer for sale $1,350,000 of their First Mortgage Sinking Fund, convertible bonds, due April 1, 1895, bearing seven per cent. interest, payable in the City of New-York on the first days of April and October in each year, being the entire balance of the bonds which the Company is authorized to sell under the provisions of a mortgage to George N. Titus and James D. Fish, Trustees for $5,600,000, covering the whole line of the Company's road, from Chicago, Ill., to Richmond, Ind., 224 miles, with the franchises, equipment and appurtenances, and all other present and future acquired property.

The proceeds of these bonds now offered will extinguish the whole existing floating debt of the Company, and provide for the purchase of a large amount of additional rolling stock.

For copy of mortgage and further particulars, apply at the office of the Company, No. 37 William-st., New-York, where subscriptions for the bonds will be received.

Dated NEW-YORK, Feb. 13, 1866.

OFFICE OF THE PITTSBURGH, FORT WAYNE AND CHICAGO RAILWAY COMPANY,
PITTSBURGH, Feb. 24, 1866.

NOTICE.—THE ANNUAL MEETING OF THE shareholders and bondholders of this Company, for the election of Directors, and such other business as may come before it, will be held at the office of the Company, in the City of Pittsburgh, on the third Wednesday (21st) of March, 1866, at 10 o'clock A. M.

The stock and bond transfer books in the Cities of Pittsburgh and New-York, will close on the 5th day of March prox. at 2 o'clock P. M., and will reopen on the 22d day of March thereafter. By order of the Board.

F. M. HUTCHINSON, Secretary.

NOTICE.—THE ANNUAL MEETING OF THE Stockholders of the Lilly Run Petroleum Company will be held at the Howard Hotel, corner of Broadway and Maiden-lane, on TUESDAY, March 6, 1866, at 1½ o'clock P. M., for the purpose of electing a Board of Directors for the ensuing year, and for the transaction of such business as may be brought before the meeting. The transfer books will be closed from Feb. 21 to March 7.

JAMES MILLIGAN, Secretary.

PRESTON COAL AND IMPROVEMENT COMPANY,
No. 205½ WALNUT-STREET,
PHILADELPHIA, Feb. 19, 1866.

THE ANNUAL MEETING OF STOCKHOLDERS and election for Directors of this Company will be held at the office of the Company on WEDNESDAY, March 7, 1866. H. P. RUTTER, Secretary.

STUYVESANT INSURANCE COMPANY,
NEW-YORK, Feb. 24, 1866.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT the annual election for twenty-five Directors and for three Inspectors of the next election will be held at the office of the Company, No. 122 Bowery, on THURSDAY, the 8th of March next. The poll will open at 12 M. and close at 1 P. M. WM. F. LEGGETT, Secretary.

SHERBROOKE GOLD MINING COMPANY OF NOVA SCOTIA.—The annual meeting of the Sherbrooke Gold Mining Company for the election of Trustees and transaction of other business, will be held at the office of the Company, No. 50 Cliff-st., on WEDNESDAY, the 7th day of March next, at 12 o'clock. By order. H. CUNNINGHAM, Secretary.

Dated FEB. 23, 1866.

NOTICE.—THE ANNUAL MEETING OF THE stockholders of the LOCOMOTIVE ENGINE SAFETY TRUCK COMPANY, will be held at their Office, No. 50 Courtlandt-st., New-York, on TUESDAY, March 12, at 10 o'clock A. M.

JOEL C. LANE, Secretary.

NEW-YORK, March 2, 1866.

NOTICE.—THE ANNUAL ELECTION OF DIRECTORS for the New-York and Virginia Steamship Company will be held at the office of said Company, No. 115 Broadway, on TUESDAY, March 6, 1866, between the hours of 12 M. and 2 P. M. The transfer books will be closed until after the election.

G. HEINEKEN, Secretary.

FINANCIAL.

UNION BANK OF LONDON,
NATIONAL BANK OF SCOTLAND.
BELFAST BANKING CO., IRELAND.
We issue sight drafts on the above, in sums to suit.

TAYLOR BROTHERS.

NO. 17 WALL-ST.

VERMILYE & CO.,

BANKERS,
NO. 44 WALL-ST., NEW-YORK,
KEEP CONSTANTLY ON HAND FOR
IMMEDIATE DELIVERY,
ALL ISSUES OF
UNITED STATES STOCKS,
INCLUDING
6 PER CENT. BONDS OF 1881.
6 PER CENT. 5-20 BONDS OF 1862.
6 PER CENT. 5-20 BONDS OF 1864.
6 PER CENT. 5-20 BONDS OF 1865.
5 PER CENT. 10-40 BONDS.
7 3-10 PER CENT. TREASURY NOTES, 1ST, 2D AND 3D SERIES.
6 PER CENT. CURRENCY CERTIFICATES.

ORDERS from BANKS and BANKERS, for the PURCHASE and SALE of Government Stocks executed ON FAVORABLE TERMS and with DISPATCH. Also for all securities dealt in at the Stock Exchange.

COMPOUND INTEREST NOTES OF 1864 BOUGHT and SOLD. VERMILYE & CO.

1866.

TWENTY-THIRD ANNUAL REPORT
OF THE

MUTUAL LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY

OF NEW-YORK,
FOR THE YEAR ENDING JAN. 31, 1866.
FREDERICK S. WINSTON,
President.

Office Nos. 144 and 146 Broadway, corner of Liberty-st.

STATEMENT FOR YEAR.
January 31, 1866.

The Net Assets Feb. 1, 1865 - - $11,799,414 68

RECEIPTS DURING THE YEAR.

For premiums and policy fees, Original on new policies	$1,154,066 94	
Renewals	1,818,654 82	
War extras and annuities	15,428 64—	$2,988,150 40
Interest on bonds and mortgages	361,752 88	
U. S. Stocks	352,329 52	
Premium on gold	94,999 66—	809,082 06
Rent	55,833 34—	$3,853,065 80
Total		$15,652,480 48
Disbursements as follows:		
Paid claims by death and additions to same	$712,823 71	
Paid matured Endowment Policies and additions	20,999 52	
Paid Post-Mortem Dividends, Dividends surrendered, and reduction of Premium	58,730 87	
Paid surrendered Policies	190,691 40	
Paid Annuities	10,242 55	
Paid Taxes	38,076 52	
Paid Expenses, including Exchange, Postage, Advertising, Medical Examinations, Salaries, Printing, Stationery, and sundry office expenses	174,310 94	
Paid Commissions, and for purchase of Commissions accruing on future Premiums	334,255 12—	1,540,130 63

Net Cash Assets Jan. 31, 1866, $14,112,349 85.

Invested as follows:		
Cash on hand and in Bank	$1,475,899 82	
Bonds and Mortgages	7,348,622 30	
United States Stocks, (Cost)	4,468,921 25	
Real Estate	782,307 34	
Balance due by Agents	36,599 14—	$14,112,349 85
Add:		
Interest accrued, but not due	$112,000 00	
Interest due and unpaid	5,084 73	
Deferred Premiums and Premiums due, but not yet received	655,844 30—	772,929 03

Gross Assets Jan. 31, 1866 . . . $14,885,278 88

Increase in Net Cash Assets for the Year $2,312,935 17

THE GROSS RECEIPTS OF THE COMPANY ARE THUS APPROPRIATED:

Reserve to reinsure outstanding policies, including dividend additions to same	$11,503,996 03
Claims ascertained and unpaid (not due)	122,750 00
Dividend additions to same	22,497 61
Post-mortem dividends (uncalled for)	29,931 73
Premiums paid in advance	11,065 48
Undivided surplus (excluding a margin on the above Reserves of over $1,000,000)	218,649 42
Dividend of 1866	**2,975,388 58**
Gross assets Feb. 1, 1866, as above	$14,885,278 88

N. B.—The reserve to reinsure outstanding policies and additions, ($11,503,996 03,) as above, includes a margin of $1,000,000 over and above the net values, at 4 per cent. interest, so that the total undivided surplus exceeds $1,290,000.

Claims unpaid, not due $122,750 00

POLICY AND RISK ACCOUNT.

Policies in force Feb. 1, 1865	17,197. Insuring	$52,019,426
Total issued in the year 1865	8,600. Insuring	31,394,507
In force Feb. 1, 1866	25,797. Insuring	$83,413,933

I have carefully examined the foregoing statement, and believe the same to be correct.

SHEPPARD HOMANS,
Actuary.

BOARD OF TRUSTEES.

Fred. S. Winston,	Sam'l E. Sproulls,	Henry A. Smythe,
John V. L. Pruyn,	Sam'l M. Cornell,	William V. Brady,
William Moore,	Lucius Robinson,	W. E. Dodge,
Robt. H. McCurdy,	W. Smith Brown,	George S. Coe,
Isaac G. Pearson,	Richard Patrick,	Wm. K. Strong,
Martin Bates,	Wm. H. Popham,	Wm. M. Vermilye,
William Betts,	Wm. A. Haines,	John E. Develin,
John P. Yelverton,	Ezra Wheeler,	Wellington Clapp,
John Wadsworth,	Seym'r L. Husted,	Alonzo Child,
Alfred Edwards,	Sam'l D. Babcock,	Henry E. Davies,
John M. Stuart,	Alex. W. Bradford,	R. A. McCurdy,
Oliver H. Palmer,	David Hoadley,	Francis Skiddy.

RICHARD A. McCURDY, Vice-President.
Secretaries, ISAAC ABBATT, THEO. W. MORRIS.
Actuary, SHEPPARD HOMANS.
Cashier, FRED. M. WINSTON.
Medical Examiners, MINTURN POST, M. D., ISAAC L. KIP, M. D.
Counsel, WILLIAM BETTS, LL.D., Hon. LUCIUS ROBINSON, Hon. A. W. BRADFORD.

JOHN J. CISCO & SON,
BANKERS,
No. 33 WALL-ST.,
New-York.

Receive money on deposit and allow interest at the rate of four per cent. per annum on daily balances, which may be checked for at sight.

Negotiate Loans and Business paper.

Execute promptly orders for the purchase and sale of Gold.

Buy and sell Government and other Securities on commission.

MAKE COLLECTIONS
on all parts of the United States and Canada.
JOHN J. CISCO,
(Late of the United States Treasury in New-York.)
JOHN ASHFIELD CISCO.

TENTH NATIONAL BANK,
NO. 240 BROADWAY,
DESIGNATED DEPOSITORY OF THE GOVERNMENT.
BANKERS AND DEALERS ACCOUNTS SOLICITED.
D. L. ROSS, President.
J. H. STOUT, Cashier.

OFFICE OF THE UNITED STATES LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY, IN THE CITY OF NEW-YORK,
No. 40 WALL-ST., NEW-YORK, Feb. 20, 1866.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT THE annual election for ten Directors of this Company, constituting the first class, and for three Inspectors of Election, will be held at this office on MONDAY, the 5th day of March, proximo, between the hours of 12 and 1 o'clock P. M. By order.

JOHN EADIE, Secretary.

THE ANNUAL MEETING OF THE STOCKholders of the ASHBURTON COAL COMPANY, for the election of five directors for the ensuing year, and the transaction of general business, will be held at the office of the company, No. 32 Pine-st., Room No. 10, New-York, on the 10th day of March next, at 12 o'clock noon, and at the Continental Hotel, corner of 9th and Chestnut sts., Philadelphia, on the 13th day of March next, at 2 P. M. CHAS. A. BERRIAN, Sec'y.

TRANSFER OFFICE OF THE
CHICAGO AND NORTHWESTERN RAILWAY CO.,
No. 8 WALL-ST., NEW-YORK, Feb. 27, 1866.

COUPONS DUE MARCH 1, NEXT, FROM the bonds of Peninsula Railroad Company of Michigan, will be paid on and after that day, upon presentation at this office.

JAMES R. YOUNG, Secretary.

HEMPSTEAD, Feb. 26, 1865.

THE INTEREST DUE ON QUEENS County Bonds will be paid on presentation at the Atlantic National Bank of Brooklyn, or at the County Treasurer's office in the village of Hempstead.

LEWIS W. ANGEVINE, Treasurer.

MINING PROPERTIES EXAMINED by Prof. HITCHCOCK, late of Amherst, No. 37 Park-row, New-York.

COMMISSIONER FOR MASSACHUSETTS and other States—No. 5 Beekman-st., Room No. 1, [illegible]

FINANCIAL.

HENRY A. HEISER'S SONS,

BANKERS,
NO. 38 WALL-ST.,
BUY AND SELL
U. S. 6 PER CENT. COMPOUND INTEREST NOTES.
U. S. 7-30 TREASURY NOTES,
AND ALL CLASSES OF
GOVERNMENT SECURITIES AT MARKET RATES.
MARCH, MAY, JULY AND NOVEMBER
Coupons Cashed in Gold.

---

800 OF THE FIRST MORTGAGE
GOLD-BEARING BONDS
OF THE ATCHISON OR CENTRAL BRANCH
OF THE
UNION PACIFIC RAILROAD,

Are offered (by subscription only) on such terms as to make them

THE SAFEST AND MOST PROFITABLE
INVESTMENT IN THIS MARKET.

Apply to EFFINGHAM H. NICHOLS, Treasurer, No. 9 Pine-st., New-York; or

NEW-YORK:	BOSTON:
WM. C. WETMORE,	GINERY TWITCHELL,
HENRY DAY,	RALPH M. POMEROY,
CHAUNCEY VIBBARD,	WM. CLAFLIN.

FIFTEENTH ANNUAL REPORT
OF THE

MANHATTAN LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY,

NOS. 156 AND 158 BROADWAY, NEW-YORK,
JANUARY 1, 1866.

Net assets, Jan. 1, 1865		$1,823,724 77
RECEIPTS DURING THE YEAR.		
For Premiums, Extra Premiums, &c.	$1,104,919 13	
For Interest and Rents	136,800 52	
For Interest and Rents accrued	39,877 56—	$1,281,597 21
Total		$3,105,321 96
DISBURSEMENTS.		
Paid Claims by death on Policies and Bonus, and payments of Annuities	$205,144 55	
Paid Expenses, Salaries, Taxes, Revenue Stamps, Medical Examiners' Fees, Commissions, &c.	191,932 70	
Paid Dividends, Re-Insurance, Purchased Policies and Bonus, Interest on Dividends, &c.	89,053 93—	$486,131 13
Total		$2,619,190 80
ASSETS.		
Cash in Bank and on hand	$43,559 99	
Bonds and Mortgages	324,375 00	
Real Estate	57,350 00	
Premium Notes on Policies in force	1,041,261 41	
[The actuarial estimate of the Policies which secure these notes is about $1,300,000.]		
United States and New-York State Stocks, cost	449,131 75	
Quarterly and Semi-Annual Premiums deferred and Premiums and interest in course of collection and transmission	368,928 0	
Temporary Loans on Stocks and Bonds	295,965 00	
[Market value of the Securities, $361,018 50.]		
Interest accrued to date, and all other property	35,569 56—	$2,619,190 80

ADVANTAGES OF THIS COMPANY OVER OTHER COMPANIES, DIVIDENDS IN CASH, ANNUALLY.
FORTY PER CENT. DIVIDEND DECLARED 1ST JANUARY, 1866.
NOTES TAKEN FOR HALF THE ANNUAL PREMIUMS.
EXPENSES LESS THAN THOSE OF ANY "ALL-CASH" COMPANY.
TEN YEARS NON-FORFEITING LIFE AND ENDOWMENT POLICIES ISSUED.
Policies incontestible.
HENRY STOKES, President.
C. Y. WEMPLE, Secretary.
J. L. HALSEY, Assistant Secretary.
S. N. STEBBINS, Actuary.

THIRD-AV. RAILROAD STOCK.
MEAD RUBBER COMPANY STOCK.
FOR SALE BY
DICKINSON & PARTRIDGE,
No. 62 Broadway and No. 28 New-st.

OFFICE OF THE CHICAGO AND ALTON RAILROAD COMPANY, CHICAGO, ILL., March 1, 1866.

NOTICE TO STOCK AND BONDHOLDERS.—Notice is hereby given to the stock and bondholders of the Chicago and Alton Railroad Company, that the annual meeting of said Company for the election of three Directors, as required by the amended charter, and transaction of other business, will be held at the office of the Company, in Chicago, Ill., on MONDAY, the 2d day of April next, at 10 o'clock A. M.

The transfer books will be closed at the close of business hours March 22, and opened April 3 next.

W. M. LARABEE, Secretary.

OFFICE OF THE HUDSON RIVER RAILROAD CO.,
No. 270 WEST 30TH-ST., BETWEEN 9TH AND 10TH AVS.,
NEW-YORK, March 2, 1866.

AT A MEETING OF THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS OF THE HUDSON RIVER RAILROAD COMPANY, held this day, AUGUSTUS SCHELL was appointed Attorney for the Company in the place of Thomas W. North, removed.

All persons having litigation with the Company are requested to communicate to Augustus Schell, at the office of the Company, the names of the parties, the names of the attorneys, and the present condition of the suits. C. VANDERBILT, President.

OFFICE OF THE FARMERS' LOAN & TRUST CO.,
No. 26 Exchange-place.

THE HOLDERS OF CERTIFICATES OF ADVANCES and FIRST MORTGAGE BONDS of the Eastern Division of the Racine and Mississippi Railroad Company, are hereby requested to present the same at this office for payment out of the proceeds of the sale under foreclosure.

R. G. ROLSTON, President, Trustee.

OWEN'S LAKE SILVER LEAD COMPANY.—The annual meeting of stockholders of this Company, for the election of Directors and other purposes, will be held at the office of the Company, No. 78 Cedar-st., on MONDAY, March 5. Polls open from 12 M. to 1 P. M. Transfer books will be closed from March 1 to March 6. CHAS. W. BOND, Secretary.

THE ANNUAL ELECTION OF DIRECTORS OF THE 42D-ST. AND GRAND-ST. FERRY RAILROAD COMPANY, will be held at the office of the Company, foot 42d-st., North River, on TUESDAY, 13th day of March, 1866. Polls open from 12 M. to 2 P. M.

JOHN KERR, Secretary.

CAPITALISTS, ATTENTION:—A WELL, producing $2,400 worth of oil per day, has been struck in Tennessee; leases and interests, if secured now, can be obtained so as to pay largely. Call and get the facts of SMITH BROTHERS, No. 139 Broadway.

DIVIDENDS.

STUYVESANT INSURANCE COMPANY.
TWENTY-THIRD DIVIDEND.

A dividend of Four per Cent., free of Government tax, has been declared, payable on and after the 10th of February, at No. 122 Bowery.

WM. F. LEGGETT, Secretary.

Feb. 8, 1866.

OFFICE OF UNITED PETROLEUM FARMS ASSOCIATION,
No. 8 PINE-ST., NEW-YORK, Feb. 19, 1866.

THE TRUSTEES OF THE UNITED PETROLEUM FARMS ASSOCIATION have this day declared a dividend of One Per Cent. on the capital stock of the Company, payable March 5, 1866. Transfer books will be closed from Feb. 23 to March 5, both days inclusive. AUSTIN STEVENS, Secretary.

OFFICE TARR FARM PETROLEUM COMPANY,
No. 10 PINE-ST., N. Y., Feb. 28, 1866.

AT A MEETING OF THE TRUSTEES OF THE TARR FARM PETROLEUM COMPANY, held this day, a Dividend of One Per Cent. for the month of February was declared, payable March 15. The transfer books will be closed from March 10 to 15, inclusive. J. P. HOGARTH, Secretary.

DIVIDEND.
RUSSELL FILE COMPANY.
RUSSELL FILE COMPANY,
No. 74 BROADWAY, ROOM No. 17,
NEW-YORK, Feb. 26, 1866.

The Board of Trustees have this day declared a quarterly Dividend of Five Per Cent. in cash and Five Per Cent. in stock, payable on the 10th day of March.

The transfer books will be closed from the 4th to the 9th of March inclusive.

WM. J. PEASE, President.
JAMES H. KIDDER, Secretary.

OFFICE OF PACIFIC MAIL STEAMSHIP COMPANY,
NEW-YORK, Feb. 21, 1866.

THIRTY-FIRST DIVIDEND.—NOTICE IS hereby given that the Board of Directors have this day declared a dividend of five (5) per cent. on the net earnings of the quarter ending Jan. 31, payable at the office of the company on WEDNESDAY, 28th inst., upon the capital stock, and so much of the scrip stock as has been declared paid.

The transfer books will be closed Thursday, the 22d inst., and reopened Friday, March 2. By order of the Board of Directors.

THEODORE T. JOHNSON, Secretary.

MUTUAL LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY OF NEW-YORK, CORNER OF BROADWAY AND LIBERTY-ST., NEW-YORK, Feb. 1, 1866.

THE HOLDERS OF CERTIFICATES for *post-mortem* dividends on all policies which have become claims previous to this date, are hereby notified that the amount due will be paid on presentation of the certificates at this office, properly receipted.

Policy holders residing in the City are notified that the dividends will be entered upon their policies on presentation at the office, and those residing out of the City are notified that statements of their dividends will be sent to them through our agents, or by mail where desired.

F. S. WINSTON, President.

SIXTY-FIRST DIVIDEND.—THE UNITED STATES FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY have this day declared a Semi-annual Dividend of Five (5) per cent., free of government tax, payable on demand, and carried Three (3) per cent. to surplus account, out of the earnings of the last six months.

SURPLUS JAN. 1, 1866, $120,000.

NEW-YORK, Jan. 3, 1866. W. W. UNDERHILL, Secretary.

DIVIDEND.—THE CHEMUNG RAILROAD COMPANY will pay a dividend of Three per Cent. on demand, free of the Government tax, payable at the Treasurer's office, No. 9 Broad-st., Room No. 11.

J. W. BAKER, Treasurer, pro tem.

NEW-YORK, March 1, 1866.

MEETINGS.

A MEETING OF THE CITIZENS AND gas consumers of the City of New-York, will be held at No. 813 Broadway, on MONDAY EVENING, March 5, at 8 o'clock, for the purpose of forming a gas consumers' protective association, to coöperate with gas consumers and associations in other parts of the State, in promoting the passage of the act now before the Legislature, for the better regulation of gas companies. A full attendance is requested.

PETER COOPER,
NATHANIEL SANDS,
CHARLES G. HALPIN,
HORACE GREELEY,
D. APPLETON & CO.,
O. E. WOOD & CO.,
WILLIAM J. GARNER,
THOMAS B. FOGARTY.

COAL.

$7.90 PER TON, SCRANTON CHESTNUT COAL—Also, egg and stove size at $9 50—Delivered free of cartage and Government tax at above price. Apply at No. 19 Nassau-st., Room No. 7.

AUCTION SALES.

C. W. BOTELER, JR., Auctioneer.

SALE OF NEW HOSPITAL CLOTHING, BEDDING, &c.

MEDICAL PURVEYOR'S OFFICE,
WASHINGTON, D. C., Feb. 12, 1866.

An extensive sale of Hospital Clothing, Bedding, &c., entirely new and in the original boxes and bales, will be held in this city, at the Judiciary-square Warehouses, Fifth and E sts., back of City Hall, on THURSDAY, the 8th day of March next, at 10 o'clock A. M. The following articles will be offered for sale, viz.:

Shirts	40,000
Drawers	20,000
Socks, pairs	20,000
Slippers, pairs	30,000
Gowns	30,000
Bed-sacks	20,000
Pillow-ticks	10,000
Pillows, Hair	4,000
Towels, Hand	10,000

The attention of the trade and the public at large is called to this sale, as the goods will be sold in lots to suit both large and small purchasers. Quantities as small as one dozen will be sold. Goods will be delivered to purchasers within five (5) days from termination of sale.

Terms—Cash, in Government funds.

C. SUTHERLAND,
Surgeon and Purveyor U. S. A.

SALE OF GOVERNMENT CARTS, AMBULANCES AND ARMY WAGONS.

CHIEF QUARTERMASTER'S OFFICE,
DEPOT OF WASHINGTON,
WASHINGTON, D. C., March 1, 1866.

Will be sold at public auction, under the direction of Brevet Col. C. H. Tompkins, Quartermaster at Lincoln Depot, Washington, D. C., on TUESDAY, March 13, 1866, at 10 o'clock A. M., the following-mentioned Government property, viz.:

52 LIGHT CARTS,
100 LIGHT AMBULANCES,
380 ARMY WAGONS,

which will be sold singly, and must be removed within five days from date of sale.

Terms—Cash, in Government funds.

By order of Brevet Major-Gen. D. H. RUCKER,
Chief Quartermaster, Depot of Washington.
CHAS. H. TOMPKINS,
Brevet Colonel and Quartermaster.

DANIEL H. BURDETT, Auctioneer.

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT VESSELS AT AUCTION.

BURDETT, JONES & CO. will sell on TUESDAY, March 6, 1866, at 12 o'clock noon, at the Brooklyn Navy-yard, Brooklyn, by order of the Navy Department, the following-named vessels:

STEAM TUG MARIGOLD—Length, 83 feet; breadth, 19 feet; depth, 8 feet 3 inches; one vertical engine; diameter of cylinder, 26 inches; stroke of piston, 26 inches; one flue and return tubular boiler.

STEAM TUG LABURNUM—Length, 100 feet; breadth, 21 feet 3 inches; depth, 9 feet; diameter of cylinder, 32 inches; stroke, 32 inches; one boiler, two furnaces, flue and return tubes.

TERMS—Twenty per cent on the day of sale, the balance within six days, when the vessels must be removed from the yard. C. H. BELL, Commandant.

ADRIAN H. MULLER, Auctioneer.

8TH AND 9TH AV., ELIZABETH AND 19TH-ST. PROPERTY AT AUCTION.

ADRIAN H. MULLER, P. R. WILKINS & CO. will sell at auction on MONDAY, March 5, at 12 o'clock, at the Exchange Salesroom, No. 111 Broadway:

8TH-AV.—The lot of land, with the 2½ and 3-story brick stores and dwellings thereon, situate on the westerly side of 8th-av., between Jane and 4th-sts., Nos. 33, 35, 37, 39, 41 and 43.

9TH-AV.—The five-story brown-stone store and dwelling, situate on the east side of 9th-av., between 19th and 20th-sts., and known as No. 138. Lot 21 feet 10 inches by 80 feet.

19TH-ST.—The three-story and basement high-stoop brick house and lot, situate on the south side of 19th-st., 267 feet 2 inches east of 2d-av., No. 180. The house is 20 feet 11 inches by about 50 feet, and is in good order. Lot 92 feet deep.

ELIZABETH-ST.—The lot of land, with the brick house on the front, and frame house on the rear thereof, situated on the east side of Elizabeth-st., between Grand and Hester-sts., No. 86. Lot 25x100 feet.

JAMES M. MILLER, Auctioneer.

SATURDAY, MARCH 3,

At 11 o'clock, on the premises.

(Under the direction of B. LEFFINGWELL, Esq.,) FARM IN EASTCHESTER, WESTCHESTER COUNTY, late of Wm. Silliman, Esq., 180 acres, two miles from Tuckahoe Station, one mile from Scarsdale Station, on Harlem Railroad, four miles from New-Rochelle, eighteen miles from New-York; large mansion-house, farm-house and other suitable outbuildings; highly cultivated, well wooded and watered; fruit trees in variety and abundance; valuable marble on a portion; possession 1st of April; 50 per cent. can remain on bond and mortgage.

Maps and particulars at the office.

ADRIAN H. MULLER, Auctioneer.

AUCTION SALE OF HOUSE AND LOT NO. 111 WEST 14TH-ST.

ADRIAN H. MULLER, P. R. WILKINS & CO. will sell at auction on TUESDAY, March 6, at 12 o'clock, at the Exchange Salesroom, No. 111 Broadway:

WEST 14TH-ST.—The first-class four-story brown-stone front (English basement) house and lot, on the north side of 14th-st., between 6th and 7th avs., and known as No. 111. The house is about 17x60 feet; lot 17x103 feet.

P. C. BULKLEY, Auctioneer.

LARGE SALE OF REAL ESTATE—LOTS ON 142D-ST., 130TH-ST., 102D-ST. and 12TH-AV., improved property on Washington and West sts. with bulkhead and water right, and two houses in Brooklyn.

P. C. BULKLEY will sell on TUESDAY, March 6, at 12 o'clock, M., at the Exchange Salesroom, No. 111 Broadway:

WEST-ST.—The 5-story brick store, No. 307 West-st.; between Spring and Charlton sts.; 20 ft. by about 75; lot 85 ft. 9 inches in depth. The 5-story brick store, No. 308 West-st., 20 ft. by about 75; lot 87 ft. 5 inches in depth.

WASHINGTON-ST.—The 4½-story brick building Nos. 508 and 510 Washington-st., in the rear of the West-st. stores; lot 40x115; buildings covering the plot.

BULKHEAD AND WATER RIGHT in front of the West-st. stores. The whole of the above forming a plot of ground 40 feet on West-st. running through to Washington-st. 202 feet 6 inches, with the bulkhead and water rights in front of the West-st. property.

142D-ST.—Four lots north side of 142d-st., 400 feet eas of 11th-av.

102D-ST.—Two lots south side of 102d-st., 345 feet east 1st-av.

12TH-AV.—Two lots east side 12th-av., 25 feet north 130th-st.

130TH-ST.—One lot north side of 130th-st., 100 feet eas of 12th-av.

VALUABLE TRIANGULAR PLOT, bounded by 12th-av., 130th-st., and Manhattan-st.—10 feet on the avenue, 226 feet on 130th-st., and 120 feet 11 inches running through to Manhattan-st.

BROOKLYN PROPERTY.

HUNTINGTON-ST.—The two three-story brick houses, Nos. 41 and 43 Huntington-st., between Court and Clinton sts., well built and in good order; possession May 1.

For maps, &c., apply to the auctioneer, No. 43 Wall-st., Jauncey-court, New-York.

NEW-ORLEANS OPERA HOUSE FOR SALE—A RARE CHANCE FOR INVESTMENT.—Sale at auction of the New-Orleans Opera House, situated at the corner of Bourbon and Toulouse sts., with its dependencies, and all and singular the furniture, decorations, scenery, wardrobe and library and other accessories of said Opera House.—By GABRIEL LEAUMONT, Auctioneer, salesroom No. 69 Chartres-st., on THURSDAY, March 29, 1866, at noon, will be sold at the Merchants' and Auctioneers' Exchange, Royal-st., between Custom and Canal sts., New-Orleans, the splendid building known as the OPERA HOUSE. The portion of ground on which said opera house is built, forms the west corner of Bourbon and Toulouse sts., and measures 191 feet 9 inches and 6 lines front on said Bourbon-st., by 190 feet 8 inches and 7 lines front on Toulouse st., all more or less. Said building was erected in 1859, and the cost of the same, with the furniture, decorations, scenery, wardrobe, library, and other accessories, exceeded the sum of $340,000. A complete and exact inventory of the contents of said opera house is deposited for reference in the office of S. MAGNER, Notary Public in New-Orleans.

TERMS AND CONDITIONS.—The purchaser to assume the payment of two bonds of $1,000 each, subscribed by the New-Orleans Opera House Company, under date of the 1st of June, 1859, and payable on the 1st of July, 1869, the said two bonds bearing 8 per cent. interest, payable semi-annually by coupons of $40 each on the 1st of July and 1st of January of each year, the first coupon to be due on the 1st of July next, 1866. The balance of the price of adjudication to be one-third cash in United States Treasury notes, and the balance at a credit of one, two, three, four and five years, by equal installments, in notes divided by coupons to suit the vendors; said notes bearing 8 per cent. interest from date until paid, and the whole to be secured by mortgage on the property sold. The building to be kept insured against fire to the amount of the unpaid notes, and the policy transferred to the vendors until the full payment of said notes, the vendors reserving the privilege to renew yearly said insurance in case of negligence on the part of the purchaser so to do, and to claim immediately from the owner the reimbursement of said premium of insurance, which will be also secured by mortgage on said property; the purchaser also taking the obligation to pay the attorneys' fees in case of suit on any of the notes subscribed by him for the balance purchase of said property, said attorneys' fees not to exceed 5 per cent.

The opera house being rented up to the 1st of June next, possession of the same will not be given before that time; but the leases of the stores on the ground floor, amounting to $200 per month, will be transferred to the purchaser from the 1st of April next.

Acts of sale before GOTTSCHALK & WAGNER, Notaries Public in New-Orleans, at the expense of the purchaser, who shall have to pay the United States revenue stamp for said sale.

HENRY D. MINER, Auctioneer—Salesroom No. 37 Nassau-st., opposite the Post-office.

MINER & SOMERVILLE WILL SELL at auction, SATURDAY, March 3, at 10½ o'clock, at their salesroom, No. 37 Nassau-st., elegant parlor suites in figured and crimson brocatelle and library suites in green reps, black walnut parlor suites in hair-cloth and reps, Brussels and ingrain carpets, bureaus, washstands, hallstands, extension tables mattresses, refrigerators, &c., &c.

ALSO,

Office furniture, desks, chairs, lounges, cocoa matting, letter-presses, &c., &c.

ALSO,

For account of whom it may concern, an invoice of books of a miscellaneous character, comprising standard literature and law works.

BUREAU OF ORDNANCE, NAVY DEPARTMENT,
WASHINGTON CITY, Feb. 28, 1866.

SALE OF NAVY POWDERS AT THE NAVY-YARD, PORTSMOUTH, N. H.

There will be sold to the highest bidders at public auction, at noon, on the 12th day of April, 1866, by the ordnance officer at the Portsmouth Navy-yard, N. H., one hundred and eighty-five thousand nine hundred and sixty-nine (185,969) pounds navy powders, as follows:

131,600 lbs. cannon powder.
29,219 lbs. rifle powder.
25,150 lbs. musket powder.

These powders will be divided into lots of one hundred barrels each.

Terms, one-half cash in Government funds, and the remainder on the removal of the powders, for which a reasonable time, but not more than thirty days will be allowed; the purchaser, however, to make every exertion to remove the powders sooner.

H. A. WISE,
Chief of Bureau.

DAVID SCOTT, Auctioneer.

LOW RENTS!!—ONE YEAR'S RENT WILL pay for one of these lots and secure low rents.

DAVID SCOTT, Auctioneer, will sell 77 choice building lots in Hudson City, on THURSDAY, March 8, 1866, at 2 o'clock, P. M., at No. 83 Montgomery-st., Jersey City; beautifully situated, high, dry and healthy; good improvements; streets and avenues graded and flagged; two car routes to the property from the Hoboken ferries.

Also, 11 lots on Hackensack Plank-road; fine views.

TERMS.—10 per cent. and auction fee down; 40 per cent. March 28; balance, three years.

Maps at Auctioneer's, at Kimmel's, Nos. 254 and 256 Canal-st., New-York, and No. 293 Bloomfield-st., Hoboken.

A. JOURNEAY, Auctioneer, Office No. 3 Pine-st.

PEREMPTORY SALE OF THREE VACANT LOTS on south side 65th-st., between 10th and 11th avs., each 25x100 feet 5 inches.

ALSO, TO CLOSE A TRUST,

five lots on south side 53d-st., between 6th and 7th avs., each 25x100 feet 5 inches, with two three-story brick dwellings; also a stone stable on same, at public auction at the Exchange Salesroom, No. 111 Broadway, on WEDNESDAY, March 7, 1866, at 12 o'clock M.

Maps with further particulars at the office of the auctioneer, No. 6 Pine-st.

INTEREST IN KENTUCKY LANDS FOR SALE.—To be sold at public auction, at the Merchant's Exchange, Broadway, New-York, to pay debts and expenses, on SATURDAY, March 10, at noon, all the title which the undersigned have as trustees, in the tract of 40,000 acres in Lewis and Greenup Counties, in Kentucky, formerly patented to JOHN MARSHALL, subject to all claims and incumbrances.

E. F. DRAKE,
HENRY WARREN.

AUCTION SALES.

GREAT SALE IN FINE ARTS.

THE COLLECTION OF FOREIGN PICTURES in the STUDIO BUILDING, No. 15 10th-st., will be sold at auction on the evenings of the 15th and 16th of March.

ADRIAN H. MULLER, Auctioneer.

VALUABLE BUILDING LOTS ON 2D AND MADISON AVS. AT AUCTION.

ADRIAN H. MULLER, P. R. WILKINS & CO., will sell at auction on MONDAY, March 5, at 12 o'clock, at the Exchange Salesroom, No. 111 Broadway:

MADISON-AV.—Four lots east side, commencing on the southeast corner of 64th-st.

2D-AV.—Five lots on east side, commencing on the northeast corner of 77th-st.

77TH-ST.—One lot, north side, 100 feet east 2d-av.

ADRIAN H. MULLER, Auctioneer.

CORNER PROPERTY ON WASHINGTON-ST. AT AUCTION.

ADRIAN H. MULLER, P. R. WILKINS & CO. will sell at auction on MONDAY, March 5, at 12 o'clock, at the Exchange Salesroom, No. 111 Broadway:

WASHINGTON-ST.—The 3 three-story brick houses and lots, situated on the southeast corner of Washington and Bethune sts., Nos. 749, 751 and 753 Washington-st. The houses are 20x38 feet.

ADRIAN H. MULLER, Auctioneer.

AUCTION SALE OF LOTS ON 85TH AND 113TH STS.

ADRIAN H. MULLER, P. R. WILKINS & CO. will sell at auction on MONDAY, March 5, at 12 o'clock, at the Exchange Salesroom, No. 111 Broadway:

85TH-ST.—3 lots situate on the southerly side of 85th-st., 325 feet east of 2d-av., each 25x102.2.

113TH-ST.—2 lots situate on the southerly side of 113th-st., 195 feet east of 1st-av., each 25x100.10.

TO LET.—MOFFAT BUILDING, NO. 335 BROADWAY, corner Worth-st., front rooms on first and second floors to let; also, desirable rooms in other parts of the building. Apply to ANDREW ANDERSON, JR., Room No. 6, on the premises.

ADRIAN H. MULLER, Auctioneer.

MURRAY HILL LOTS AT AUCTION.

ADRIAN H. MULLER, P. R. WILKINS & CO. will sell at auction on MONDAY, March 5, at 12 o'clock, at the Exchange Salesroom, No. 111 Broadway:

37TH-ST.—Two lots on south side of 37th-st., between Park and Madison avs., each 25 feet in width by half the block in depth. These lots are in one of the most choice parts of Murray Hill, surrounded by first-class improvements. The cellars have been excavated, ready for building, and connection made with sewer at a cost of $4,000.

ADRIAN H. MULLER, Auctioneer.

HOUSE AND LOT NO. 153 EAST 35TH-ST., AT AUCTION.

ADRIAN H. MULLER, P. R. WILKINS & CO. will sell at auction on MONDAY, March 5, at 12 o'clock, at the Exchange Salesroom, No. 111 Broadway:

The three-story, high-stoop, brown-stone front house and lot, situate on the northerly side of East 35th-st., between 2d and 3d avs., and known as No. 153. The house is 20 by about 45 feet, and contains the modern improvements.

THE FIVE POINTS MISSION—SITE OF the Old Brewery, the original Mission at the Points.—Rev. J. N. SHAFFER Superintendent. Principal Sunday-School at 2 o'clock P. M. Visitors will address the school. Spectators are always delighted to hear these children sing.

ADRIAN H. MULLER, Auctioneer.

AUCTION SALE OF HOUSES AND LOTS ON GREENWICH AND BROOME STS.

ADRIAN H. MULLER, P. R. WILKINS & CO., will sell at auction on MONDAY, March 5, at 12 o'clock, at the Exchange Salesroom, No. 111 Broadway:

GREENWICH-ST.—The lot of land, with the buildings thereon, situate on the easterly side of Greenwich-st., opposite Carlisle-st., No. 113 Greenwich-st.

BROOME-ST.—The three lots of land, with the three two-story brick houses thereon, situate on the southerly side of Broome-st., Nos. 215, 215½ and 217. The lots together are 50x100 feet.

GEO. A. LEAVITT, Auctioneer, Trade Salerooms, No. 498 Broadway, Leavitt, Strebeigh & Co.

MARCH 5, AND THE FIVE FOLLOWING days, at 6 o'clock P. M., the very extensive library of J. B. Fisher, Esq., of Austerfield Farm, Camden County, N. J., containing many choice, scarce, curious and unique books. Among the specialties are American History, comprising early Travelers and Writers, Voyages round the World, Arctic Voyages, State Histories, Indian History, Indian Captivities, Travels and Surveys, Early American Poetry, Bibliotheca Americana, &c., &c. Also, Black Letter and Vellum Books, Witchcraft, Demonology, and Miracles—on these subjects the collection is full. Large paper books, &c., &c. In many respects this collection of books is *unequaled* by any collection ever before offered to the American public. The books are in superb condition, mostly in elegant and substantial bindings by Pawson & Nicholson, Mackenzie, Lewis, Riviere, Hayday, Cape, Neidree, and other well known European binders. As a general rule, they are now in a condition to be placed on the library shelves of any gentleman in this country or Europe.

Catalogues price 75 cents, and the books will be on view on Thursday morning., March 1.

MORRIS WILKINS, Auctioneer.

EXECUTOR'S SALE OF 100 VALUABLE LOTS AND GORES—On Madison, Lexington, 1st and 4th avs., Avenue A, 42d, 43d, 44th, 45th, 46th and 56th sts., by order of the Executors of Francis Pearsall, deceased.—E. H. LUDLOW, & CO. will sell at auction on TUESDAY, March 6, 1866, at 12 o'clock, at the Exchange Salesroom, No. 111 Broadway:

4TH-AV.—Northeast corner 46th-st., 6 lots.

LEXINGTON-AV., 42D AND 43D STS.—13 lots, extra size.

LEXINGTON-AV., 44TH AND 45TH STS.—17 lots, each 25x100 feet.

AVENUE A, 1ST-AV. AND 56TH-ST.—One-half of the block between Avenue A and 1st-av., 56th and 57th-st.

MADISON AND 4TH AVS., 45TH AND 46TH STS.—32 lots, comprising the entire block.

42D-ST.—2 lots south side, 125 feet west of Lexington-av., 25x100 each.

44TH-ST.—1 lot north side, 275 feet east of Lexington-av., 25x100 feet.

Maps, &c., at No. 3 Pine-st.

T. R. MINTURN, Auctioneer.

THIS DAY, SATURDAY, MARCH 3, AT 12 o'clock, on Pier No. 3 East River:

2,493 boxes fresh Sicily oranges.
854 boxes fresh Sicily lemons.
Cargo schooner *Ebe*, from P

PROPOSALS

GOVERNMENT SALE OF SURPLUS HARD BREAD.

SUBSISTENCE OFFICE, U. S. A.,
No. 8 SOUTH GAY-ST.,
BALTIMORE, Md., Feb. 27, 1866.

Sealed proposals (in duplicate) will be received at this office until SATURDAY, March 17, 1866, for the purchase of surplus HARD BREAD on hand at this depot.

Proposals must state that the offer is made under advertisement of this date.

The Bread is in boxes of fifty (50) pounds each. No proposals received for less than twenty (20) boxes. Purchases will be delivered on board of transports without expense to the purchaser.

Payment required in Government funds on notification of acceptance of bid. Twenty days allowed purchasers to remove stores. Proposals to be indorsed on the envelope, "Proposals for Hard Bread," and addressed to

THOMAS WILSON,
Brevet Lieut.-Col. and C. S. U. S. A.,
Brevet Brig.-Gen. Vols.

TO SEWER AND DRAIN PIPE MANUFACTURERS.

Sealed proposals indorsed "Proposal for Sewer Pipe," also with the name of the bidder and the date of its offering, will be received at this office until 11 o'clock A. M. of THURSDAY, March 8, 1866, for the supply for the use of this Department of about 66,000 lineal feet of vitrified stoneware drain and sewer pipe, of 12, 15 and 18 inches interior diameter.

Specifications and forms for bids can be obtained on application at this office.

THOMAS STEPHENS,
ROBERT L. DARRAGH,
A. W. CRAVEN,
Croton Aqueduct Board.

OFFICE CROTON AQUEDUCT DEPARTMENT, Feb. 24, 1866.

OFFICE OF THE STREET COMMISSIONER,
No. 6 CITY HALL, BROOKLYN.

PROPOSALS FOR LIGHTING THE STREETS OF THE CITY OF BROOKLYN.—Sealed proposals will be received by the Common Council, at the Mayor's Office, until MONDAY, March 12, 1866, at 3 o'clock P. M., for the lighting of the streets of the City of Brooklyn with gas, or any other material of light, from dark until daylight each night, for the term of one year; also for the term of ten years; agreeably to the specification provided therefor on file in the office of the Street Commissioner.

Blanks for estimating furnished at the office of the Street Commissioner, and none other will be considered.

Proposals will not be considered unless accompanied with a consent in writing of two sureties of $25,000 each, on each proposal, (who shall qualify as to their responsibility,) that if the contract be awarded to the party proposing, they will become bound as his surety for its faithful performance; and in case he shall neglect or refuse to execute the contract, if so awarded, then that they will pay to the City of Brooklyn the difference between the price so proposed and the price of the next highest bidder, to whom the contract may be awarded. Proposals to be indorsed, "To the Common Council," (specifying the work.)

By order of the Common Council.

J. OAKLEY NODYNE, Street Commissioner.

BROOKLYN, Feb. 26, 1866.

TO CONTRACTORS.—SEPARATE SEALED proposals, each indorsed with the title of the work for which it may be offered, the date of the offering and the name of the bidder, will be received at this office until 11 o'clock A. M. of Thursday, March 8, for the construction of sewers in the following streets, viz.: 83d-st., between 3d and 4th avs.; 1st-av., from 86th to 84th-st., with branches in 85th and 84th sts., and in 1st-av., from 61st to 62d-st., with lateral branch in 62d-st. Also, for the construction of stone block pavements in 46th-st., between Lexington and 4th avs.; in 37th-st., from Park to Madison-av.; in 39th-st., between 4th and Lexington avs., and in Front-st., from Wall-st. to Maiden-lane.

Specifications and blank forms for the bids can be obtained on application at this office.

THOMAS STEVENS,
ROBERT L. DARRAGH,
A. W. CRAVEN,
Croton Aqueduct Board.

OFFICE CROTON AQUEDUCT DEPARTMENT, Feb. 24, 1866.

SAVINGS BANKS.

METROPOLITAN SAVINGS BANK HAS REMOVED TO NO. 10 COOPER INSTITUTE, 3d-av., during the erection of their new Banking-house. Bank open from 10 to 2 P. M., and on MONDAYS, WEDNESDAYS and SATURDAYS from 5 to 7 P. M. SIX PER CENT. INTEREST ALLOWED ON DEPOSITS.

W. J. BARNES, Sec. ISAAC T. SMITH, Pres't.

ATLANTIC SAVINGS BANK,
CHATHAM-SQUARE (opposite MOTT-ST.,) NEW-YORK.

Allows SIX (6) PER CENT. INTEREST to depositors, FREE OF TAX. Deposits from $1 to $5,000 received.

SIX PER CENT. INTEREST PAID.
Free from government tax.
THIRD-AVENUE SAVINGS BANK,
Corner of Twenty-sixth-street and Third-avenue.

BROADWAY SAVINGS INSTITUTION
Chartered 1851.
No. 237 Broadway, entrance on Park-place.
Open daily, from 10 to 3 o'clock.
FRANCIS P. SCHOALS, President.
WADE B. WORRALL, Sec'y. PETER CUMMING, Acc't.

UNION DIME SAVINGS BANK,
CANAL-ST., CORNER OF VARICK-ST.
Interest, SIX PER CENT, free of tax.

DENTISTRY.

COLTON DENTAL ASSOCIATION.—"TO Dr. COLTON is due the credit of reviving the use of this important agent (Nitrous Oxide) in the practice of dentistry."—*Letter from Dr. Carnochan.* That we administer the gas in the most safe and efficient manner 10,000 patients and the medical profession of New-York will testify. Offices, Nos. 19 and 20 Cooper Institute.

COPARTNERSHIP NOTICES

DISSOLUTION OF COPARTNERSHIP.

The firm of BROCKELMANN, UNGER & CO., is this day dissolved by mutual consent. Mr. J. R. BROCKELMANN retiring from business. Either of the partners will sign the firm in liquidation.

The remaining partners will continue the Brokerage Business in Foreign Exchange, Gold, Government Securities, &c., under the firm of CHARLES UNGER & CO., No. 48 Exchange-place.

J. R. BROCKELMANN,
CHARLES UNGER,
WILLIAM HAHN,
C. G. KLUG.

NEW-YORK, March 1, 1866.

DISSOLUTION.—THE COPARTNERSHIP heretofore existing under the firm of DEMAREST & SIMONS, is this day dissolved by mutual consent. Either partner will sign in liquidation.

P. P. DEMAREST,
L. SIMONS.

DATED NEW-YORK, March 1, 1866.

COPARTNERSHIP.—THE UNDERSIGNED have this day formed a copartnership under the firm of DEMAREST, ADAMS & WHITE, and will continue the general commission business at the old place, No. 32 Moore-st.

P. P. DEMAREST,
S. G. ADAMS,
C. L. WHITE.

DATED NEW-YORK, March 1, 1866.

THE COPARTNERSHIP HERETOFORE existing under the name of GEORGE W. ELDER & CO., is this day dissolved by mutual consent.

GEO. W. ELDER,
DANIEL R. ELDER.

NEW-YORK, March 1, 1866.

The undersigned have this day formed a copartnership under the firm name of GEORGE W. ELDER & CO., to continue the business of the old firm.

GEORGE W. ELDER,
DANIEL R. ELDER,
LEVI H. SANDFORD,
GEO. L. AYRES.

NEW-YORK, March 1, 1866.

MR. JOHN J. ROBERTS RETIRES this day from the firm of VICKERS & CO.
March 1, 1866.

The firm of ROBERTS & EARNSHAW is this day dissolved by mutual consent.
March 1, 1866.

THE COPARTNERSHIP HERETOFORE existing under the firm of QUACKENBUSH, POST & CO., was this day dissolved by mutual consent.

GEORGE QUACKENBUSH,
LEWIS R. POST,
SAMUEL S. SHINMAN.

NEW-YORK, Feb. 28, 1866.

THE FIRM OF SAMUEL ARCHER & CO. is this day dissolved, by mutual consent—EDWIN FERRIS retiring.

SAMUEL ARCHER will continue the Salt business on his own account at No. 194 Duane-st.

NEW-YORK, March 1, 1866.

COPARTNERSHIP.—WILLIAM E. COCK having taken his nephew, GEORGE H. COCK, into partnership, the business will be continued under the name of WILLIAM E. COCK & CO.

NEW-YORK, March 1, 1866.

COPARTNERSHIP NOTICE.—MR. EDWARD C. LORD and Mr. CHARLES D. FULLER have this day been admitted as partners in our firm.

FULLER, LORD & CO.

NEW-YORK, March 1, 1866.

NOTICE.—MR. ROBERT S. CULBERTSON IS this day admitted as partner in my business, which will hereafter be conducted under the firm of W. H. NEWMAN & CO. W. H. NEWMAN.

NEW-YORK, March 1, 1866.

NOTICE.—MR. AYMAR CATER BECOMES A partner in our firm from this date.

NEW-YORK, 1st March, 1866.

AYMAR & CO.

NOTICE OF COPARTNERSHIP.—MR. WALTON FERGUSON is admitted from this date as partner in our firm. J. & S. FERGUSON.

NEW-YORK, March 1, 1866.

NOTICE.—MR. CHARLES E. SEARS BECOMES a partner in our firm from this date.

ZED. FRYE & CO.

NEW-YORK, March 1, 1866.

NEW-YORK, March 1, 1866.

I HAVE THIS DAY ASSOCIATED WITH me Mr. WM. B. KNOWER. The firm will hereafter be MORRISON & KNOWER. G. L. MORRISON.

MR. E. C. LORD RETIRES THIS DAY from the firm of JOHN C. LORD & BRO.
MARCH 1, 1866.

PUBLIC NOTICES.

NOTICE TO TAX-PAYERS.

OFFICE OF COMMISSIONERS OF TAXES AND ASSESSMENTS, No. 32 CHAMBERS-ST.,
NEW-YORK, Jan. 6, 1866.

Notice is hereby given that the Assessment Rolls of the Real and Personal Estate of the City and County of New-York, for the year 1866, will be open for inspection and review from and after Monday, January 8, 1866, and will remain open till the 30th day of April, 1866, for the correction of errors and the equalization of the assessments of the aforesaid real and personal estate of the City and County of New-York. All persons believing themselves to be aggrieved must make application to the Commissioners during the period above-mentioned, in order to obtain the relief provided by law. The act of 1850 provides that "during the time the books shall be open to public inspection, as hereinbefore provided, application may be made by any person considering himself aggrieved by the assessed valuation of his real or personal estate, to have the same corrected. If such application be made in relation to the assessed valuation of real estate, it must be made in writing, stating the ground of objection thereto, and thereupon the Commissioners shall examine into the complaint, and if in their judgment the assessment is erroneous, they shall cause the same to be corrected. If such application be made in relation to the assessed valuation of personal estate, the applicant shall be examined under oath by the said Commissioners, who shall be authorized to administer such oaths, or any of them; and if, in his or their judgment, the assessment is erroneous, they shall cause the same to be corrected, and fix the amount of such assessment as they may believe to be just, and declare their decision thereon within thirty days after such application shall have been made to them. No reduction shall be made by the Board of Supervisors of any assessment on real and personal estate imposed under this act, unless it shall appear, under oath or affirmation, that the party aggrieved was unable to attend within the period prescribed for the correction of taxes, by reason of sickness or absence from the city.

A. J. WILLIAMSON,
J. W. ALLEN,
J. W. BROWN,
Commissioners of Taxes and Assessments.

CORPORATION NOTICE.—PUBLIC NOTICE is hereby given to the owner or owners, occupant or occupants of all houses and lots, improved or unimproved lands, affected thereby, that the following assessments have been completed, and are lodged in the office of the Board of Assessors for examination by all persons interested, viz.:

1. For building a sewer in Oak-street, from James to Oliver-street.

2. For building a sewer in Allen-street, between Houston and Stanton streets.

3. For flagging sidewalks in One Hundred and Twenty-fifth-street, (125th,) between Eighth-avenue and Manhattan-street.

4. For fencing vacant lots on south side of Forty-fourth-street, one hundred feet west of Eleventh-avenue.

The limits embraced by such assessment include all the several houses and lots of ground, vacant lots, pieces and parcels of land, situated on

1. Both sides of Oak-street, from James to Oliver-street.

2. All the lots on both sides of Allen-street, between Houston and Stanton streets.

3. All the lots on both sides of One Hundred and Twenty-fifth (125th) street, between Eighth-avenue and Manhattan-street.

4. Two lots on south side of Forty-fourth-street, commencing one hundred feet west of Eleventh-avenue.

All persons whose interests are affected by the above named assessments, and who are opposed to the same, or either of them, are requested to present their objections in writing, to one of the undersigned, at their office, No. 32 Chambers-street, basement New Court-House, within thirty days from the date of this notice.

JACOB F. OAKLEY,
DANIEL D. CONOVER,
ISAAC O. HUNT,
Board of Assessors.

OFFICE BOARD OF ASSESSORS, NEW COURT-HOUSE, February 21, 1866.

CORPORATION NOTICE.—THE SPECIAL Committee appointed to inquire into the expediency of constructing aerial bridges for the use of pedestrians at the crossings at the lower part of Broadway, will meet in the Chamber of the Board of Aldermen, in the City Hall, on SATURDAY NEXT, the 3d instant, at 1 o'clock P. M.

All persons having suggestions or recommendations to make before the Committee touching the subject to be considered, will be present at the above-named time and place without further notification.

CHAS. E. LOEW,
MICHAEL NORTON,
ROBERT McGINNIS,
JOHN MOORE,
WM. H. GEDNEY,
Special Committee.

NOTICE.—THE COMMITTEE ON STREETS OF the Board of Aldermen will meet on Saturday, March 3, 1866, at one o'clock P. M., in the Chamber of the Board of Aldermen, to consider the propositions to extend Sixth-avenue to connect with West Broadway; also, to change the grade of Worth-street from Broadway to Centre-street.

All persons interested in either of the above matters are requested to attend.

MICHAEL NORTON,
BERNARD REILLY,
CHARLES McBRIEN,
Committee on Streets.

BUSINESS CHANCES.

TO CAPITALISTS.

A silent partner, with $20,000, wanted to complete arrangements for establishing a paper-mill in an excellent locality, where there are abundance of water power and cheap labor, ample supply of stock and every prospect of splendid results. Address D. T., Box 117 *Times* Office.

A RARE CHANCE—FOR SALE—THE STOCK, fixtures and good will of a grocery and feed store, in the village of New-Rochelle; the above store is doing a fine business, and the proprietor will give satisfactory reasons for selling. Apply at the store, corner of Main and Centre sts., New-Rochelle.

GLASS LETTERS.—GLASS NUMBERS, richly gilded, for first-class stores, banks and residences; European style, unsurpassed for beauty and lasting. Glass signs, labels, door-plates, frames, show-cards, gilding, &c., to order. Samples to agents returnable at cost. No. 107 Fulton-st. GLASS LETTER CO.

TO CAPITALISTS.—ANY PERSON WISHING to purchase the right in a patent Double and Whiffletree attachment, will call on the undersigned at the National Hotel, Cortlandt-st., below Broadway, this day only. J. C. GARNER.

A NAUTICAL AND MATHEMATICAL instrument maker, desiring to extend his business, and a good chance now offering, wishes a partner with some capital, to take charge of the store. Address W. H. S., Box No. 5,620 Post-office.

PARTNER WANTED—WITH $5,000 OR more, to manufacture and sell an article of vital importance, which every person will have; a sure fortune—a monopoly. Apply at Dr. D.'s office, No. 814 Broadway, up stairs.

PATENT FOR SALE—SAFETY STIRRUP.—By using this stirrup it is impossible for a person to be dragged at the heels of a frightened horse. It can be seen by applying to R. CUNNINGTON, No. 41 Park-row.

TO CLOTHINGMEN AND TAILORS.—The large tailoring establishment at the corner of Fulton and Cliff sts. for sale cheap, as the owner is retiring from business. Apply at No. 55 Fulton-st.

FANCY GOODS—STOCK AND FIXTURES FOR SALE—Business long established and well located on Fulton-av. Apply to H. JOHNSTON, No. 401 Fulton, near Carlton-av.

FOR SALE—THE EUROPEAN PATENTS FOR one of the most valuable railway inventions in use. This is a rare opportunity for business. WILLIAM G. CREAMER, No. 15 Platt-st.

COAL YARD—FOR SALE, THE LEASE, STOCK and fixtures of an old established coal yard. Inquire at No. 612 2d-av.

MARBLE AND MARBLEIZED SLATE MANTELS.—REMOVAL.—T. B. STEWART has removed his marble and slate mantel warerooms from 371 Canal-st. to 605 6th-av., at the junction of Broadway.

SITUATIONS WANTED.

FEMALES.

WANTED—BY A WELL EDUCATED AMERICAN person, a position in a family either in the City or country; is competent and trustworthy, and would assist in the supervision of household affairs, instruct children, do the sewing, &c., &c.; has good City reference. Will answer calls for three days at No. 59 East Houston-st., in the store.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A MOST RESPECTABLE young woman, one who thoroughly understands her business in the English and American style of cooking; is a most excellent baker. Can be seen, with first-class City references, for two days, at No. 242 West 16th-st., between 7th and 8th avs.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS A PROFESSED cook; thoroughly understands her business in English and French cooking; has undeniable reference in this City; can be seen from 10 until 3 o'clock. Address M. H., No. 78 West 20th-st.

WANTED—A HOUSEKEEPER'S SITUATION by an intelligent American lady between the age of 30 and 40; no incumbrance. Address, with particulars, C. STOCKTON, Greenpoint, Long Island.

WANTED—A COMPETENT WAITRESS; ONE who can give good references as to character, capability, &c., may hear of a desirable situation by applying at No. 35 University-place.

WANTED—BY A YOUNG AMERICAN GIRL a situation as chambermaid or waitress; no objection to go a short distance in the country. Apply at No. 324 East 24th-st., between 1st and 2d avs.

WANTED—BY AN INTELLIGENT AMERICAN young lady, a situation in a fancy dry goods store, to learn the business; object to qualify herself for business. Address Miss J. R. C., Station K.

WANTED—SITUATIONS BY A NUMBER OF German girls for all capacities, at Mrs. LOWE'S German Institute, No. 17 Stanton-st., near the Bowery.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A FRENCH girl as nurse and seamstress in a private family. Apply at No. 5 Clinton Hall, Astor-place, 8th-st.

WASHING AND IRONING, FLUTING, crimping, done by Miss WILLIAMS, No. 107 West 52d-st., near 6th-av.

DOMESTICS, SERVANTS, HELP, &c., advertising for situations, places, homes, &c., in the DAILY TRIBUNE, are charged only 25 cents.

MALES.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS GARDENER BY a single young man; understands his business well; can give good reference as to character and abilities. Call at or address to P. M. GARDEN, for three days, at W. Bridgman's seed-store, between 18th and 19th sts., Broadway, New-York.

WANTED—A GARDENER'S SITUATION BY a competent man, who understands the greenhouse, graperies, good vegetable grower, with the laying out of new grounds, approaches and serpentine walks. Address C. F., No. 9 John-st.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS FARMER BY A married man, (Scotch) who perfectly understands his business in all its branches; can give satisfactory reference from present and former employers. Address FARMER, at Reid's Floral Establishment, No. 807 Broadway.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A YOUNG MAN thoroughly acquainted with the hardware and cutlery business in a wholesale or commission house; has first-class references. Address H. W., Box No. 169 *Times* Office.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS COACHMAN BY a young man; no objections to road horses; would prefer a gentleman that goes to Newport; the best of City reference from last employer. Call or address C. E., No. 18 West 18th-st.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS GARDENER BY an English married man without incumbrances, who thoroughly understands his business in all its branches; the best of references given. Apply to, or address R. S., Bridgeman's seed-store, No. 876 Broadway.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A GERMAN AND his wife; he is a good hand with horses, a plain gardener and farmer; she a good cook, washer and ironer; both willing to be generally useful. Call at No. 404 6th-av.

A YOUNG MAN WHOSE TIME IS UNOCCUPIED wishes employment in the office of a lawyer; can write a good hand; no compensation wanted. Address GEO. H. WHITE, Post-office.

A YOUNG MAN, WHO IS A GOOD PENMAN, would like some writing to do evenings, at home. Address F. A. S., Box No. 2,095 Post-office.

HELP WANTED.

AGENTS WANTED.

NOW IN PRESS AND WILL BE READY SOON,
J. T. HEADLEY'S
HISTORY OF THE WAR,

Complete in two volumes. Also issued complete in one volume. The best, cheapest, most interesting, popular and valuable History of the Rebellion published, which is fully attested by the enormous sale it has reached, and is now selling with increased rapidity.

Sold only by subscription. Exclusive territory given. School-teachers, farmers, officers and soldiers who have returned from the war, and are seeking profitable employment, please send for our circular giving full particulars. Address.

AMERICAN PUBLISHING COMPANY,
No. 144 Asylum-st., Hartford, Conn.
SCRANTON & BURR, Agents.

$1,500 PER YEAR.—WE WANT AGENTS everywhere to sell our improved $20 sewing-machines. Three new kinds. Under and upper feed. Warranted five years. Above salary or large commissions paid. The only machines sold in United States for less than $40, which are *fully licensed by Howe, Wheeler & Wilson, Grover & Baker, Singer & Co., and Bachelder.* All other cheap machines are *infringements.* Circulars *free.* Address or call upon SHAW & CLARK, Biddeford, Maine.

BOOK AGENTS AND CANVASSERS CAN make money selling RUSS' PATENT SCISSORS SHARPENER, without interfering with other business. Samples sent for 60 cents. Address W. P. PECK, No. 13 Gold-st., New-York.

WANTED—A SHORT DISTANCE IN THE country, a Protestant German woman as lady's maid, who speaks English enough to make herself understood; must be well qualified, and a good seamstress and dress hair, but if unexceptionable in other respects the latter could be taught to her. Call at No. 93 9th-st., from 4 to 6 P. M.

WANTED—SKIRT TRIMMERS TO TRIM THE duplex elliptic woven skirts; to good, experienced hands steady employment and the highest wages. Apply immediately at Duplex Elliptic Skirt Manufactory, 1 entrance, 81 Reade-st. WESTS, BRADLEY & CARY.

WANTED—A BUSINESS CLERK; MUST BE A good penman, honest, temperate, and have good business capacity; one used to legal forms and conveyancing preferred. Call at SMITH BROTHERS, No. 139 Broadway.

WANTED—AGENTS, MALE AND FEMALE, are making as high as $20 per day with "THE GREAT LABOR SAVER," worth $20 to any family; only $3 to $10 capital required. Send stamp for particulars. R. WAYVELL, Box No. 4,781, Chicago.

WANTED—A MACHINIST EXPERIENCED IN adjusting and repairing Wheeler & Wilson's sewing machines. Apply at salesroom, No. 939 Broadway, corner of 22d-st. J. T. ELLIS.

WANTED—AN ASSISTANT BOOK-KEEPER by a dry goods jobbing house. Address Box No. 1,444 Post-office, giving name, qualifications and references, and amount of salary expected.

WANTED—A GOOD, FAITHFUL, STEADY man, one hour's ride in the country, to take care of horses, work in the garden, &c. Apply at No. 42 Warren-st.

WANTED—A TIDY PROTESTANT GIRL, English preferred, as nurse and seamstress; must be perfectly competent. Call to-day, from 10 to 12 A. M., at No. 128 West 44th-st.

WANTED—A VEGETABLE GARDENER, SINGLE man, to go into the country; employment given for four or five months. Apply, from 12 to 1 o'clock today, at No. 36 Platt-st.

WANTED—A MAN THOROUGHLY CONVERSANT with Custom-house business. Apply, with references, to A. T. STEWART & CO., Broadway and Chambers-st.

WANTED—A DRAUGHTSMAN, A YOUNG man to copy City map; must make neat figures. Apply before 9 A. M. at No. 95 West 39th-st.

WANTED—A LADY'S MAID, WHO IS A GOOD dressmaker. Apply, before 11 o'clock A. M., at No. 32 Union-square, east side.

WANTED—A GIRL TO DO THE GENERAL work of the basement floor; must be a good cook and laundress. Apply at No. 52 Great Jones-st.

LUMBER.

WELLS & BONTECOU,

OLD FIRM—BAKER, WELLS & CO.,
LUMBER DEALERS.
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.
ESTABLISHED 1839.

YARDS—On West-st., between Houston and King and Houston and Clarkson sts., and Nos. 572 and 574 Washington-st.

STEAM MILL, WASHINGTON-ST., corner of CLARKSON.
YARD OFFICE, No. 344 WEST-ST.
DOWN-TOWN OFFICE, No. 47 SOUTH-ST.

The particular attention of SHIPPERS and COUNTRY DEALERS is invited to our large first-class and well-assorted STOCK of LUMBER, including SCANTLING, SHINGLES, YELLOW PINE FLOORING, STEP PLANK, &c.; &c.

LEGAL NOTICES.

SUPREME COURT.—IN THE MATTER OF the application of the Mayor, Aldermen and Commonalty of the City of New-York, relative to the widening and extending of Ann-street and Fulton-street, in the City of New-York.

Pursuant to statutes in such case made and provided, the Mayor, Aldermen and Commonalty of the City of New-York, hereby give notice, that they intend to apply to the Supreme Court of the State of New-York, at a Special Term of said Court, to be held at the City Hall, in the City of New-York, on SATURDAY, the twenty-fourth day of March, one thousand eight hundred and sixty-six, at the opening of the Court on that day, or as soon thereafter as counsel can be heard, for the appointment of Commissioners of Estimate and Assessment in the above-entitled matter; that the nature and extent of the improvement hereby intended, is the widening and extending of Ann-street and Fulton-street, in said City, in manner following, that is to say: on the northerly side of Ann-street, between Park-row and William-street, and on both sides of Ann-street, between William-street and Gold-street; also, on both sides of Fulton-street, between William-street and Ryder's alley; also, on the southerly side of Fulton-street, between Ryder's alley and Water-street, and on the northerly side of Fulton-street, between Front-street and South-street, in the City of New-York, as laid down and delineated on a certain map made by Edward Boyle, City Surveyor, on file in the office of the Clerk of the Common Council, of the City of New-York.

DATED NEW-YORK, February 27, 1866.

RICHARD O'GORMAN,
Counsel to the Corporation.

ARTIFICIAL EYES.

ARTIFICIAL EYES.—ARTIFICIAL HUMAN eyes made to order and inserted by Drs. F. BAUCH & P. COUGELMANN, (formerly employed by Boissonneau, of Paris,) No. 599 Broadway, New-York.

ASTROLOGY.

165 BOWERY.—MADAME WIDGER, clairvoyant, tells all you wish to know; losses, numbers; prescribes medicines for all diseases, &c.

SHIPPING.

THE BRITISH AND NORTH AMERICAN ROYAL MAIL STEAMSHIPS.
BETWEEN NEW-YORK AND LIVERPOOL, CALLING AT CORK HARBOR.
AND
BETWEEN BOSTON AND LIVERPOOL, CALLING AT HALIFAX AND CORK HARBOR.
EUROPA leaves Boston Wednesday, Feb. 28.
CUBA leaves New-York Wednesday, March 7.
ASIA leaves Boston Wednesday, March 14.
JAVA leaves New-York Wednesday, March 21.
AFRICA leaves Boston Wednesday, March 28.
AUSTRALASIAN leaves New-York Wednesday, April 4.
FROM NEW-YORK TO LIVERPOOL.
Chief Cabin Passage........$132 50
Second Cabin Passage........80 00
FROM BOSTON TO LIVERPOOL.
Chief Cabin Passage........$112 50
Second Cabin Passage........65 00
payable in gold, or its equivalent in United States currency.

Berths not secured until paid for.
An experienced surgeon on board.
The owners of these ships will not be accountable for Specie or Valuables unless bills of lading, having the value expressed, are signed therefor.
For freight or passage, apply to E. CUNARD, No. 4 Bowling-green.

ONLY DIRECT LINE TO FRANCE.
THE GENERAL TRANSATLANTIC COMPANY'S NEW LINE OF FIRST-CLASS MAIL STEAMSHIPS BETWEEN NEW-YORK AND HAVRE, CALLING AT BREST.
The first splendid vessels on this favorite route for the continent are the following:
NOUVEAU MONDE....3,204 tons........900-horse power
WASHINGTON........3,204 tons........900-horse power
LAFAYETTE...........3,204 tons........900-horse power
EUROPE.................3,204 tons........900-horse power
NAPOLEON III....................1,100-horse power
ST. LAURENT.....................1,100-horse power
PEREIRE...........................1,100-horse power
VILLE DE PARIS..................1,100-horse power
Leaving Pier No. 50 North River.
NOUVEAU MONDE, Capt. DE VALENCY, Friday, Mar 9
(New sidewheel steamer)
(carrying only cabin passengers).
Semi-monthly departures of the new steamers just completed will commence in March.
PRICE OF PASSAGE IN GOLD.
First cabin, $135; second cabin, $80, including table wine for either class.
Passengers intending to land at Brest will be furnished here with railroad coupon tickets, and their baggage checked to Paris, at an additional charge of $5 for first and $2 for second class.
Medical attendance free of charge.
For further information apply to GEO. MACKENZIE, Agent, Removed from No. 7 to 58 Broadway.
At Paris, 12 Boulevard des Capucines, (Grand Hotel.)
At Havre, WM. ISELIN & CO.

NATIONAL STEAM NAVIGATION CO.
(Limited.)
NEW-YORK TO LIVERPOOL,
Calling at Queenstown to land passengers.

Ships.	Tons.	Commanders.
QUEEN	3,412	Grogan.
ERIN	3,310	Cutting.
PENNSYLVANIA	2,872	Lewis.
LOUISIANA	2,166	Thomson.
ENGLAND	3,450	Grace.
SCOTLAND	3,698	Hall.
VIRGINIA	2,876	Prowse.
HELVETIA	3,315	Ogilvie.

Leaving Pier No. 47, North River, as follows:
ENGLAND........SATURDAY, March 3
LOUISIANA........SATURDAY, March 10
ERIN........SATURDAY, March 17
THE QUEEN........SATURDAY, March 24
PENNSYLVANIA........SATURDAY, March 31
AND EVERY SATURDAY THEREAFTER.

The size of these steamships admits of very spacious state-rooms, all opening directly into the saloon; the accommodations and fare are unsurpassed, and the rates lower than by any other line.
An experienced Surgeon on each ship free of charge.
Steerage passage tickets to bring parties from Liverpool or Queenstown, for $37 currency.
Cabin passage, $90; Steerage, $30—payable in currency.
The owners of these vessels will not be accountable for specie or valuables unless bills of lading, having their value expressed therein, are signed therefor.
For freight or cabin passage, apply at the office of the Company, No. 57 Broadway.
J. D. NAAR, Acting Manager.
For steerage passage at THOMPSON'S Passage Office, No. 275 Pearl-st., and at the Company's Office, No. 57 Broadway.

ONLY AMERICAN LINE TO ENGLAND AND FRANCE.
The New-York and Havre Steamship Company's first-class mail steamships ARAGO and FULTON, having been thoroughly refitted, will leave Pier No. 37 North River for Havre, calling at Falmouth, on the following days, at noon, precisely:
ARAGO........HENRY A. GADSDEN......March 17, 1866.
FULTON........JAMES A. WOTTON......April 14, 1866.
ARAGO........HENRY A. GADSDEN......May 12, 1866.
FULTON........JAMES A. WOTTON......June 9, 1866.
ARAGO........HENRY A. GADSDEN......July 7, 1866.
And every twenty-eight days thereafter.
PRICES OF PASSAGE IN GOLD.
First cabin..........$132 50 | Second cabin..........$80 00
Through tickets to London, $5 extra.
An experienced surgeon on board.
The company will not be responsible for specie or valuables unless bills of lading, having the value expressed, are signed therefor.
For further information, apply to JOSEPH J. COMSTOCK, Agent, No. 7 Broadway, New-York.

TO CONSIGNEES OF GOODS PER STEAMER ARAGO.
The steamer *Arago* will discharge under general order at Pier No. 50 North River, on SATURDAY, 3d inst.
All goods not sent for within 24 hours thereafter will be stored at the expense of the owner thereof.
JOSEPH J. COMSTOCK, Agent.
No. 7 BROADWAY, March 1, 1866.

THE NORTH AMERICAN LLOYD'S
New line of first-class ocean steamers between New-York and Bremen, via Cowes, leave on the following THURSDAYS:
ATLANTIC, 3,000 tons, 1,600-horse power, CHARLES HOYER, Commander, 12th April.
WESTERN METROPOLIS, 2,600 tons, 1,000-horse power, 26th April.
BALTIC, 3,000 tons, 1,600-horse power, 10th May.
The latter not being ready to sail in March, as advertised, (in consequence of want of time for her extensive refittings and new boilers,) the Company have secured for that trip the first-class steamer:
ERICSSON, LOWBER, Commander, 2,500 tons, to leave 15th March.
For Bremen, with the United States mail and passengers to Southampton, London, Havre and Bremen. The ERICSSON has been newly repaired and her speed considerably increased.
Prices of passage payable in gold, or its equivalent in currency.
First Cabin, $105; Second Cabin, $62 50; Steerage, $37 50.
An experienced surgeon on board.
The company will not be responsible for specie or valuables, unless bills of lading having the value expressed, are signed therefor.
For freight or passage apply to RUGER BROS., General Agents, No. 45 Beaver-st.

STEAM TO LIVERPOOL—CALLING AT Queenstown. The Inman Line, sailing semi-weekly, carrying the United States Mails.
CITY OF LONDON........SATURDAY......March 3
CITY OF MANCHESTER....WEDNESDAY....March 7
CITY OF EDINBURGH......SATURDAY......March 10
KANGAROO..............WEDNESDAY......March 14
and each succeeding SATURDAY and WEDNESDAY, at noon, from Pier No. 44 North River.
RATES OF PASSAGE, PAYABLE IN CURRENCY,
BY THE MAIL STEAMER SAILING EVERY SATURDAY.
First Cabin........$120 | Steerage........$35
First Cabin to London....125 | Steerage to London........40
First Cabin to Paris......135 | Steerage to Paris........55
Passage by the Wednesday steamers: First Cabin, $90; Steerage, $35.
Passengers also forwarded to Havre, Hamburg, Bremen, &c., at moderate rates.
Steerage passage from Liverpool or Queenstown, $45. Tickets can be bought here by persons sending for their friends.
For further information apply at the Company's Offices.
JOHN G. DALE, Agent, No. 15 Broadway, New-York.

FOR HAVANA DIRECT.
The United Steam Mail Sidewheel Steamship
EAGLE,
J. J. LAWRENCE, Commander,
Will leave Pier No. 4 North River, on WEDNESDAY, March 7, at 3 o'clock P. M. precisely, for Havana direct.
For freight or passage apply to SPOFFORD, TILESTON & CO., No. 29 Broadway.
N. B.—The favorite steamer MORRO CASTLE will succeed the EAGLE and leave on March 21.

SAVANNAH, GEORGIA.
EVERY SATURDAY, FROM PIER NO. 13, NORTH RIVER, in connection with railroads throughout Georgia and Florida.
EMPIRE SIDE-WHEEL LINE.
Passage tickets issued through to Augusta, Macon, Thomasville, Darien, Brunswick, St. Mary's, Fernandina, Jacksonville, and Picolata.
The favorite side-wheel steamship
SAN JACINTO,
WINSLOW LOVELAND,
Will sail for Savannah direct from Pier No. 13, North River, foot of Cedar-st., on SATURDAY, March 3, promptly at 3 o'clock.
Freight received daily and handled carefully.
Bills of lading furnished and signed on the pier.
SAN SALVADOR follows on SATURDAY, March 10.
For freight or passage, having elegant accommodations, apply to GARRISON & ALLEN, Agents, No. 5 Bowling-green.
Agent at Savannah, B. H. HARDEE.

FOR SAVANNAH, GA.
ATLANTIC COAST MAIL STEAMSHIP COMPANY.
WEEKLY LINE.
SIDE-WHEEL STEAMERS.
HERMAN LIVINGSTON......Capt. J. B. BAKER.
FLAMBEAU......Capt. W. B. EATON.
GEN. BARNES......Capt. THOS. H. MORTON.
FLAMBEAU,
will leave SATURDAY, March 3, at 3 o'clock P. M., precisely, from Pier No. 36 North River, connecting with all the railroads in Georgia, and Florida steamers.
All the connections to and beyond Augusta now complete. Through rates given to the interior of Georgia, Alabama, Mississippi and Tennessee.
The GEN. BARNES will receive freight on Monday.
For freight or passage, having splendid accommodations, apply to LIVINGSTON, FOX & CO., Agents, No. 141 Broadway.
Agents in Savannah, WILDER & FULLERTON.
Goods to be forwarded by railroad should be marked care of "C. R. R. Agent."

FOR SAVANNAH.
PIONEER LINE.
Cabin passage, $25. Deck, $10.
EVERY THURSDAY.
Landing cargo in Savannah the following Monday morning.
The new and elegant Steamship
TYBEE,
Capt. J. CROWELL,
will leave Pier 4 N. R. at 3 P. M., on THURSDAY, March 8.
For freight at lowest rates, or passage, having unsurpassed accommodations, apply to LEWIS L. JONES, No. 17 Broadway.
Agents in Savannah, HUNTER & GAMMELL.

FOR SAVANNAH.—MURRAY'S WEEKLY LINE—PASSAGE REDUCED.—Cabin, $25; Deck, $10. The first-class steamships VIRGO, BULKLEY, Commander; LEO, MERRILL, Commander. The LEO being unavoidably detained, will receive freight and sail from Pier 16 East River, on SATURDAY, March 3, at 3 P. M. For freight or passage apply to MURRAY, FERRIS & CO., No. 62 South-st.
OCTAVUS COHEN, Agent, Savannah.

FOR CHARLESTON, S. C.
REGULAR UNITED STATES MAIL LINE of first-class steamships.
The elegant A1 steamship
ANDALUSIA, BURSLEY, Master,
is now receiving cargo and will be dispatched promptly at 3 o'clock, from Pier No. 14 East River, on SATURDAY, March 3.
For freight or passage apply to ARTHUR LEARY, No. 73 William-st.

FOR NEW-ORLEANS DIRECT.
BLACK STAR LINE.
The splendid new steamship VICTOR, Capt. G. GATES, will sail from Pier No. 13, North River, on SATURDAY, March 3.
For freight, which will be received up to Saturday evening, or passage, apply to R. LOWDEN, Agent, No. 54 Wall-st.
Bills of lading signed at the office, No. 98 West-st.

SHIPPING.

PACIFIC MAIL STEAMSHIP COMPANY'S THROUGH LINE
TO CALIFORNIA,
AND CARRYING THE UNITED STATES MAIL, leave Pier No. 42 North River, foot of Canal-st., at 12 o'clock noon, on the 1st, 11th and 21st of every month, (except when those dates fall on Sunday, and then on the preceding Saturday,) for ASPINWALL, connecting, via Panama Railway, with one of the company's steamships from Panama for SAN FRANCISCO, touching at ACAPULCO.
MARCH.
1st. ARIZONA, connecting with GOLDEN CITY.
10th. HENRY CHAUNCEY, connecting with the COLORADO.
21st. NEW-YORK, connecting with CONSTITUTION.
Departures of 1st and 21st connect at Panama with steamers for SOUTH PACIFIC PORTS; 1st and 11th for CENTRAL AMERICAN PORTS. Those of 1st touch at MANZANILLO.
Baggage checked through. One hundred pounds allowed each adult.
An experienced surgeon on board. Medicines and attendance free.
For passage tickets or further information apply at the company's ticket office, on the wharf, foot of Canal-st., North River, New-York.
F. W. G. BELLOWS, Agent.

FOR CALIFORNIA VIA NICARAGUA.
EXTRAORDINARY LOW PRICES.

First Class.	Second Class.	Third Class.
$200 to $175.	$125.	$65.

THROUGH TO SAN FRANCISCO.
The Central American Transit Company having placed a fine new steamboat on LAKE NICARAGUA, thereby insuring passengers
A PROMPT AND RELIABLE TRANSIT,
will dispatch the fast and elegant steamship
SANTIAGO DE CUBA,
JERRY H. SMITH, Esq., Commander,
on TUESDAY, March 20, at noon, from Pier No. 29 North River, foot of Warren-st., at the above
EXTRAORDINARY LOW PRICES.
For passage apply early, by mail or in person, at No. 177 West-st., corner of Warren-st.
D. N. CARRINGTON, Agent.

PACIFIC MAIL STEAMSHIP COMPANY.
NOTICE TO SHIPPERS TO SOUTH AND CENTRAL AMERICAN POINTS.
Having concluded arrangements with the PACIFIC STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY and the CENTRAL AMERICAN STEAMSHIP COMPANY, we are now prepared to receive and forward WITH DISPATCH all kinds of goods, to and from points on the SOUTH PACIFIC and CENTRAL AMERICAN COAST, under THROUGH BILL OF LADING at GREATLY REDUCED RATES.
For further particulars, classification of goods and rates, apply at our office, No. 84 Broadway.
WELLS, FARGO & CO., Sole Freight Agents P. M. S. S. Co.

FOR NEW-ORLEANS DIRECT.
The Coastwise Company will dispatch the superior sidewheel steamer
ALABAMA,
J. LIMEBURNER, Master,
on WEDNESDAY, March 7, at 3 P. M., from Pier No. 29 North River, foot of Warren-st. Is now receiving freight.
For passage or freight apply at Company's office, No. 177 West, corner Warren-st., or to R. H. DRUMMOND, No. 94 Wall-st.
D. N. CARRINGTON.

NEW-ORLEANS VIA HAVANA.
The New-York Mail Steamship Company's steamship EVENING STAR, calling at Havana to land passengers, will leave on SATURDAY, March 3, at 3 P. M., from the Company's pier, No. 46 North River.
For freight or passage apply to JAMES A. RAYNOR, No. 10 Barclay-st.

FOR NEW-ORLEANS DIRECT.
The new and first-class steamship NESHANNOCK, Capt. J. H. WINCHESTER, will leave Pier No. 9, North River, on SATURDAY, March 3, at 3 P. M. For freight or passage, having unsurpassed accommodations, apply to H. B. CROMWELL & CO., No. 86 West-st.

FOR RICHMOND, CITY POINT AND NORFOLK.
GOES TO THE WHARF AT RICHMOND.
The new and elegant SIDE-WHEEL steamships
HATTERAS, Capt. LEWIS PARRISH, every SATURDAY, at 12 M.
ALBEMARLE, Capt. H. A. BOURNE, every WEDNESDAY, at 12 M.
FROM PIER NO. 36 NORTH RIVER.
Freight for Newbern, N. C., and all points on Roanoke River, as far as Halifax, forwarded by our agent at Norfolk, free of charge.
For freight or passage, having unsurpassed accommodations. Apply to LIVINGSTON, FOX & CO., No. 141 Broadway.
Freight received on our covered pier, No. 36 North River, at all times during business hours.
Goods consigned to our address promptly forwarded.
All bills of lading signed on board the ship.

FOR NORFOLK, CITY POINT AND RICHMOND.
The OLD LINE, from Pier No. 21, North River.
NIAGARA, Capt. COUCH,
EVERY SATURDAY, at 3 P. M.
SARATOGA, Capt. KING,
EVERY WEDNESDAY, at 3 P. M.
G. HEINEKEN & PALMORE,
No. 115 Broadway,
Agents New-York and Virginia Steamship Co.

RAILROADS.

HO! FOR THE GOLD MINES!
THE MONTANA AND IDAHO TRANSPORTATION LINE
Give Through Bills Lading to FORT BENTON, HELENA, VIRGINIA CITY, BANNOCK CITY, DEER LODGE, BLACKFOOT CITY, and all points in the MINING DISTRICTS.
The steamers of this line, built expressly for the Upper Missouri trade, are very light draught, will take very small cargoes, and be sure to go to Fort Benton in good time.
We are prepared, with trains of our own, to forward promptly all the freight we contract.
The first boat of this line will leave St. Louis about March 10, or as soon as the river is open to Omaha, and the other boats of the line will follow at intervals of about ten days.
The very fast and splendid passenger steamer
FANNY OGDEN
will leave about 1st of April with very little freight, expressly on a passenger trip, and passengers can rely on good accommodations and a quick and pleasant trip.
For freight or passage, apply to J. EAGER, Agent, No. 41 Broad-st., New-York, or JOHN C. COPELIN or JOHN J. ROE & CO., St. Louis, Mo.

HUDSON RIVER AND HARLEM RAILROADS.
On and after MONDAY, Jan. 1, 1866, trains for Albany and Troy, connecting with Northern and Western trains, will leave New-York as follows:
7:30 A. M. via Hudson River Railroad, 30th-st. and 10th-av., connecting with trains for North and West.
10 A. M. via Hudson River Railroad, connecting with Northern and Western trains.
11 A. M. via Harlem Railroad, 26th-st. and 4th-av., connecting with trains for North and West.
3:45 P. M. via Hudson River Railroad, connecting at Troy with train for Montreal, with sleeping-cars attached.
4 P. M. via Harlem Railroad connecting at Albany with Western trains, and at Troy with Rensselaer and Saratoga and Troy and Boston, for points North, with sleeping-cars attached.
6 P. M. via Hudson River Railroad; sleeping-cars from New-York to Buffalo and Suspension Bridge without change. Also, to Montreal via Saratoga. This train runs on Sundays.
10 P. M. via Hudson River Railroad; with sleeping-cars attached, connecting at Albany and Troy with morning trains for North and West.
WM. H. VANDERBILT, Vice-President.

ERIE RAILWAY.—TRAINS LEAVE DEPOT foot of Chambers-st., via Pavonia Ferry:
7:00 A. M.—Day Express, for Canandaigua, Rochester, Buffalo, Salamanca and West. Connects at Buffalo with Lake Shore and Grand Trunk Railways, and at Salamanca, with Atlantic and Great Western Railway.
8:30 A. M.—Milk and Way Train, daily, for Otisville.
10:00 A. M.—Express Mail, for Buffalo, Salamanca, and Dunkirk, connecting with Lake Shore and Atlantic and Great Western Railways.
4:00 P. M.—Way Train, for Port Jervis and Newburgh.
5:00 P. M.—Night Express for Canandaigua, Rochester, Buffalo, Salamanca and West.
6:00 P. M.—Lightning Express, Daily, for Canandaigua, Rochester, Buffalo, Salamanca, Dunkirk and West; connects at Buffalo with Lake Shore and Grand Trunk Railways, and at Salamanca, with Atlantic and Great Western Railway.
8:00 P. M.—Emigrant Train, daily, for Buffalo, Salamanca, Dunkirk and West.
HUGH RIDDLE, General Superintendent.
WM. R. BARR, Gen'l Pass. Agent, N. York.

RARITAN AND DELAWARE BAY RAILROAD.
On and after MONDAY, Feb. 12, 1866, the express train for Camden will be discontinued. The steamer will leave Pier No. 3, North River, daily, Sundays excepted, at 4 P. M., connecting with train for Manchester, Tom's River, Long Branch, &c.
FREIGHT FOR CAMDEN and intermediate stations will be taken at LOW RATES on the 4 o'clock line, reaching Camden the next morning.

PERTH AMBOY & WOODBRIDGE R. R.
From foot of Cortlandt-st.
Leave New-York for Perth Amboy and Woodbridge—7 and 10 A. M., 2, 4:10 and 5:40 P. M.
Leave Amboy—7:10, 8:45 A. M., 12 M., 3:55, 6:05 P. M.
Leave Woodbridge—7:25, 8:55 A. M., 12:15, 4:10, 6:20 P. M.

NORTHERN RAILROAD OF NEW-JERSEY—Trains leave Jersey City for Piermont at 9:15 A. M., 12:25, 4:25, and 6:02 P. M. The 9:15 and 4:25 run through to Monsey. On Monday only for Piermont at 5:15 A. M. THOS. W. DEMAREST, Superintendent.

STEAMBOATS.

THE GREAT INSIDE ROUTE FOR BOSTON.
AVOIDING POINT JUDITH.
STONINGTON LINE OF STEAMERS,
being the safest and quickest between Boston and New-York. The staunch and splendid steamer
PLYMOUTH ROCK, Capt. J. C. GEER,
On TUESDAYS, THURSDAYS and SATURDAYS;
COMMODORE, Capt. E. F. CURTIS,
On MONDAYS, WEDNESDAYS and FRIDAYS,
at 4 o'clock P. M. from Pier No. 18 North River.
These boats are unsurpassed for comfort, strength and safety. State-rooms secured at the office, Pier No. 18, on board the boat, No. 76 Washington-st., Boston, and at the Providence Depot.
Return trains leave Boston at 5½ P. M.
M. R. SIMONS, Agent.

FOR NEW-HAVEN, HARTFORD AND SPRINGFIELD—Steamers leave Peck-slip at 3:15 P. M. Trains North and East from New-Haven at 11 P. M.

EXPRESSES.

OFFICE OF THE UNITED STATES EXPRESS COMPANY, No. 82 BROADWAY, NEW-YORK.
THE UNITED STATES EXPRESS COMPANY have made arrangements to extend their express lines, on the 1st of June next, west of the Missouri River to Denver and the mining districts of Colorado, and they will be prepared on the 1st of July next to extend their lines to Utah, Montana and Idaho.
They will also be prepared to give through bills of lading by their dispatch line for heavy freight to the above-named points.
C. A. DE WITT,
FEB. 14, 1866. General Superintendent.

MATRIMONIAL.

A YOUNG AND PRETTY MISS, EDUCATED and refined, being a stranger in this City, takes this novel method of soliciting the acquaintance of a gentleman with a view to matrimony, trusting only those who are sincere will call on or address KATE ARLINGTON, care of Mme. De Cora, Astrologist and Spiritual Medium, No. 303 6th-av.

DRY GOODS.

OPENING OF SPRING IMPORTATIONS, FOR 1866.
STRANG & ADRIANCE,
No. 285 BROADWAY,
Will offer at Retail on MONDAY, a large and well-selected assortment of
FRENCH, ENGLISH AND AMERICAN FABRICS,
suitable for the best RETAIL TRADE, at less than market prices.
BLACK SILKS, in every style and make.
MOIRE ANTIQUES and PLAIN COLORED TAFFETAS, in all the new shades.
250 pieces CHECK and STRIPE heavy LYONS SILK, from Auction, at $1 25 and upward.
MOURNING GOODS, in great variety, with BLACK SILK and WORSTED GRENADINES, 3-4 to 8-4 wide. ALL SILK do., at great bargains.
HOUSEKEEPING GOODS
in great variety; also, LACE CURTAINS, from Auction, at old prices before the War.
150 pieces Extra Fine SILK and WORSTED POPLINS, the most desirable article for Spring wear ever imported, at great bargains.
6-4 and 8-4 PLAID and STRIPE VALENCIAS, for Ladies and Children, from 25c. upward, from Auction, very cheap.
TRAVELING DRESS GOODS, the largest assortment ever offered, at low prices.
EMBROIDERIES, HOSIERY AND GLOVES,
in great variety, at bargains.
250 pieces PRINTED and PLAIN PERCALES, the handsomest patterns ever exhibited.
AMERICAN and ENGLISH PRINTS and GINGHAMS.
SHAWLS.
FRENCH, CAMEL'S HAIR, PAISLEY, BROCHE, and PLAIDS; the largest assortment ever offered. Also, REAL LLAMA LACE POINTS, in Black and White. Also,
500 REAL SHETLAND SHAWLS, the greatest bargains ever offered in this city.
CLOAKS,
in SILK, VELVET, and CLOTH, of all the new styles and shapes.
CLOAKS MADE TO ORDER.
CLOTHS, CASSIMERES, and CLOAKINGS.

SPRING, 1866.
PARTRIDGE & BALLARD,
(Successors to Martin & Lawson,)
No. 351 Broadway,
New-York,
Rue Richu, No. 13, Paris,
Importers and Jobbers of
Silks, Ribbons, Laces,
Black and Colored Crapes,
Bonnet Materials,
of a great variety of new styles;
Straw Bonnets,
of all the latest Parisian shapes, as
"Pamela," "Duchesse,"
"Charlotte Corday," "Marie Antoinette."
&c., &c.
Straw Braids and Trimmings,
Fancy Goods and Ornaments,
French Artificial Flowers,
Real Black and Blonde Laces,
"Dentelle de Cluny," &c., &c.
Novelties arriving by every steamer.

ELGER'S CHEAP STORE—NEW GOODS at reduced prices; ribbons, trimmings, laces, embroideries, linen handkerchiefs, collars, setts, Cluny lace, magic rufflings, frillings, edgings, French and German corsets, shirts, new styles, of the best makers. Nos. 680 and 882 Broadway, near 19th-st., East side. N. B.—English Brushes, scissors and small wares.

MILLINERY.

SOUTHERN AND WESTERN MILLINERY buyers can save 20 per cent by buying at L. BINNS' immence millinery manufactory, No. 577 Broadway, opposite Niblo's. Thousands of bonnets, all trimmed; pattern bonnets, Spring bonnets and hats, ribbons and flowers.

MME. DEMOREST'S GRAND OPENING of patterns of the Paris fashions for ladies' and children's dress for the Spring of 1866, at No. 473 Broadway, and all the branches, on THURSDAY, March 1.

SEWING MACHINES.

THE BEST, SIMPLEST AND CHEAPEST—BARTLETT'S Practical Family Sewing-Machine; price $25. General agency for the United States, Mme. DEMOREST'S Emporium of Fashions, No. 473 Broadway. Agents wanted everywhere. Call and examine the cheapest, simplest and best family sewing-machine now offered in this country.

MEDICAL.

MADAME ROSS,
MEDICAL CLAIRVOYANT,
No. 98 West 27th-st.

MADAME ROSS,
MEDICAL CLAIRVOYANT,
No. 98 West 27th-st.
During the month of February, Madame ROSS has treated thirty cases daily, or eight hundred and forty during the entire month, with dyspepsia, rheumatism, female disorder and pulmonic affections; she has made many remarkable cures.

THOUSANDS ARE TIMELY SAVED BY Dr. KENNEDY'S skillful and improved treatment.—Private diseases cured in the shortest possible time by Dr. KENNEDY & CO., No. 195 Elm-st., New-York, without the use of mercury, loss of time or change of die. Dr. KENNEDY, from the hospitals of London, Paris and Edinburgh, is the discoverer of the only certain and reliable remedies for diseases of a private character. In 28 years' practice he has cured more cases of Secret Diseases and Wrong Treatment than all others combined. I can and will cure you in less time and at less expense than any other can or will, and those who have been robbed of their money and health, call; it will take but little money and time to restore you. If you have been unfortunate, call at once. By his special experience in this much neglected branch of medical science, he is enabled to guarantee a cure in the most complicated cases. Recent cases of Gonorrhœa or Syphilis cured in a few days, without change of diet or hindrance from business. Secondary Syphilis—the last vestige eradicated without the use of Mercury. Involuntary emissions stopped in a short time. Sufferers from impotency, or loss of sexual power, restored to full vigor in a few weeks, permanently and speedily cured by a new treatment. Persons at a distance failing to receive prompt treatment elsewhere, may get a permanent cure effected by writing a full diagnosis of their case, addressed to Dr. KENNEDY, No. 195 Elm-st. Call, send or write.

A. M. MAURICEAU, PROFESSOR OF midwifery and operating surgeon, having over thirty years' successful practice in this city, guarantees a safe and immediate removal of all special irregularities and obstructions in females, without pain or exposure, with or without medicine. Can be consulted with the utmost confidence at his private office, No. 129 Liberty-st., New-York, or by mail.
Dr. A. M. Mauriceau is the author of "The Married Woman's Private Medical Companion," strictly intended for those whose health and circumstances forbid a too rapid increase of family; a perusal of which will convince any lady of his thorough knowledge of her complaints. Every lady who has it is secure from danger and imposition. Price $1. Sold at his office No. 129 Liberty-st., or sent by mail, by addressing Box No. 1,224 New-York City. Sold also at No. 1 Vesey-st., New-York; in Boston, No. 13 Court-st.

MANHOOD AND THE VIGOR OF YOUTH regained in three days by Dr. POWERS' ESSENCE OF LIFE. This wonderful agent restores manhood to the most shattered constitutions, radically curing Seminal Weakness, Sexual Debility, and Impediments to Marriage generally; Nervousness, Mental and Physical Incapacity, resulting from self-abuse, &c. The time required to cure the most inveterate case is one week. Failure is impossible. This life-restoring remedy should be taken by all about to marry, as its effects are permanent. Young man, are you subject to that soul and body destroying disease, secret habits? Dr. POWERS' Invigorating Essence is a never-failing cure. Sold by WALTER POWERS, M. D., No. 195 Elm-st., New-York.

ADVICE TO MARRIED LADIES.—MADAME RESTELL, Professor of Midwifery, having over thirty years' successful practice in this city, guarantees a safe and immediate removal of all special irregularities and obstructions in females, with or without medicine, at one interview, or by mail. Can be consulted with the utmost confidence at No. 162 Chambers-st. Her infallible French Female Pills, No. 1, price $1, or No. 2, which are four degrees stronger than No. 1, and can never fail, are safe and healthy, price $5, can be sent by mail. Also sold at the druggist's, No. 152 Greenwich-st., near Liberty-st. Madame RESTELL deems it her duty to caution ladies against imitators, who not only deprive them of their means, but their health.

A PHYSIOLOGICAL VIEW OF MARRIAGE—Containing nearly 300 pages and 150 fine plates and engravings of the anatomy of the sexual organs, in a state of health and disease, with a treatise on self-abuse, its deplorable consequences upon the mind and body, with the author's plan of treatment—the only rational and successful mode of cure, as shown by the report of cases treated. A truthful adviser of the married and those contemplating marriage, who entertain doubts of their physical condition. Sent, free of postage, to any address on receipt of 25 cents, in specie or postage stamps. Address Dr. LA CROIX, No. 31 Maiden-lane, Albany, N. Y.

DR. POWERS' PERIODICAL DROPS are designed for both married and single ladies, and are the very best thing known for the purpose, as they will bring on the monthly sickness in case of obstruction from any cause, and after all other remedies of the kind have been tried in vain. Expressly for obstinate cases. Warranted as represented in every respect, or the price will be refunded. Beware of imitations! Purchase directly of Dr. POWERS, No. 195 Elm-st., New-York.

SURGICAL HOSPITAL—UNDER THE exclusive care of EDWARD H. DIXON, M. D., editor of the *Scalpel*. Specialty, operative surgery and the more obscure diseases of the pelvic viscera, hernia, hemorrhoids, varicocele, fistula and stricture. Office hours from 8 to 9 and 1 to 3, and 7 to 9 evenings, at No. 42 5th-av.

GENTLEMEN REQUIRING MEDICAL aid will find it to their interest to consult Dr. WEST, an old and experienced practitioner, when their health will be speedily restored. Office No. 545 Broadway.

DR. HUNTER'S BOTANIC CORDIAL restores the vigor of youth in four days. Gives health, strength and vigor to the most shattered system. $5 a bottle. No. 3 Division-st., New-York, the only place.

LADIES SUFFERING FROM PRIVATE diseases can be effectually relieved at the first visit; consultation free; separate rooms; office hours 2 to 3 P. M. Dr. ALLENN, No. 834 Broadway, near 13th-st.

ALL PRIVATE DISEASES, OLD ULCERS, Scrofula and Skin Diseases, treated by Dr. FULLER, at office and drug-store, No. 43 Sullivan-st., near Broome.

DR. LARMONT, NO. 173 BROADWAY.—Treatment from 10 to 5. "Medical Adviser and Marriage Guide," $1 50. Sold by E. WARNER, 1 Vesey-st.

MANY THOUSANDS ARE RUINED BEYOND REDEMPTION in this life by not calling on Dr. HUNTER sooner or later. He can cure the worst cases of secret disease in a shorter time than any other physician, or no pay taken. Skeptics and doubters will please call and read hundreds of reliable certificates of cures made within the last thirty years of almost hopeless cases, that had had the benefit of dozens of our most eminent physicians and surgeons. Dr. Hunter is in constant attendance from 8 in the morning till 9 at night, at his old office, No. 3 Division-st., New-York City, since 1834. Charges moderate, and a cure guaranteed. Separate rooms, so that the patient sees no one but the Doctor himself. His wonderful medical discovery, DR. HUNTER'S RED DROP, cures private diseases when regular treatment and all other remedies fail; cures without dieting or restriction in the habits of the patient; cures without the disgusting and sickening effects of all other remedies; cures in new cases in less than six hours; cures without the dreadful consequent effects of mercury, and possesses the peculiarly valuable property of annihilating the rank and poisonous taint that the blood is sure to absorb unless his remedy is used. This is what he claims for it, and what no other will accomplish. $2 per vial. Book, 50 pages, gratis, on nervous debility, causes of impotency, marasmus, &c.

AMUSEMENTS.

ACADEMY OF MUSIC—MATINEE.
DIRECTOR........MAX MARETZEK
This establishment does not advertise in the New-York Herald.
THIS (SATURDAY AFTERNOON,) March 3, at 1,
GRAND ITALIAN OPERA MATINEE.
will be presented Donizetti's charming comic opera,
DON PASQUALE.
DON PASQUALE.
with a brilliant and complete cast, including
Mlle. ENRICHETTA BOSISIO,
Signor S. IRFRE. Signor BELLINI,
Signor SARTI, (his first appearance.)
CONDUCTOR........Signor TORRIANI
ADMISSION ONE DOLLAR ONLY
to all parts of the house. No reserved seats.
Tickets may now be had at all the regular ticket-offices.
To commence at 1 o'clock. Doors open at 12 M.
SPECIAL NOTICE.—Lady patrons are requested to buy their tickets early, to avoid crowding at the ticket-offices.
MONDAY—(19th subscription night,)—TROVATORE.
TUESDAY—Extra Night,—Benefit of Signor MAZZOLENI.
LAST NIGHT BUT ONE OF L'AFRICAINE.

ACADEMY OF MUSIC.
ITALIAN OPERA.
DIRECTOR........MAX MARETZEK
This establishment does not advertise in the New-York Herald.
ON MONDAY EVENING, March 5, at 8,
(Nineteenth Subscription Night,)
Only time this season of Verdi's most popular opera,
IL TROVATORE,
IL TROVATORE,
With its unapproachably great cast, including
MME. CAROZZI-ZUCCHI,
MME. BINA DE ROSSI,
MAZZOLENI, BELLINI, BARILI.
ON TUESDAY, MARCH 6—EXTRA NIGHT.
BENEFIT OF SIGNOR MAZZOLENI.
Last night but one of
L'AFRICAINE.
L'AFRICAINE.
In the course of next week will be produced Meyerbeer's
THE STAR OF THE NORTH,
(L'ETOILE DU NORD.)
The sale of reserved seats and tickets for any of the above-named performances will commence THIS MORNING at all the regular ticket offices.

ACADEMY OF MUSIC.
THEATRE FRANCAIS.
Paul Juignet and [illegible] Drivet........Managers.
SATURDAY, MARCH 3, 1866.
L'AIEULE,
Family drama, in five acts, by A. Dennery.
Doors open at 7; the curtain to rise at 8 o'clock precisely.
Ticket office, H. Dardonville, No. 678 Broadway.

GRAND CONCERT
of the
NATIONAL CONSERVATORY OF MUSIC,
on
SATURDAY EVENING, MARCH 3, 1866,
at
IRVING HALL
Assisted by the first artists in the country,
including
Signora DE ROSSI, Soprano;
Signor MASSIMILIANO, Tenor;
Signor ANTONUCCI, Basso;
By kindness of Max Maretzek.
Herr LOUIS SCHREIBER, Cornet;
Herr EDWARD MOLLENHAUER, Violin;
Herr HENRY MOLLENHAUER, Violoncello;
Herr ALEXANDER, Violoncello;
Master BERNARD, Violin.
EDWARD MOLLENHAUER.....Musical Director.
A GRAND OVERTURE
and
A SONATA BY BEETHOVEN,
arranged for 64 hands,
BY THE PUPILS OF THE CONSERVATORY,
to be performed on
SIXTEEN OF THE WEBER PIANO-FORTES.
Tickets one dollar; reserved seats 50c. extra. For sale at the Conservatory, No. 152 East 13th-st.; W. H. Pond & Co., No. 547 Broadway; Beer & Schirmer, 701 Broadway; Schuberth & Co., 820 Broadway; Irving Hall on the evening of the concert. Pupils are entitled to one ticket each. Doors open at 7 o'clock; Concert to commence at 8 o'clock.

MISCELLANEOUS.

STEWART'S SYRUP.
Extra quality Syrup in barrels, for sale at the office of the Refinery, No. 169 Chambers-st.; also common Syrup, without brand, in barrels, at a low price

REYNOLDS TURBINE
WATER WHEELS
Great improvements and reduction in prices. The best, cheapest, most reliable, and awarded the gold medal for superiority. Circular sent free.
GEORGE TALLCOT,
No. 170 Broadway, New-York.
Late Tallcot & Underhill.

POLAR REFRIGERATORS,
GOTHIC FURNACES,
PHŒNIX GAS COOK STOVES,
KEROSENE COOK STOVES,
Wholesale and retail by
ALEX. LESLEY,
No. 605 6th-av., and No. 1310 Broadway.

KEROSENE LAMPS,
CHIMNEYS, WICK, &c., AT LOW PRICES.
BOOTH & PECK,
No. 47 Vesey-st.

ROUND CORNER'D PLAYING-CARDS.
These cards, now so much used, *will not split*, the old, sharp-pointed cards *will split* and become worthless before half worn out. Sold by all stationers and fancy goods and drug-stores in the United States, and by the manufacturers,
SAM. HART & CO.,
No. 546 Broadway, New-York.

BESEQUE, BAZIQUE, BESIQUE.
This very popular family game, neatly put up in leather cases, with rules and registers complete for playing, for sale by the manufacturers,
SAM. HART & CO.,
No. 546 Broadway, New-York.

MEDICAL BOARDS FOR THE EXAMINATION of candidates for admission into the Navy as Assistant Surgeons.
Boards of Medical Officers will convene at the Naval Hospital, Chelsea, Mass.; Naval Hospital, Brooklyn, N. Y., and Naval Asylum, Philadelphia, Penn., on MONDAY, March 12, 1866, for the examination of candidates for admission into the Medical Corps of the Navy.
Gentlemen desirous of appearing before either Board must make application to the Honorable Secretary of the Navy, or to the undersigned, stating residence, date and place of birth, and before which Board they desire to present themselves. Application to be accompanied by respectable testimonials of moral character.
Candidates must not be less than twenty-one, nor more than twenty-six years of age.
No expense is allowed by Government to candidates attending the sessions of the Board, as a successful examination is a legal pre-requisite for appointment in the Navy.
P. J. HORWITZ, Chief of Bureau.
BUREAU OF MEDICINE AND SURGERY, NAVY DEPARTMENT, WASHINGTON, D.C.

NOTICE.—THE CONSISTORY OF THE COLLEGIATE R. P. Dutch Church having resolved on removing the North Church, corner of Fulton and William sts., and leasing the ground, they contemplate removing the human remains interred in the vaults of said Church to their ground in Greenwood Cemetery, commencing on the 12th inst. All persons interested, having relatives or friends interred in said vaults, and wishing further information on the subject, are requested to call at the office of the Treasurer of said Church, No. 192 Broadway, Room No. 6, between the hours of 10 A. M. and 3 P. M.

A SELF-APPLIED SIGHT RESTORER—Newly improved, dispensing with glasses; simple, harmless, efficient. Single one, with directions, $3; one dozen by mail, $20. Also, D. Barnum's "Self-Sewer," or Self-Guide and Baster for all sewing-machines, $1 50, with directions: $9 a dozen by mail. Columns of certificates. Rare chance for agents. D. BARNUM, (at the Wilcox & Gibbs' Sewing-Machine Office, No. 508 Broadway, New-York,) General Agent for the United States.

THE UNDERSIGNED GRATEFULLY acknowledges the receipt of $100 from an unknown friend, to the Association for Improving the Condition of the Poor; and in compliance with the request of the Donor, publishes the same in the New-York TIMES.
ROBERT M. HARTLEY, Secretary.
MARCH 2, 1866.

AMERICAN BUCKLE—HALL'S PATENT, Aug. 8, 1865, assigned Feb. 1, 1866.—Easily applied; warranted not to slip; for gent's and ladies' shoes, suspenders, gaiters, pants, vests, hoop-skirts, &c., in sizes from ⅛ inch to 1½ inch; fancy and plain. Discount to the trade. F. A. SHUCK, Manufacturer's Agent, No. 1 Pearl-st. House, Boston, Mass.

CRUTCHES.—HARTMAN'S PATENT ELASTIC RUBBER PREMIUM CRUTCHES.—The easiest, cheapest and most approved of the age, preventing paralysis of the nerves. Send for circular. LOVEJOY & TAYLOR, sole manufacturers, No. 476½ Broadway.

MARBLE MANTELS.—NOW IS THE TIME to purchase mantels very cheap; 300 mantels on hand which will be sold at very low prices. A. KLABER'S Marble Works, No. 109 East 18th-st., near 3d-av., New-York. Cut this out.

CARPENTERS, CABINET-MAKERS, engineers, decorators and other artisans will find profit and interest in the paper on Glues, Cements, Lutes, &c., in the *Sunday Courier* of March 4.

SHOWCASES FOR SALE—OLD AND NEW, at HOFFMAN & FERSEH'S, No. 148 Chatham-st.

CIGARS AND TOBACCO.

VIGELIUS & SEYMOUR,
COMMISSION MERCHANTS IN
LEAF TOBACCO,
Nos. 182 and 184 Pearl-st.
Leaf tobacco received on consignment.

FURNITURE.

FURNITURE MANUFACTURERS.
WEIL & BRAUNSDORF, Nos. 125 and 127 Rivington-st., New-York, through their long experience and superior facilities in manufacturing first-class furniture, are prepared to supply the public at large on as favorable terms as can be had in this City. All purchasers are respectfully invited to call as above. Furniture of every kind always on hand, in full suites or otherwise.

FINE ROSEWOOD PARLOR FURNITURE.
Patent rosewood bedsteads, patent rosewood bureaus, (the handling of a number of keys avoided, one lock controlling four drawers.) Also, rosewood, black walnut, and oak library, dining-room and chamber furniture, at SPRINGMEYER BROS., (late J. H. Belter & Co.,) No. 722 Broadway, (established 1844,) opposite the New-York Hotel. Factory 3d-av., corner of 76th-st.

FURNITURE, OF EVERY DESCRIPTION, carpets, oil-cloths, bedding, parlor and bedroom suites, &c., at BENDALL & SCOTT'S, Nos. 209 and 211 Hudson-st., corner of Canal.
N. B.—Housekeepers, or persons going to housekeeping, will be supplied, and can pay by installments if preferred.

ENAMELED FURNITURE.—THE LARGEST assortment of enameled, chestnut and solid walnut bedroom suites, in this city; also, mattresses, spring-beds, &c.; all goods warranted as represented; at the old established house. WARREN WARD & CO., 277 Canal.

HORSES AND CARRIAGES.

A HANDSOME DARK BAY HORSE, NEW coupe, and harness (little used) for sale; seven years; sixteen hands; very stylish; quiet and kind; coupe rockaway, pole and shafts, sold separately. BARRETT'S STABLE, 23d-st., near Lexington-av.

AMUSEMENTS.

WALLACK'S.
Proprietor and Manager........Mr. LESTER WALLACK.
This establishment does not advertise in the New-York Herald.
Open at 7½. Begins at 8.
SATURDAY,
Fifth time in America, the original and very successful Comedy, in three acts, entitled
SOCIETY,
In which will appear
Messrs. Frederic Robinson, Charles Fisher, Mark Smith, Holston, Geo. Holland, Norton, Williamson, Browne, Graham, Pope, Ward, Cashin, Miss Madeline Henriques, Mrs. Vernon, Miss Emma Le Brun, Mrs. Timoney, Miss Kate Barrett and Miss Scott.
MONDAY—Second time here, ROMANCE AND REALITY.
TUESDAY—BENEFIT OF MR. FREDERIC ROBINSON.
First time, in six years, and never before acted here, Douglas Jerrold's celebrated drama, the RENT DAY, which will be presented with beautiful scenery, appropriate stage appointments, correct costumes and fine cast. Also, Morton's capital farce of the ETON BOY.
WEDNESDAY—SOCIETY.
Will shortly be revived Tom Taylor's very attractive Comedy, the UNEQUAL MATCH.

WALLACK'S.
TUESDAY, March 6,
BENEFIT
OF
Mr. FREDERIC ROBINSON.
Never acted here, Douglas Jerrold's celebrated drama, the
RENT DAY,
which will be presented with beautiful scenery, appropriate stage appointments, correct costumes and a fine cast. Also Morton's capital farce of the
ETON BOY.
BOX BOOK NOW OPEN.

BROADWAY THEATRE—SATURDAY.
SEVENTH WEEK OF J. E. OWENS,
TWO HUNDRED AND FIFTIETH AND
LAST PERFORMANCE OF SOLON SHINGLE.
SOLON SHINGLE / This Afternoon / LAST TIME.
SOLON SHINGLE / and / LAST TIME.
SOLON SHINGLE / TO-NIGHT. / LAST TIME.
SOLON SHINGLE / LAST TIME.
LAST NIGHT OF THE LIVE INDIAN,
which will be given at night in conjunction with SOLON SHINGLE.
LAST "SOLON SHINGLE" MATINEE TO-DAY.
LAST "SOLON SHINGLE" MATINEE TO-DAY.
Commencing at 1½, and closing at 3½ P. M.
On MONDAY NIGHT Tom Taylor's comedy of
VICTIMS and FORTY WINKS,
splendidly mounted, and with a cast including Mr. JOHN E. OWENS, John K. Mortimer, J. W. Albaugh, Tom Owens, Miss Celia Logan, and Miss Josephine Tyson.
SEATS SECURED IN ADVANCE.

NEW BOWERY THEATRE.
Sole Proprietor........Mr. J. W. LINGARD.
This establishment does not advertise in the New-York Herald.
Last night of the young American actor,
Mr. G. C. BONIFACE.
The grand drama of
DER FREISCHUTZ.
Mr. G. C. BONIFACE........as........CASPER.
BLUESKIN;
Or, JACK AND HIS PALS.
Jack Sheppard........Mr. G. C. Boniface.
Blueskin........Mr. J. W. Lingard.
LE SOLITAIRE.
Monday evening, March 5,
BUTLER'S FAMOUS TROUPE,
late of the
AMERICAN THEATRE, NO. 444 BROADWAY,
EVERY NIGHT AND SATURDAY AFTERNOON.

LUCY RUSHTON'S THEATRE.
Nos. 728 and 730 Broadway, opposite the New-York Hotel.
Sole Lessee and Manageress........Miss LUCY RUSHTON
THIS EVENING will be presented the comedy in 3 acts,
GIRALDA.
Miss LUCY RUSHTON........as........GIRALDA
To be preceded every evening by the musical farce of
THE KING'S GARDENER.
Acting Manager and Treasurer........Mr. H. H. Davis
Stage Manager........Mr. J. Schonberg
Doors open at 7¼; performance to commence at 7¾.
In preparation, and will shortly be produced, an entirely new SPECTACULAR and MUSICAL PIECE, introducing MECHANICAL AND SCENIC EFFECTS NEVER BEFORE ATTEMPTED.

CORRIE'S ILLUSTRATED TOUR OF SCOTLAND.
Intending tourists will please be on hand at Hope Chapel, No. 720 Broadway, EVERY EVENING at 8 o'clock.
A GRAND MATINEE.
A GRAND MATINEE.
A GRAND MATINEE.
THIS SATURDAY, at 2½ o'clock.
Miss Agnes Sutherland and Mr. D. T. Corrie accompany the tourist.

HARMONIC SOCIETY.
ORATORIO.
Church of the Puritans, (Dr. Cheever's,) Union-square,
THURSDAY EVENING, MARCH 8,
Will be presented Handel's Grand Oratorio,
SAMSON,
(First time in New-York in 20 years.)
THE HARMONIC SOCIETY
will be assisted on this occasion by the following eminent artists:
Miss MARIA BRAINERD,
Mme. FANNY RAYMOND RITTER,
Mr. GEORGE SIMPSON,
Mr. J. R. THOMAS,
and THEODORE THOMAS'
GRAND ORCHESTRA.
Mr. F. J. CONNOLLY........Pianist.
Mr. F. L. RITTER........Conductor.
TICKETS, $1.
For sale at the music stores and principal hotels.

DANCING.

FERRERO'S DANCING ACADEMY,
EVERETT ROOMS, corner 34th-st. and Broadway.
Classes WEDNESDAYS and SATURDAYS, at 4 P. M. Beginners can enter at all times.

A. DODWORTH'S DANCING ACADEMIES,
No. 212 5th-av., New-York,
No. 137 Montague-st., Brooklyn.
Classes now open for reception of pupils, afternoon for children, evening for gentlemen. Send for circular.

J. H. SEARING'S PRIVATE DANCING ACADEMY, No. 292 Fourth-avenue, near 23d-st. A new class; afternoon at 4; evening at 8 o'clock. Classes formed for the German, and private lessons every day.

PERSONAL.

CHARLES W. HARTWELL, FORMERLY of Worcester, Mass., will hear of something to his pecuniary advantage by communicating with the undersigned. Any one knowing his address is requested to inform DWIGHT FOSTER, Boston, Mass.

NEW PUBLICATIONS.

STATUTES AT LARGE, VOL. XIII.
LITTLE, BROWN & CO.,
No. 110 Washington-st., Boston,
PUBLISH THIS DAY
THE STATUTES AND TREATIES
OF THE
UNITED STATES OF AMERICA,
PASSED AT THE FIRST AND SECOND SESSIONS
OF THE THIRTY-EIGHTH CONGRESS.
Arranged in chronological order, and carefully collated with the originals at Washington. With references to the matter of each act and to the subsequent acts on the same subject. Edited by GEORGE P. SANGER, Counsellor at Law.

BRILLIANT COLLECTION OF RACY, spicy and deeply interesting articles in the SUNDAY
COURIER.
TO-MORROW, NEW FEATURES.
THE TRIALS AT THE COURT OF SESSIONS. A racy report of Saturday's proceedings.
PRACTICAL MECHANICS' COLUMN. Particularly interesting to carpenters, joiners, cabinet-makers, engineers, decorators, and others.
Continuation of the great local novel,
DELMONICO'S.
A startling story, THE MYSTERIOUS WEDDING.
An original sketch, by Pilgarlick, WHEN WE WERE BOYS.
Janet's Questions.
The Beautiful Skater.
The Song of Roland.
Partridge and Swift.
Masonic Matters.
Current Literature.
Abuse of the President.
Mr. Stephens' Speech.
Dramatic Criticisms.
All Sorts, Local News, &c.
And balls of the week, including the
GREAT PURIM BALL,
With descriptions of the ladies' toilets, &c.

1865. NEW-YORK FIRE INSURANCE COMPANIES' RETURNS. 1866.
This day published, the annual tabular "Abstract of Accounts of Stock Capital Fire Insurance Companies for the year ending Dec. 31, 1865," prepared from the official returns to the State Insurance Department.
Single copies 50c. For sale at office of *Insurance Monitor*, No. 14, and *Wall-street Underwriter*, No. 18 Wall-st.

THE PRACTICAL PHILOSOPHER, NO. 1.
Inferior Races—Reservation of Public Lands for the Light of Social Science—Constitutional Security for Public Debt—Choice of the People not Found—Wars. Price 10 cents. For sale by T. R. CALLENDER, 3d and Walnut sts., Philadelphia.

LOST AND FOUND.

$200 REWARD.—IF THE PERSON WHO took my WATCH, while riding in an omnibus from the St. Nicholas Hotel to the Astor House, Feb. 27, will return the watch, I will pay the above reward and no questions asked. Gold, English, open face, duplex, No. 5,069; Frodsham & Son, makers. CHRISTOPHER MORGAN, St. Nicholas Hotel.

LOST—CERTIFICATE NO. 1,833, OPHIR SILVER MINING STOCK, for twelve shares, in name of S. M. Johnson. The public are cautioned against negotiating the same, as transfer has been stopped. Suitable reward will be paid for its return to JAMES M. HARTSHORNE & BRO., No. 56 Exchange-place.

LOST—TWO BANK BOOKS, NOS. 181,270 AND 181,271, on "Bowery Savings' Bank," belonging to the estate of John Goodes, deceased. The finder will be liberally rewarded by handing them to the said Bank, or to N. A. CHEDSEY, Attorney for said estate, No. 6 City Hall-place.

LOST—FEB. 28, 1866, AN EXPRESS RECEIPT BOOK, going from No. 26 West 27th-st. through Broadway to No. 57 West 28th-st. Whoever will return the same to No. 63 Broadway will be suitably rewarded. J. B. WASS, People's Express.

MACHINERY.

STEAM STONE-CUTTER COMPANY—Are prepared to sell MACHINES, to be used in QUARRYING STONE of any kind by STEAM POWER, and without the use of powder.
They will do the work of about 40 men, and save the stock wasted by the old process.
The Machines have been thoroughly tested, and are working upon the largest quarries in the country. Circulars giving particulars and prices sent free. Address STEAM STONE-CUTTER COMPANY, No. 18 Wall-st.

STEAM-ENGINE AND BOILERS FOR SALE.—The large 150 horse power engine, built by Corliss & Nightingale, which took the first premium in the Crystal Palace, with boilers complete, now running at No. 137 Elm-st., with lease of several buildings, well filled with paying power tenants. Apply to the engineer, on the premises.

FOR SALE—THE STOCK OF MACHINERY OF E. Robinson's Armory, can be seen at No. 259 8th-av., near 23d-st. JAMES W. BOOTH, Assignee.

AMUSEMENTS.

BARNUM'S AMERICAN MUSEUM,
Broadway, between Spring and Prince-sts.
This establishment does not advertise in the New-York Herald.
CHANGE OF TIME.
THE AFTERNOON PERFORMANCE WILL HEREAFTER COMMENCE AT 2 O'CLOCK.
AFTERNOON AT 2—EVENING AT 7½.
THE GREAT SENSATION OF THE SEASON,
The Biblical Historical Spectacular Drama of
משה
או
ישראל במצרים
MOSES
OR
ISRAEL IN EGYPT
Founded on Ingraham's sacred work,
THE PILLAR OF FIRE
GORGEOUS SCENERY, COSTUMES, &c.
MOVING PANORAMA OF THE NILE
SCRIPTURAL TABLEAUX
MOSES IN THE BULRUSHES
CROSSING THE RED SEA
DESTRUCTION OF PHARAOH AND HIS HOSTS
TRIUMPH OF ISRAEL
W. B. HARRISON........Extemporaneous Singer.
GREAT LIVING CURIOSITIES.
TWO IMMENSE GIANTS, THREE DWARFS, TWO CIRCASSIAN GIRLS, LIVING SKELETONS, MAMMOTH FAT WOMAN, GLASS-BLOWERS, ALBINO BOY, COSMORAMAS, LEARNED SEAL, HAPPY FAMILY, GRAND AQUARIA,
100,000 CURIOSITIES.
Admission, 30 cents. Children under ten, 15 cents.

SOMERVILLE ART GALLERY,
NO. 845 BROADWAY.
MR. GEORGE H. HALL'S PICTURES, FIGURE, FRUIT AND FLOWER SUBJECTS. FREE EXHIBITION. Open during the day until March 12.

ON EXHIBITION EVERY DAY AND EVENING, the celebrated picture, by FREDERIC E. CHURCH, called the "TWILIGHT IN THE TROPICS," and over 200 oil and water color paintings by the best European artists, at the old Dusseldorf Gallery, No. 548 Broadway. Admission free. And will be sold at auction on the EVENINGS of THURSDAY and FRIDAY, March 8 and 9.

LECTURES.

A COURSE OF SIX LECTURES
Will be delivered in the
REFORMED DUTCH CHURCH,
21st-st., between 5th and 6th avs., (Rev. Dr. A. R. THOMPSON, Pastor,) on the following evenings, commencing at 8 o'clock:
March 8.—Rev. E. H. CHAPIN, D. D. Subject—THE AGE OF IRON.
March 14.—Dr. J. G. HOLLAND, (Timothy Titcomb.) Subject—JONATHAN AT SCHOOL.
March 21.—GEORGE WM. CURTIS, Esq. Subject—THE GOOD FIGHT.
March 28.—P. T. BARNUM, Esq. Subject—SUCCESS IN LIFE.
April 4.—Right Rev. Bishop CLARK. Subject—THE LIVING MACHINE.
April 11.—Rev. A. A. WILLETS, D. D. Subject—THE MODEL WIFE.
TICKETS FOR THE COURSE, $2, for sale at Randolph's, No. 770 Broadway; Chas. Scribner & Co's, No. 124 Grand-st., and at the Church on the evenings of the lectures. Single lecture tickets 50 cents each, for sale at the door.

TIMOTHY TITCOMB.
Dr. J. G. HOLLAND, the well-known lecturer and author of "Bitter-Sweet," "Letters to the People," "Gold Foil," &c., &c., will deliver his new popular lecture, "BROTHER JONATHAN AT SCHOOL," under the auspices of the New-York Eastman Business Association, at Cooper Institute, on THURSDAY EVENING, March 8, 1866.
Tickets 50 cents. For sale at Fowler & Wells, No. 389 Broadway; Horace Waters, No. 481 Broadway; Jas. Miller, No. 522 Broadway, and at the door.

PROF. BLOT'S LECTURES ON COOKERY,
MONDAYS and THURSDAYS, at 1 o'clock P. M., in Room No. 24, COOPER INSTITUTE.

INSTRUCTION.

FRENCH SPOKEN AFTER A FEW MONTHS STUDY.
A. A. FAVARGER is organizing a class to follow a strictly practical plan, according to a new system which will enable the members to speak French with uncommon facility, and to pronounce it most accurately. This is the only sure mode of attaining a power to speak idiomatically and to pronounce perfectly. In fact, in this way, every one can acquire a proportionate power of speech in French, as in his mother tongue, and possess after a few months a facility which is seldom reached by adults even when they sojourn several years in France. Advanced scholars who wish to attain perfection and fluency, as well as beginners, can call at the New-York University from 2½ to 3½ o'clock. An explanation of the principles of the system, and mode of procedure, will be given on MONDAY, March 5, at 2½ o'clock, after which the class will meet daily at such an hour as the members shall determine for themselves. Grade of prices: For first quarter of course (20 lessons) $30 each member; for second quarter, $25; for third, $20; for fourth, $18, &c.
REFERENCES:
A. CHITTENDEN, President of the Faculty at the Packer Collegiate Institute, Brooklyn.
THEODORE TILTON, Editor of the *Independent*.
Prof. A. GUYOT, of Princeton, N. J.
GUILLAUME MERLE, Esq., No. 175 Court-st., Brooklyn.
GURDON BUCK, M. D., No. 121 East 10th-st., N. Y.
JOHN MILHAU, Esq., No. 45 Lafayette-place, N. Y.
Hon. WALTER S. GURNEE, 33 West 20th-st., N. Y.
PIERRE HUMBERT, Esq., No. 21 East 16th-st., N.Y.
J. KELLER, Esq., No. 207 State-st., Brooklyn.
Rev. Mr. TH. MONOD, No. 37 rue de la Tour d'Auvergne, Paris.

MR. GEO. C. ANTHON'S
CLASSICAL, FRENCH AND ENGLISH SCHOOL,
with primary department and gymnasium.
No. 212 5th-av., corner of 26th-st.
Open from 9½ A. M. to 2½ o'clock P. M.

THE RUTGERS FEMALE INSTITUTE,
NOS. 487, 489, 491 FIFTH-AVENUE, NEW-YORK.
H. M. PIERCE, President

NEW MUSICAL INSTITUTE,
AT THE
MASONIC BUILDING, 13TH-ST.,
between 3d and 4th avs., New-York.
Signor BORRA, the only representative of the celebrated Cheve's System of Vocal and Theoretical Instruction, has just recovered from a severe sickness. The musical public of this City are respectfully informed that this Institute will reopen on THURSDAY, March 1, and continue every Monday and Thursday of each week. Those wishing a thorough knowledge at the least expense, and in the shortest time, are invited to call and examine his method. Hours for ladies from 2 to 6, and gentlemen from 7 to 9 o'clock P. M.

BALLSTON SPA ACADEMY,
SARATOGA COUNTY, N. Y.
A first-class commercial and classical family boarding school for lads and young gentlemen.
Next term begins Monday, March 4.
Terms $80 per quarter.
Pupils taken into the family of the Principal.
REV. JAMES GILMOUR, A. M.

BOARDING SCHOOL FOR BOYS.
YONKERS MILITARY INSTITUTE,
YONKERS, N. Y.
W. H. ARTHUR & CO., No. 39 Nassau-st., New-York, or BENJAMIN MASON, Yonkers

FOR PRACTICE AND PRIVATE INSTRUCTION
IN BOOK-KEEPING AND BUSINESS AFFAIRS.
Apply to C. C. MARSH, Accountant, author of the popular works on book-keeping. Rooms No. 516 Broadway. Circulars on application.

HUDSON RIVER INSTITUTE.
Superior advantages in English, Classics, Sciences, Commercial, French, German, Piano, Music and Painting. Lewis' gymnastics for ladies, and military drill for gents. Eighteen instructors. Term opens April 16.
Rev. ALONZO FLACK, A. M., Principal,
Claverack, Columbia County, N. Y.

PUPILS FOR COLLEGE.
Wanted, by a graduate of Harvard, Cambridge, one or two pupils for instruction in any of the branches required for admission to a collegiate course; best of references given. Address J. G., Box No. 104 *Times* Office.

IRVING INSTITUTE—TARRYTOWN, N. Y.—A boarding school for boys. The fifty-sixth semi-annual session will commence WEDNESDAY, Nov. 1. For circulars apply to the principal,
D. S. ROWE, A. M.

MOUNT WASHINGTON COLLEGIATE INSTITUTE, No. 126 West 4th-st., corner of Macdougal, on Washington Square, (Classical, Mathematical, Foreign Languages, Commercial and Primary,) GEO. W. CLARKE, A. M., Rector.

MISS STILLMAN'S BOARDING AND DAY school for young ladies and misses, No. 278 ADELPHI-ST., BROOKLYN, will commence its tenth semi-annual session Feb. 5. Number limited.

WHITE PLAINS INSTITUTE—FOR BOYS.
Address Rev. Dr. HARRIS,
White Plains, Westchester Co., N. Y.

MILITARY, CLASSICAL AND COMMERCIAL ACADEMY, Nyack, Rockland County, N. Y. For circulars, address C. RUTHERFORD, A. M.

MILITARY BOARDING-SCHOOL—White Plains, N. Y., 23½ miles from the City.
O. R. WILLIS, A. M., Principal.

TEACHERS.

AS PRIVATE TUTOR.—A GENTLEMAN OF experience will give private tuition in the classics, English and mathematics. Hours after 12 o'clock. Highest references. Address M. A., Box No. 119 *Times* Office.

WANTED—IN A BOYS' BOARDING-SCHOOL near Philadelphia a Christian gentleman—Presbyterian preferred—as teacher in the English branches and penmanship. Address PRINCIPAL, French's Hotel.

A LADY, WELL QUALIFIED, WILL teach English, and the rudiments of French, Latin and music, two and a half hours daily, for $5 per week. Apply at No. 11 3d-av.

WANTED—BY A LADY, A SITUATION TO teach English, French, German, drawing and music. Address M. M. G., Morristown, N. J.

AMUSEMENTS.

NIBLO'S GARDEN.
Lessee and Manager........WM. WHEATLEY
This establishment does not advertise in the New-York Herald.
SECOND WEEK
of the brilliant engagement of
Miss MAGGIE MITCHELL,
whose charming personation of
THE ELFIN FANCHON
is winning HIGHER POPULAR AND ARTISTIC SUCCESSES than have ever before indorsed its fame in New-York.
A TRIUMPH,
unequivocally attested in the nightly repeated evidences of
CROWDED AUDIENCES,
and in
THE ENTHUSIASTIC ACCLAMATION
with which she is
NIGHTLY
RECALLED BEFORE THE CURTAIN
at
THE CLOSE OF EVERY ACT.
THIS AND EVERY EVENING until further notice, will be presented Waldener's beautiful play in five acts, expressly translated for Miss Mitchell from the German, entitled
FANCHON, THE CRICKET.
ACT I.—THE SHADOW.
ACT II.—THE FESTIVAL.
ACT III.—THE REVELATION.
ACT IV.—THE PLEDGE.
ACT V.—REWARDED.
NEW SCENERY AND APPOINTMENTS,
AND A POWERFUL CAST.
Admission, 75 cents; Reserved Seats, $1; Orchestra Chairs, $1 50; Seats in Dress Circle, private boxes, $1 50; Family Circle, (entrance on Crosby-st.) 50 cents.
SEATS SECURED SIX DAYS IN ADVANCE.

WINTER GARDEN.
This establishment does not advertise in the New-York Herald.
THIS EVENING, (Saturday,) March 3,
EDWIN BOOTH
in his great role of
ARMAND JEAN DU PLESSIS,
CARDINAL DUKE DE RICHELIEU,
in Sir Bulwer Lytton's play of
RICHELIEU,
RICHELIEU,
presented with its unequaled splendor of
SCENERY, COSTUMES, &c.
Messrs. Charles Barron, J. H. Taylor, John Donaldson, Kemble, Mason, Andrews, Blan[illegible] Johnson, Mrs. Wilkins, &c., in the cast.
Doors open at 7 o'clock. Commencing at 7¾.
SPECIAL.
Mr. Stuart has pleasure in announcing, in reply to many communications received, that to meet the wishes of the public
MR. EDWIN BOOTH
will give a
GRAND HAMLET MATINEE
on
WEDNESDAY, MARCH 7,
on which occasion he will appear in his grand role of
HAMLET.
HAMLET.
Seats secured six days in advance.

OLYMPIC THEATRE.
Sole Lessee and Manageress........Mrs. JOHN WOOD
Stage Manager........J. H. SELWYN
This establishment does not advertise in the New-York Herald.
COMPLETE SUCCESS
of the new Fairy Burlesque Extravaganza entitled
CINDERELLA,
E LA COMARE;
OR, THE LOVER, THE LACKEY AND LITTLE GLASS SLIPPER,
which will be repeated
EVERY EVENING TILL FURTHER NOTICE.
Mrs. JOHN WOOD,
appearing as
CINDERELLA, THE BARON'S YOUNGEST DAUGHTER,
with
Mr. GEORGE FAWCETT ROWE,
from the principal London and Australian theatres,
(HIS FIRST APPEARANCE IN NEW-YORK,) AS
CLORINDA, THE BARON'S ELDEST DAUGHTER.
The burlesque produced with
NEW SCENERY, BY HAYES,
NEW MUSIC, BY THOS. BAKER,
COSTUMES, APPOINTMENTS AND MECHANICAL EFFECTS.
Previous to the burlesque, the petite comedy, in two acts, entitled
USED UP.
Sir Charles Coldstream........Mr. George Fawcett Rowe
Doors open at 7¼ o'clock; curtain rises at 7¾.
Seats secured three days in advance.

FOX'S OLD BOWERY THEATRE.
Lessee, Director and Manager........G. L. FOX
This establishment does not advertise in the New-York Herald.
SECOND WEEK.
TREMENDOUS SUCCESS.
G. L. FOX'S
NEW COMIC PANTOMIME,
JACK AND GILL
WENT UP THE HILL,
Which will be played
EVERY NIGHT.
SATURDAY AFTERNOON, commencing at 2½.
Mr. G. L. FOX........as........CLOWN
Mr. C. K. FOX........as........PANTALOON
Columbine, Mlle. Martinetti; Harlequin, Master Timothy; The Sun Spirit, C. Foster; The Ice King, T. Ashbury.
This magnificent Pantomime for the year 1866
SURPASSES ALL FORMER EFFORTS.
THE TABLEAUX BEING BRILLIANT,
AND THE LAST SCENE
A PERFECT SHOWER OF GOLD.

THE FIRST GREAT EXHIBITION OF PICTURES,
DRAWINGS, BRONZES, TERRA COTTA, &c., &c.,
the contributions of artists members of the
FRENCH ETCHING CLUB,
Will be open on MONDAY next,
from 9 A. M. till 10 P. M.,
AT THE FINE ARTS GALLERY,
No. 625 Broadway, New-York.
Admission 25 cents, Fridays excepted, which will be $1.

BRYANT'S—MECHANICS' HALL,
No. 472 Broadway, above Grand-st.
SOIRE D'ETHIOPE
Interspersed with jokes and comicalities by the comedians, Dave Reed, Nelse Seymour, and Dan Bryant,
Vulcan at the Forge, Polly Ann, the Dead Ducks,
CHALLENGE DANCE, McGOFFIN'S SHIN DIG.
Dan Bryant's Stump Speech,
LITTLE MAC as Jocko, THE MONKEY.
Rollin Howard in his great character of Norma.
Billy Paterson, U. S. MAIL.
Parquette, 50 cents; Family Circle 30 cents. Commence at 7½.

NEW-YORK CIRCUS—HIPPOTHEATRON BUILDING,
14th-st., opposite the Academy of Music.
L. B. LENT........MANAGER
This establishment does not advertise in the New-York Herald.
NIGHTLY AT 8 O'CLOCK.
WEDNESDAY and SATURDAY MATINEES AT 2½.
ROBINSON
WILL, UPON A BARE-BACK HORSE,
give his wonderful feats of
EQUITATION AND EQUILIBRIUM.
SPRITE OF THE SILVER SHOWER,
WITH THE ARRAY OF LOVELY CHILDREN.
LEVI J. NORTH,
Mme. LOUISE TOURNAIRE,
WM. CONRAD, N. AUSTIN, JOE PENTLAND,
ALL THE MEMBERS OF THE TROUPE,
THE HORSES, PONIES AND THE MULES,
AT EACH ENTERTAINMENT,
WHETHER AT NIGHT OR MATINEE,
AT THIS FAVORITE FAMILY RESORT.

WOOD'S THEATRE.—ADMISSION 50 CENTS.
Broadway, opposite St. Nicholas Hotel.
THIS EVENING and WEDNESDAY MATINEE.
The great American artiste,
MISS LUCILLE WESTERN,
supported by Mr. BARTON HILL, and a full company in
ATONEMENT,
OR THE
CHILD STEALER,
now enjoying a triumphant success.
SEATS SHOULD BE SECURED IN ADVANCE.
Box office open from 8 to 6 o'clock.

MUSICAL.

CHICKERING & SONS,
ESTABLISHED 1823.
MANUFACTURERS OF GRAND, SQUARE AND UPRIGHT PIANO-FORTES, No. 652 BROADWAY.—The superiority of these instruments has of late been amply demonstrated by the voluntary testimony of the foremost artists of the day, who claim for them excellencies of tone and workmanship hitherto unobtained by any other makers.
Mr. GOTTSCHALK'S constant use of the NEW SCALE CHICKERING GRAND PIANO-FORTES has severely tested their musical qualities, and resulted in establishing the justice of the very flattering estimation in which they are held.
Messrs. CHICKERING & SONS are sole agents for the celebrated Alexandre Organs for the United States.

THE WEBER PIANO-FORTE
is called the best instrument made by all the leading musicians of this city and elsewhere. It is pronounced by the National Piano-forte Association, after's trial in their rooms with the first manufacturers of this country, eminently the *best piano in America*, and used by the Conservatory of Music and other high music schools, altogether because of their immense power, equality, sweetness and brilliancy of tone, elastic touch and great durability. Warerooms No. 429 Broome-st., near Broadway.

THE MASON & HAMLIN CABINET ORGANS.—FIFTY-TWO GOLD or SILVER MEDALS or OTHER HIGHEST PREMIUMS have been awarded M. & H. within a few years, and SEVENTEEN within the last four weeks, for THE BEST INSTRUMENTS OF THIS GENERAL CLASS.
Printed testimony is presented in their circulars from more than two hundred and fifty of the most eminent organists and musicians in the country that THE MASON & HAMLIN CABINET ORGANS ARE UNEQUALED. Prices, $110 to $600. Warerooms No. 596 Broadway, New-York.

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Our company being composed entirely of superior workmen, we are enabled to produce a more perfect Piano-forte than any other house.
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A. H. GALE & CO., PIANO-FORTES.
Manufactory and Warerooms,
[illegible]

LOCAL INTELLIGENCE.

THE NEW COURT-HOUSE.

The Charges of Corruption Against the Court-House Committee—The Proceedings Yesterday—Witnesses to be Summoned.

The Special Committee of the Board of Supervisors appointed to inquire into the charges of corruption brought by Mr. Ely against the Committee of the New County Court-house, met in session last evening at 5 o'clock, Mr. Fox in the Chair.

A letter had been received from Mr. Joseph F. Daly, attorney of the Citizens' Association, offering his services, as the representative of that body, to the Committee in aid of the investigation. The Chairman, addressing Mr. Daly, who was present, said that the Committee had concluded not to take advantage of the services tendered in the note from the Citizens' Association through Mr. Daly.

Mr. Daly explained the motive which suggested the writing of the letter, but the Committee still refused the offer of assistance.

Mr. Fox then stated that the Committee were now ready to hear the charges of Mr. Ely, whom he saw present. Mr. Ely, in reply, said that he came there subpœnaed as a witness, and that he was prepared to answer the interrogatories of the Committee, and give them every assistance he could in this investigation. He said:

I would state I appear for these reasons: that I proposed in the Board of Supervisors to have an investigation of certain alleged improprieties in connection with the erection of the Court-house, and asked for a committee of which I should be a member in order to carry on the investigation. In the formation of the committee I was excluded. A committee was appointed at that time to investigate the charges, and I suppose in carrying out their functions I have been brought here. Permit me to say I am here ready to do anything I can to promote the object of the investigation.

Chairman—The reason Supervisor Ely was notified to appear here was because he made the charge himself. The Clerk will read the charge.

[Charge read.]

Mr. Ely—That is the charge, according to my recollection, and I have been invited here by the Committee. I do not, of course, appear as prosecuting attorney; still I think everything that is alleged in the paper presented can be substantiated in a very few minutes by inquiries of any member of the Committee. I see one here present (Mr. Stewart.)

Chairman—The Committee have come to this conclusion—that you making this charge ought to state the facts to substantiate it, and have determined to put all the witnesses on oath, so that the public may understand who is right and who wrong. The reputations of several gentlemen are at stake here, and we want to prove whether they are rignt or wrong. For that reason the Committee are determined not to take any hearsay evidence, and if you can substantiate your charges, the Committee will hear you.

Mr. Ely—In relation to the questions I desire to put to Supervisor Stewart I will waive the necessity of putting him under oath.

Chairman—To reduce this matter to a system, we must treat all alike. Do you desire to give testimony here to substantiate the charges you made?

Mr. Ely—I propose to substantiate it by asking questions. I recognize the authority of the Committee to bring me here as a witness; I am here in that capacity; I have already made charges in the Board of Supervisors; a Committee have been appointed to investigate them; they have invited me here; I am ready to assume the obligation of an oath and be examined as a witness; I am ready either to testify myself, or to put questions in regard to the matter, whichever the Chairman determines I shall do.

Chairman—Does the gentleman desire to be put on oath?

Mr. Ely did not express any desire to be put on oath, but placed himself in the hands of the Committee.

He was then sworn by the clerk of the Committee, but on the suggestion of a member the oath was again administered, this time by the Chairman, causing a smile among the outsiders, who doubtless were ignorant of the gravity of the reasons for the double oath.

Mr. Ely was then examined at considerable length by the Chairman and Mr. Blunt, as to the facts coming within his own knowledge likely to make good the charges contained in his (Mr. Ely's) letter, before published. Mr. Ely, on his oath, was unable to swear directly to any particular act of fraud, but stated that he believed that if the matter were properly investigated, the charges stated in his letter would be made good. He confessed that he had been on Committees of the Board of Supervisors when the plans of the New County Court-house were approved of, and frequently since on Committees when the affairs of the same were under investigation.

In reply to a number of questions, put by Mr. Blunt, it was evident that Mr. Ely was not thoroughly posted on the proceedings of the several Committees, for it would seem that he came there prepared to put questions rather than be questioned. Up to this stage of the examination the business of the Committee seemed to be to place the onus of substantiation of the charges upon Mr. Ely, and not to use him in aid of the investigation, to which duty they had been appointed, and refusing his suggestion that a member of the Committee present should be examined. After a number of appeals to the recollection of Mr. Ely, in themselves irrelevant and suggestive of irrelevant replies, he was at length asked, if not being able to show that extravagant prices had been paid for material, if he knew of any persons who could show this, or who could aid the Committee in their investigation. Mr. Ely then referred to certain letters addressed to Mayor Gunther in 1862, by prominent iron men, showing that exorbitant prices had been paid for iron. Mr. Fox said that they could not entertain the charges then made, the committee having been frequently changed since remote date. Mr. Ely in reply to Mr. Blunt, said that he had heard that the building was a good job, as good work as could be done, and he believed it. He also knew that material of every kind had advanced in price since the beginning of the work. He knew that the plan of the building was approved by all the Judges and by all the members of the Board of Supervisors, and he also knew that important alterations had been made in the original plans, lengthening the beams, raising the building higher than originally proposed, &c., &c., and he also remembered that Mr. Blunt objected to the size of the building and opposed the plan on the ground that it was too expensive a structure. He knew that when Mr. Little said that the building could be raised for $800,000 that that estimate was based on a low valuation of material which had since enhanced in value—labor also.

The investigation so far seemed to be one which sought to show that everything was in the most satisfactory state imaginable, and that the expenditure of $2,225,000 for *part* of the work, was easily arrived at by assuming the amount of the original estimate to be a correct one, and everybody connected with the job since then, to be the innocent victims, with their fellow-citizens, of the increase in the rate of wages and the prices of bricks and mortar.

Not being able to swear that he of his own knowledge knew of corrupt action of the Committee whose conduct is under investigation, Mr. Ely was requested to name any persons who he believed could, under oath, assist the Committee to clear this matter up. He then named Messrs. F. H. Grove, Fowler, Kirkland & Co., and the agent of the Architectural Iron Works as some of the gentlemen who had written relative to the prices of iron, and Messrs. Larned, Beels & Co., marble men. Mr. Fox asked Mr. Ely if he proposed that these gentlemen be summoned, Mr. Ely in reply saying that he thought it to be the duty of the Committee, not his, to make the examination; that he was summoned as a witness, and that he might repeat that he was at the service of the Committee in that capacity. He had been excluded from the Committee of investigation.

Mr. Ely made a further proposition that the brick work of the building should be measured by a competent builder—he would not say Mr. Blunt—who should pronounce whether or not the number of bricks alleged to have been used were used or not. He believed they had not been.

It being then understood that the gentlemen before named, iron and marble men, should be subpœnaed to attend as witnesses, the Committee adjourned till Tuesday next at 5 P. M.

Reorganization of the Police Board—Commissioner Bergen made Treasurer.

Capt. Benjamin F. Manierre took his place in the Board of Metropolitan Police Commissioners on Thursday, and the Board was reorganized by the appointment of Commissioner Bergen to the Treasurership. Commissioner Acton retains the Presidency. These two officers were members of the Commission at the time when Gov. Seymour sought to restore the Police to Fernando Wood & Co. The Governor took his seat on the 1st of January, 1863, and on that very day he preferred charges against the Police Board and summoned them to appear at Albany three days thereafter for trial, their crime being the aid which they had afforded the General Government in its conflict with the rebellion. The Commissioners did not heed the Governor's summons, but stood on their legal rights, and the quarrel slumbered until April, 1864, when the Governor and Legislature entered into mutual negotiations, and at length effected a compromise under which Ex-Senator William McMurray, a Democrat, was elected Commissioner, and the Board thereby politically tied. Mr. Manierre's youth was spent in Hough's well-known banking and exchange office, under Mr. Barnum's old Museum, and he succeeded Mr. Hough in the business. As a leading member of the Young Men's Christian Association, he became a compromise candidate for the State Senatorship, which was sought by Ex-Mayor Opdyke, and, having been elected, he served one term, and was subsequently made Provost Marshal of the Sixth District. He is well known as an active Republican of the Radical wing.

Cadetship in the West Point Military Academy.

Hon. John W. Chanler, Member of Congress from the Seventh District, recently addressed a letter to a committee selected by himself from the Board of Education, requesting said committee to recommend the selection of a cadet to the Military Academy at West Point, of whom he has the appointment, from the pupils of the public schools of Mr. Chanler's district, comprising the Eleventh and Seventeenth Wards. The examination of candidates competing for the apointment was made by Mr. Randall, City Superintendent, on Wednesday afternoon; and the Committee recommended the appointment of Master Anthony Doherty, a pupil in Grammar School No. 15, in the Eleventh Ward, of which Mr. Nath. P. Beers is Principal. Master Doherty sustained a good examination, and will no doubt reflect much credit upon the public school system of this City, and the honorable gentleman through whose kind offices he has been appointed to said cadetship.

Organization of the Metropolitan Board of Health.

All the members of the Metropolitan Health Commission met at the headquarters of the Metropolitan Police, yesterday afternoon, and organized by the choice of Mr. Jackson S. Schultz as President, and Mr. Benjamin F. Manierre as Secretary.

It was voted that a Bureau of Records and Statistics be established; that the chief officer thereof be styled the Registrar of Records, and that, until further orders, the duties which are imposed in the ten chapters of ordinances under the Health Law be devolved upon this officer. Dr. Elisha Harris, recently of the United States Sanitary Commission, and formerly one of the physicians at Quarantine, was selected to be Registrar of Records.

It was ordered that all permits for burial or disinterment or for the removal of the dead from the City be henceforward granted and signed by the Registrar of Records.

The Registrar of Records, as agent of the Board of Health, was instructed to call upon Mr. F. I. A. Boole, late City Inspector, for the books, records and papers of the City Inspector's Department.

Police Commissioner Bergen and Drs. Parker and Stone were appointed a Committee to report in relation to the salaries of officers of the Board.

By resolution, the Board of Police were requested to ascertain and report to the Board of Health the names and places of business of all undertakers in New-York, and cause application to be made to such undertakers respectively for the surrender of all blanks now in their possession relating to the interment or removal of the dead.

The Board of Police were also requested to execute the orders of the Board of Health in regard to cleanliness, through such officers as may be designated.

The Board appointed Dr. Jones, late Health Officer of Brooklyn, Deputy Registrar of Records, and assigned to him the duties of Registrar for Brooklyn.

It was voted that until otherwise ordered no more than six Inspectors be appointed, and that these, who are to be physicians, be expected to devote their whole time to the duties of their office.

By resolution, the Board of Police were requested to make to the Board of Health weekly reports of the condition of the streets, docks and wharves in New-York and Brooklyn.

Adjourned to Monday afternoon next, at 4 o'clock.

Medical Department of the University—Annual Commencement.

The Commencement of the Medical Department of the University of New-York took place last evening. The large chapel of the University was filled almost to overflowing. The exercises were prefaced by the reading of the first twelve verses of the fifth chapter of Matthew by the venerable Chancellor Ferris, and after music by Dodworth's Band the Chancellor conferred the degree of Doctor of Medicine upon the following named young gentlemen:

Herman R. Ainsworth, NY.
Jas. H. Anderson, N. Y.
Ferdinand Axt, N. Y.
M. J. Baker, N. Y.
Henry Balser, Jr., N. Y.
Robert W. Beers, Ala.
Chas. W. Bernacki, N. Y.
Dominic G. Bodkin, N. Y.
Jessie P. Brown, N. C.
James B. Burnet, N. J.
M. T. Chastain, Mo.
A. T. Clason, N. Y.
Samuel Cole, Ill.
George H. Hosmer, N. Y.
Chas. S. H. Davis, Conn.
Josiah B. Davis, N. C.
John N. DeHart, N. J.
John A. Donavan, Me.
J. G. Durant, N. Y.
J. F. Erlkinker, N. C.
James F. Feely, N. Y.
John L. Feeny, N. Y.
Henry G. Forbes, C. W.
Wm. M. Forbes, C. W.
F. V. B. Gildersleeve, N. Y.
Thos. J. Gillespie, N. B.
James Gratrix, N. Y.
James C. Green, Va.
Jas. W. Grosvenor, Mass.
John C. Hannan, N. Y.
Aaron G. Hanson, N. H.
SkidmoreHendrickson,N.Y.
N. Webster Holcomb, Conn.
Wm. D. Strickland, N. C.
Amos L. Sweet, N. Y.
Lucian M. Sykes, Miss.
Richard L. Sykes, Miss.
Henry P. Terry, N. Y.
A. G. Thomas, Penn.
Dwight Silliman, N. Y.
Joseph W. Howe, N. B.
P. Robertson Inches, N. B.
Edward L. Keyes, N. Y.
Riley C. Knowles, Ga.
C. A. Th. Krog, N. Y.
Z. Edwards Lewis, N. Y.
Edwin N. McAulay, N. C.
Alex. McDonald, N. Y.
L. D. McLean, Conn.
Wm. M. McNeal, Penn.
C. E. Maryatt, R. I.
J. Matteson, R. I.
H. N. Matteson, N. S.
J. C. Moody, R. I.
G. P. Moody, Nova Scotia.
James M. Moore, N. C.
J. de Dias L. Osborn.
Alonzo A. Palmer, Conn.
Wm. Pennington, N. J.
Andrew Purdy, N. Y.
R. D. Rash, Ky.
Paul S. Redfield, R. I.
J. H. Ripley, Conn.
F. S. Romay, Cuba.
Robert K. Ross, N. B.
A. D. Rowe, N. J.
Charles Salmon, W. I.
J. L. H. Sessums, Tenn.
A. C. Severin, N. Y.
Fred. P. Sheppard, N. Y.
Thomas C. Smith, N. C.
Alex. Steel, N. Y.
Wm. B. Van Duyn, N. J.
Ludwig G. Voight, Ill.
J. D. Wade, N. Y.
Jno. W. Wales, N. Y.
Wm. J. Welch, N. Y.
Emil A. Wettengel, N. Y.
Benito G. Y. Santos, W. I.
Total, 78.

Certificates of Honor were conferred on the following named gentlemen for having attended a fuller course than that usually followed by students:

Balser, Henry J., N. Y.
Burnet, James B., N. J.
Clason, A. T., N. Y.
Davis, C. S. H., Ct.
De Hart, John N., N. J.
Durant, J. Ghislani, N. Y.
Forbes, Wm. M., C. W.
Hannon, John C., N. Y.
Terry, Henry P., N. Y.
Keyes, Edward L., N. Y.
O'Hanlon, Charles, N. Y.
Hendrickson, S., N. Y.
Forbes, Henry G., C. W.

The following prizes were awarded: The Mott bronze medal to Mr. Frank L. Satterlee, of New-York, for the best book of recorded cases in Prof. Post's clinics; the Van Buren prize to Mr. Juan Flores, of Costa Rica, for the best series of anatomical preparations; the Metcalfe prizes for best records of clinics—first to Dr. Henry B. Forbes, of Canada West; second to Dr. James G. Burnet, of New-Jersey; honorary degree of M. D. conferred on Shibly Abela, of Illyria, and Samuel B. Crawford, of Pennsylvania. The valedictory address, in verse, was delivered by Dr. Alfred C. Post, and after a benediction by Chancellor Ferris, the assembly dispersed.

The Constitutional Union—Report of the Committee—Speech by Washington Hunt.

The regular meeting of the Constitutional Union Committee was held at Masonic Hall, in Thirteenth-street, last evening, Mr. Northrup in the chair.

Mr. Henry R. David, Chairman of the Committee who visited President Johnson on the 23d of February, reported that the Committee had visited the President, having been introduced by Hon. James Brooks. Mr. David said he had been chosen as the spokesman, and he had endeavored to represent the party with the dignity due to it. The President said he needed the support of loyal and patriotic men. Mr. David made some allusions to the blackness which characterized everything he saw in Washington, contrasting it with the good old times, thirty years ago, when the beauty and the wealth of the South were the ornaments of that city. In order to avoid having to place his "mug near the mugs that filled the gallery in Congress, he had to get a seat in the ladies' gallery." He went into the Smithsonian Institute, where he saw an object, and a gentleman from Ireland and his wife were looking at the object also. The Irish gentleman told his wife that was what the nigger sprung from, and he (Mr. David) looked closer then, and observed that the object was labeled "orang-outang."

Mr. Decker said his blood boiled within his veins as he sat listening to the report that American citizens of intelligence were compelled to associate with Sumner and Stevens, and the rest of them in Washington.

Ex-Gov. Washington Hunt was introduced and made a long speech, in the course of which he charged the cause of the war upon the Republican Party. Ten years ago they saw the new parties springing up which they knew would bring about evil and discord on that question which most interested the South. If their advice had been taken the bloody war would have been averted, the Union undisturbed, and the good old Constitution would still have protected them from harm; but the fury of the factions was more powerful than their calm counsel. When, however, war did break out, they had stood by the Government, and even when the Government went beyond the scope of the Constitution, they still stood by it rather than that the Union should be entirely lost. He said the present party in power said there was not peace, and that there should not be peace. He said that the South being vanquished, what more could we want. From long association with President Johnson, he could tell them that when he set his foot down he had never been known to flinch; and he intended to restore the genuine Union. When either the Republican or Democratic Party would come out and stand by the Union on constitutional principles, he would gladly coöperate with them in the great and grand duty of saving the Union and preserving it as an inheritance to the coming generations.

A vote of thanks to Mr. Hunt was unanimous.

A vote of thanks was also given to Hon. James Brooks for attending to the Committee in Washington.

The meeting, after some routine business, adjourned.

Department of the Bishop of Honolulu—Exercises at Trinity Church.

On Thursday morning divine service was performed at Trinity Church, the occasion being the departure of Lord Bishop Staley, of Honolulu, for San Francisco. The ante-communion service was commenced by Bishop Cox, of Northwestern New-York. and Bishop Potter, of this diocese, pronounced the address to the Bishop of Honolulu, and bade him God-speed on his journey. Bishop Staley read from St. Paul's First Epistle to the Thessalonians, iv. 1: "Furthermore, then, we beseech you, brethren, and exhort you by the Lord Jesus, that as ye have received of us how ye ought to walk and to please God, so ye would abound more and more." Bishop Otey, of Tennessee, read the prayer for Christ's Church militant, and the audience joined the full choir in the hymn:

> "Jesus shall reign where'er the sun
> Doth his successive journeys run;
> His kingdom spread from shore to shore,
> 'Till moons shall wax and wane no more."

The four Bishops then administered the holy communion to the clergy, and Bishop Staley took his departure. He sailed at noon, on board the Pacific mail steamship *Arizona*, for Aspinwall. The Bishop is an Englishman by birth, but is a naturalized subject of King Kamehaha. His project for sending out missionaries to his important diocese has met with much encouragement, Secretary Seward himself favoring his project. The good wishes of the clergy and laity follow him to the far-off field of labor.

Immigration.

A statement showing the number of emigrant passengers that have arrived at Castle Garden during the month of February, 1866, and their destinations:

Arkansas, 1; Alabama, 1; British Columbia, 2; Canada, 37; Connecticut, 130; California, 35; Delaware, 2; District of Columbia, 14; Georgia, 5; Illinois, 365; Iowa, 55; Indiana, 96; Kentucky, 49; Kansas, 10; Louisiana, 4; Massachusetts, 181; Maryland, 60; Maine, 8; Michigan, 64; Minnesota, 64; Missouri, 127; Mexico, 1; New-York, 3,636; New-Jersey, 252; Nova Scotia, 1; Nebraska, 2; North Carolina, 1; Rhode Island, 57; Ohio, 375; Pennsylvania, 773; South Carolina, 1; Tennessee, 17; Vermont, 10; Virginia, 18; West Indies, 2; Wisconsin, 152. Total, 6,608.

Permits for Street Stands, &c.

The Bureau for the issue of permits for street stands, exhibition of show-cases, delivery of goods, &c., is now in working order, and is located in the basement of the City Hall. It is under the charge of Mr. George W. Morton, late City Marshal.

The following is the form of application for permits:

To Hon. John T. Hoffman, Mayor of the City of New-York:

The undersigned would request that permission may be granted to ——— ———,* at No. ——— ———; subject to such restrictions as may be deemed necessary to protect the public interests.

Date. Name and residence of applicant.

The undersigned, occupying the premises above described, do hereby consent to the grant of privilege solicited in the foregoing application. ——— ———.

The grant of privilege requested by ——— ——— in the foregoing application, to which consent is given by the occupants of the premises, No. ——— ———, is hereby approved.

——— ——— Alderman, ——— District.
——— ——— Councilman.

* Here state in full the privilege desired, specifying the size of any sign, stand, &c., and where the same is to be placed, whether inside of area, on stoop, or along the curbstone, &c.

For the present only temporary permits will be granted. If it is found that the privilege required will not interfere with the public convenience, then a permit for one year will be issued. A large number of applications have already been received. Complaints against parties obstructing the streets should be addressed to the Mayor or Mr. Morton. If the parties complained of have no permit, the case will be handed over to the Corporation Attorney; if they have a permit, it will be revoked.

The police are now engaged in notifying all parties using the sidewalks for the exhibition of showcases, delivery of goods, &c., that they must obtain permits at once.

The following is the form of temporary permit:

Mayor's Office, New-York, ———, 186-.

This will certify that ——— has made application for a permit ——— at No. ———.

This will be deemed a sufficient permit, to continue in force for the period of ——— from date hereof, during the pending of said application.

By order of the Mayor. GEO. W. MORTON.

POLICE COURTS.

Jefferson Market—Before Justice Ledwith.

AUDACIOUS ROBBERY.

On Thursday afternoon a boy named George Carson, *alias* Skidd, entered the jewelry-store of Frederick F. Heitz, No. 509 Sixth-avenue, during the temporary absence of the proprietor, and gathered up a gold chain, valued at $30, and two bracelets, valued at $24. As he was about leaving the store Miss Mary Fairmount came out of the back room, and seeing Carson with the jewelry, caught him, and was about to take the property from his hand when two other young men came in, named Joseph Gleason, *alias* Charley Gallagher, and Charles Smith, and saying that they would take the boy to the Station-house, ran off, carrying with them the chain, but dropping the bracelets during the confusion. A hue and cry being set up, Officer McEnroe, of the Twenty-eighth Precinct, joined in the pursuit, and succeeded in arresting the three thieves in Thirty-seventh-street, after a long chase through yards, alleys, and over fences and sheds. On searching the prisoners at the Station-house, the officer found on the person of Carson a number of skeleton keys, a lump of alum, a box of matches, and an address of a convict in Sing Sing Prison, besides four pawn tickets for some coats and a vest. The missing chain was, however, not recovered. The prisoners were recognized by the police as noted thieves, and one of them was said to have been released but a short time since from the State Prison. The accused were remanded for trial without bail.

A QUEER CASE.

On the 17th of February Mr. H. C. Kingsland, Jr., had his overcoat, valued at $20, stolen from the rack in the hallway of Gen. Aspinwall's residence in Tenth-street, while paying an evening visit. The host saw a former waiter of his, named E. B. Madden, take a coat from the rack, and gave information of the fact to the Police. Sergt. Garland, of the Court Squad, yesterday succeeded in arresting Madden, and he was committed for trial. In his possession were found a book of references, a French passport, and several letters, written by himself in the French language. The first was addressed to "Sir Frederick Bruce, British Minister, Washington, D. C.," and read as follows:

Monsieur the Minister: I am a subject of Her Britannic Majesty, but brought up in France. Inclosed are my papers, references and passports. Since I came here I have been constantly persecuted by the members of the Government of Mr. Andrew Johnson. Being sick and in Bellevue Hospital since January last, an employe from Washington came here, by order of the Minister of Finance, to question and to torture me.

Will you, Monsieur the Minister, interest yourself in my misfortunes and my sad position, as I desire to return to Europe? You have also, Monsieur the Minister, been traduced by this American orator during the past three weeks.

God save the Queen and the British people.

I am, Monsieur the Minister, with the most profound respect, your devoted and obedient servant,

E. B. MADDEN,
No. 135 East Thirty-eighth-street, New-York City.
March 1, 1866.

The second was addressed to "R. M. Blatchford, Esq. No. 6 West or East Fourteenth-street."

Monsieur: I had the honor, during the commencement of January, to address letters to the following personages: His Excellency the President of the United States; Hon. Mr. Seward, Secretary of State; Hon. Mr. Foster, President of the Senate; Hon. Mr. Sumner, United States Senator; Hon. Mr. Fenton, Governor of the State of New-York; Hon. Mr. Hoffman, Mayor of the City of NewYork, and Mr. Acton, President of the Board of Police Commissioners, informing them that I am invested with a celestial mission to assassinate President Andrew Johnson. His late Message was displeasing to George Washington and Abraham Lincoln.

Have the goodness, Sir, to inform the President of this fact, that he may prepare for death. Andrew Johnson may act the Cæsar, but I will enact the Brutus. *Vox populi vox Dei.* Centuries after centuries have passed away. As the evening of one of those long days which are God's days was closing in, as my soul was wrapped in deepest meditations, a voice from Heaven said to me, "Son of Liberty, what seest thou?" And as I answered not, the voice continued: "Thou seest in Washington a traitor and a usurper; take up thy weapons and let him die for the good of mankind, for union and liberty. Amen."

Meantime, Sir, awaiting your reply, I remain, with the deepest respect, your devoted and unfortunate servant,

E. B. MADDEN.
No. 135 East Thirty-eighth-street, New-York City,
March 1, 1866.

Madden is understood to be a native of Ireland, but educated and reared in France. He has been in the employ of several of our leading citizens as major-domo and waiter. He is about 37 years of age, and a man of superior education.

The Tombs—Before Justice Dowling.

A BOLD ROBBERY.

Yesterday a complaint was made against Moses Tinker by Harris Goldberg, residing at No. 75 Bayard-street, for robbery. The accused was arrested by Officer Gunson, of the Fifth Precinct. The complainant stated that he was induced to enter the premises No. 9 Worth-street, and soon after was assaulted and knocked down by several men. While lying on the floor his assailants robbed him of a $10 bill. Goldberg called for help and succeeded in securing the arrest of Tinker, who was committed for trial in default of bail.

Essex Market—Before Justice Mansfield.

A MAN SHOT IN A PORTER-HOUSE.

At an early hour yesterday morning Thomas Ahearn, Michael Wogan, Charles O'Neil and Herman Galdz entered the porter-house No. 98 Canal-street, and drank freely. While doing so, Wogan and Ahearn became involved in a quarrel, which led to blows. During the desperate struggle which ensued, Galdz attempted to separate the combatants, and was about succeeding, when it is alleged that O'Neil fired a pistol, the bullet taking effect in the abdomen of Galdz, inflicting a dangerous, and, it is feared, fatal wound. Officer Herring, of the Tenth Precinct, hearing an alarm, ran up and arrested O'Neil, and conveyed him to the Station-house. Mr. Galdz was conveyed to his residence, No. 11 Cherry-street, where he lies in a critical condition. O'Neil was committed to await the result of Galdz's injuries. O'Neil is supposed to have fired the pistol at Wogan.

Yorkville Court—Before Justice Kelly.

PICKPOCKET ON A THIRD-AVENUE CAR.

During Thursday night, Dr. Frederick Hutchinson, a resident of Utica, rode up town in a Third-avenue car, and on leaving the car at Thirtieth-street, discovered that his gold watch, valued at $150, had been abstracted from his vest pocket. Consulting with his friends, they determined to reënter the car and institute a search. Suspicion fell upon a young man named Daniel O'Brien, who said, "if you think I have got your watch you had better search me." There being no officer near, the party adjourned to the Twenty-first Precinct Station-house, but on their way there, O'Brien turned suddenly and ran off, being pursued several blocks by the Doctor and his companions, until he was at length intercepted and arrested by Officer Deitrich, of the Twenty-first Precinct. When searched the watch could not be found, and it is supposed the accused threw it away in his flight. O'Brien was committed for examination.

GENERAL CITY NEWS.

An Alleged Fugitive Murderer Arrested.—On Thursday morning Detectives Farley and Eustace, of this City, assisted by Detective Webb, of Philadelphia, arrested Francis Caraher, *alias* "Reddy," a youngster of about 18 years of age, on a charge of having killed Michael Allen by shooting him with a pistol on the 14th of November, 1864. It appears that on the night in question Caraher and Allen quarreled in a saloon at No. 127 South Third-street, Philadelphia, and the difficulty resulted in the prisoner drawing a pistol and shooting his opponent, the wound resulting in death. Caraher made his escape, and afterward enlisted in one of the New-England States regiments, and served in the Army of the Potomac. A reward was offered for his apprehension by Mayor Henry, of Philadelphia, but no trace of the fugitive could be found until recently, when Detective Webb came to this City and obtained the assistance of the Metropolitan Police. They found the accused in Fifteenth-street, near First-avenue. While on the way to the Central Office the prisoner acknowledged having shot the deceased, but claimed to have committed the act in self-defence. After remaining at Police Headquarters a few hours, Caraher was taken to Philadelphia for trial in custody of Detective Webb.

The Prison Association of New-York.—From the monthly report of Mr. Beal, the General Agent of the association, it appears that the average daily number discharged from the various penal institutions, is from fifteen to twenty. Many of these are broken down in health and unable to do any work, and aid has been extended to the most hopeful. One hundred and thirty persons have received pecuniary aid during the month; 15 were aided with clothing; 8 were placed at work in permanent situations; 77 complaints were examined, 22 of which were abandoned on the agent's advice; 27 were discharged from custody on recommendations; and 350, mostly poor and friendless, innocent or first offenders have been visited in prison, and counseled or aided according to the exigencies of the case. The association adopted a resolution to petition the Legislature for authority to appoint a commission, to consist of members of the association, empowered to summon before them, not only the prison officers now in service, but also ex-officers of prisons in this State, and to take their testimony, under oath or affirmation, on all matters pertaining to the condition and management of our prisons.

Washington and Lincoln Memorial Tablet.—The curious memorial tablet to Washington and Lincoln, composed entirely of minute and exquisitely colored shells, the work of Mr. Mott, of Cuba, has been purchased by Mr. Barnum, and is now on exhibition, with the million and one other curiosities, at his Museum.

The National Temperance Alliance organized a new society at the Bank-street Mission Church last evening. The lecturer, Rev. Dr. Smythe, gave a lecture upon the "Christian Aspect of the Temperance Movement." This new organization bids fair to become a very prosperous society.

Masonic Hall and Asylum.—A grand promenade concert, in aid of the Masonic Hall and Asylum Fund, will be given by the Twenty-second Regiment, N. G., under the auspices of Manhattan Lodge No. 62, at the armory in Fourteenth-street, this evening.

The Vacancy in the Board of Supervisors.—Mr. City Inspector Boole, it is said, will be elected to fill the vacancy in the Board of Supervisors, caused by the death of Elijah F. Purdy. Mr. John R. Briggs is understood to be no longer a candidate.

BROOKLYN NEWS.

A New Trial Ordered in the Case of the Murderers of Senor Jose Garcia Otero.—The General Term of the Supreme Court met yesterday in the new Court-house, when a decision was rendered in the case of the two men convicted of the murder of Jose Garcia Otero. Counsel of the prisoners were present. The Judges were closeted for several hours, and came into Court about 2:30 P. M., when the following decisions were rendered: Jose Gonzales y Fernandez, plaintiff in error, *vs.* The People in error—Conviction and judgment reversed, and new trial ordered; the case remitted to the Oyer and Terminer. Opinion by Judge Barnard; dissenting opinion by Judge Gilbert. Francisco Gene Salvador, plaintiff in error against the People, defendants in error—Conviction and judgment reversed and new trial ordered; case remitted to the Oyer and Terminer; opinion by Judge Barnard; Judge Gilbert dissenting. The accused were sentenced to be executed on Friday, the 9th of March inst. The above decision sets aside the sentence, and the prisoners will have another opportunity to prove a different state of facts than what appeared on the former trial.

Seaver's Opera House, (late Odeon.)—This addition to the places of public amusement in Brooklyn is now completed, and will be opened on Monday evening next with a public performance. The interior decorations are of the highest order of art, and the large hall presents an appearance of great beauty. There are cushioned seats for the accommodation of eight hundred persons, but a thousand may be comfortably placed at each performance. Although the Opera House will open with negro minstrelsy, it is the intention of the proprietor, after a while, to bring out the legitimate drama. The following comprise the company: George H. Coes, Stage-manager; Charles Pettingill, Johnny Allen, J. K. Campbell, Frank Pell, G. W. Jackson, Walter Fields, W. P. Spaulding, Geo H. Coes, E. and H. Isaacs, M. Riley, C. White, Chas Curry, M. Warren, J. J. Hilliard, Fred. Bowen and George Belden.

Suicide of a Returned Soldier.—Coroner Lewis, of Queens County, has concluded an inquest in the case of the man who was found hanging to a tree, near St. Ronan's Well, recently. It appeared on the inquest that his name was John Moriarty. In his pocket was found a soldier's discharge paper, made out in the name of Lewis Bay, Company B, Ninety-sixth Regiment New-York Infantry, and a small amount of currency. When the body was first found there was considerable excitement in Flushing, many believing that a foul murder had been committed, but facts elicited at the inquest showed conclusively that the man was temporarily insane, and the jury brought in a verdict of suicide.

Arrest of Sneak Thieves.—Detective Van Wagner arrested on Thursday night three men on suspicion of being thieves. It was subsequently ascertained that houses in Livingston, Boerum and Hoyt streets, had been entered and robbed. One of the accused had an overcoat which had been stolen from No. 44 Willoughby-street, belonging to Mr. Henry Crane. Another had on a ladies' cloak. They gave their names as James Harrison, Peter Foley, and Samuel Tweed. They were committed for a hearing.

Fire at Middle Village, Queens Co.—The glue factory of George W. Baker, at Middle Village, Queens Co., took fire on Thursday afternoon and, with the exception of the engine house, was entirely destroyed. The fire is believed to have resulted from the boiling over of a pot of tar on the roof, which some workmen were engaged in repairing. Mr. Baker's loss will not fall much short of $15,000, on which there is an insurance of $11,000 in New-York.

Serious Accident.—A gentleman named Hasbrouck, residing in East New-York, while attempting to jump from one of the Roosevelt-street ferry-boats, while at her dock foot of South-seventh-street, on Thursday night, fell and sustained internal injuries of a very dangerous nature. He was conveyed to his home in a carriage.

The Riker's Island Murder.—A man named Lawrence Griffin was arrested a few days since on suspicion of being implicated in the murder of Robert Mitchell, the mate of the schooner *John Boynton*, who was shot dead on the deck of the vessel on the night of the 23d of December. The accused was sent to Queens County for trial.

Fire in Kent-avenue.—About 7 o'clock last evening a fire broke out in the vinegar factory of Reno & Kuffman, in Kent-avenue, foot of Rush-street, E. D., involving a loss of about $2,000 on stock, &c. The building was partially saved. The property was fully insured.

School-House Robbery.—School-house No. 15, in Powers-street, near State-street, was visited by a sneak thief yesterday afternoon, who robbed the cloak-room of wearing apparel belonging to the scholars, valued at $15, with which he escaped.

Sneak Thieves.—The house of Mrs. J. E. Bowden, No. 80 Bond-street, was entered by a sneak thief yesterday, and robbed of articles valued at $300. The family was absent at the time.

LAW REPORTS.

Collision in the East River—Care Required of Ferry-boats—Navigating the Middle of the River.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT—EASTERN DISTRICT.

Before Judge Benedict.

The Union Ferry Company vs. The steamship Favorita.—This was a case of collision. The libelants were the owners of the ferry-boat *Manhasset*, which, on the 14th of April, 1865, was run into by the *Favorita*, which was coming up the East River, returning from a trial trip, about 3 or 4 o'clock P. M. The ferry-boat was in her slip on the Brooklyn side, at the foot of Main-street, as the steamer came up the river. She started out from her slip, and when a short distance out discovered the *Favorita* approaching at so short a distance below that her pilot concluded he could not pass ahead of her, whereupon he stopped and reversed his engine, blew two whistles, and was moving back toward the slip when she was struck by the *Favorita* about amidships. It was claimed on behalf of the ferryboat that having blown two whistles, it became the duty of the *Favorita* to have sheered toward the New-York shore, and that she was in fault in not doing so, and in not sooner stopping and backing.

On the part of the *Favorita* it was claimed that the ferryboat was in fault in stopping and backing as she did; whereas, if she had gone on the *Favorita* would have passed under her stern, and that the latter stopped and backed as soon as there was any danger of a collision.

Held by the Court—That the general rule as to steamboats crossing each other's track requires the one which has the other on the starboard hand to get out of the way and the other to keep her course, whereas the libel alleged that the ferry-boat did not keep her course, but stopped and backed.

That under this libel it devolves upon the ferry-boat to justify herself, and to show that the course she thus marked out for the two vessels was the proper one, and necessary to avoid immediate danger.

That the ferry-boat assuming this burden, has undertaken to prove that her course was proper and apparently necessary to avoid the steamship as she approached.

That the statements of witnesses who were on the bow of the *Favorita*, acquainted with the harbor and with the capacities of vessels, in no way responsible for the management of the steamship, and watching the two vessels with care, are entitled to great weight on the determination of such a question.

That on the weight of opinion of witnesses present, the position of the two vessels and the manner of the blow, the Court concludes that if the ferry-boat had kept on her course the steamship would have avoided her, and that she must be held guilty of fault in determining to pass to the left, in stopping and backing when she did.

That the argument in behalf of the ferryboat that she having given two whistles, and the steamship having concurred by giving no dissenting whistle, the latter must be held exclusively responsible for the maneuvre, is answered by the fact, proved by the libelant's witness that the determination of the ferry-boat to go to the left was made and acted upon before she blew her whistle. She gave the steamship no opportunity before she took her course, either to assent or dissent, and her whistles amounted to no more than what had already been seen on the steamship. Dissent by whistles at that time would have availed nothing.

That if the steamship was so near the ferryboat as to require the latter to disregard the general rule, the time for her to depart from it was when the steamship first came in sight. If she was seen when the ferry-boat first came out of the slip, it shows that her pilot did not then deem it necessary to depart from it. If she was not then seen, it shows great carelessness on the part of the ferryboat in not preparing a better lookout.

That the tide being low, and vessels at the lower pier preventing the pilot of the ferry-boat from seeing below the slips, until the boat reached nearly or quite to the end of the pier, great caution was required in passing out. The boat should have been kept well in hand, and a careful watch kept, so that the presence of a vessel in the river below would be seen at the earliest possible moment, and then if proceeding on her course would involve danger, she should have been at once stopped and backed. Instead of pursuing this cautious course, the ferry-boat, as her own witness proves, passed out of the slip at full speed, and was fairly on her course and in the river before the lookout discovered the steamship; and then apparently not noticing that the latter had already taken a sheer to pass under her stern, her pilot without warning by whistles or otherwise, stopped and reversed his engines. The safety of persons who are compelled to cross these ferries requires that such lack of care should be condemned.

That on the evidence the steamship was not in fault for not stopping and backing sooner, inasmuch as she stopped as soon as, if not before the ferry-boat did.

But that on all the evidence the *Favorita* must be held guilty of fault in not complying with the law of the State, which requires steamers navigating the East River to go as near the middle of the river as possible.

That the safety of the navigation in this crowded port requires that the statute be rigidly enforced, and that every vessel which meets with a collision while navigating in violation of it, should be required to show satisfactorily that such violation was not a cause of the accident.

That the respondents have failed to show this, and the steamship must therefore be held in fault.

Both vessels being in fault, the damages must be apportioned.

For libelants, Mr. Silliman; for respondents, Messrs. Benedict, Burr & Benedict.

Counterfeiting.

UNITED STATES CIRCUIT COURT—SOUTHERN DISTRICT.

Before Judge Shipman.

Edward Moran was put on trial charged with having in his possession a quantity of counterfeit money, with intent to pass the same. The offence was clearly proved, and the Jury found him guilty, but recommended him to mercy, probably in consideration of his youth.

Richard Muhlstadt, *alias* John Muller, was then put on trial charged with passing a counterfeit 50-cent stamp. The Jury were unable to agree upon a verdict in his case, and were discharged.

For the United States, Mr. Bell; for the prisoner, Mr. Spencer.

The Morris Fire and Inland Insurance Company—The Receivers' Contest—$1,000 Fine for Contempt of Court.

SUPREME COURT—CHAMBERS—MARCH 2.

Before Justice G. G. Barnard.

In the Matter of the Morris Fire and Inland Insurance Company on the relation and at the suit of Daniel W. Teller.—This case came up yesterday in the Supreme Court Chambers, before Justice G. G. Barnard, on a motion made to attach and punish for contempt of court Mr. E. A. Stansbury. The papers on which this motion was made set forth the appointment of Mr. John K. Hackett as receiver of the goods, chattels and property of the Morris Fire and Inland Insurance Company; that the complaint and affidavits which were presented to a Justice of the Supreme Court on Tuesday last, by Mr. S. H. Hammond, Deputy Attorney-General, for the purpose of obtaining an injunction against the Company, contained the name of E. A. Stansbury as receiver. When the Justice had examined the papers he granted the injunction order, but in doing so struck out Stansbury's name, and inserted in lieu thereof the name of John K. Hackett as receiver. In this condition the order was handed over to Mr. Richard Beamish, the Clerk of the Court—Mr. Hammond, as alleged, acquiescing. According to Mr. Beamish's affidavit, Mr. Hammond, as Deputy Attorney-General, applied to him—the clerk—for the loan of the order for a short time, in order that he might make a copy thereof for service on the proper persons; and that the order was loaned with the understanding that it was to be immediately returned to Beamish, so that it could be properly filed with the County Clerk. The next day Mr. Hackett filed his bonds as receiver in the sum of $50,000, Mr. John E. Devlin and Mr. David R. Martin becoming his sureties. On the morning of the day last named, it seems that Deputy Attorney-General Hammond applied to Mr. Justice Miller, of the Supreme Court in the Albany District, for an order to vacate the order granted in this District appointing Mr. Hackett as receiver. The motion was granted by Justice Miller, and Mr. Stansbury's name was inserted as receiver. Hence it will be seen that for one day at least there were two receivers. Mr. Stansbury, as already reported, was President of the Company, and armed with the order of Justice Miller appointing him receiver, he resisted the demands of Mr. Hackett that he should hand over to the latter the books, records, assets, &c., of the insolvent Company. Mr. Hackett thereupon asked for and obtained an order for an attachment against Stansbury, and in this order was a direction for Mr. Stansbury to show cause why he should not be punished for contempt of Court. It was also asked that a referee be appointed to superintend the transfer of the books, records, assets, &c., from Mr. Stansbury to Mr. Hackett. The order was made returnable yesterday, and the motion came on for argument before Justice G. G. Barnard. Affidavits were read on either side. Mr. Bradley appeared for Mr. Stansbury, and Mr. Smith for Deputy Attorney-General Hammond; Messrs. Hackett and Dudley Field appeared on the other side.

Mr. Bradley, on behalf of Stansbury, contended that no contempt of Court had been intended by his client, and none had been committed; that whatever might ultimately be decided as to the legal effect of the two orders given, one by a Justice in this district, and the other by Justice Miller in Albany, there was at the time the demand was made by Hackett on his client to hand over the assets of the Company, an injunction whereby he was restrained from parting with the property; Stansbury could not be presumed to be privy to any evasion of an order of the Court, or to any contempt thereof.

At the conclusion of Mr. Bradley's remarks, the Court declined to listen to any argument by Mr. Hackett. He said it was very evident from all the facts and circumstances as developed by the papers before him, that there was a deliberate contempt of Court on the part of Mr. Stansbury. Mr. Hammond had evidently taken the injunction order to the office of the President and another officer of the Company, where they held a consultation, and the very course which was pursued had been deliberately determined upon. This being the state of the case, the refusal to deliver the assets, &c., was, on the part of Stansbury, a very gross contempt of Court. He should, therefore, impose a fine of $1,000 on him and direct that until that fine was paid he be imprisoned in the County Jail. Mr. John B. Haskin was appointed by the Court to superintend the transfer of the Company's property.

Wills Admitted.

SURROGATE'S COURT.

Before Surrogate Tucker.

During the past week the Surrogate has admitted to probate the wills of the following named persons: John R. Donnelly, Clorinda Kent, James Boorman, Thomas Murphy, Sarah A. Greer, Auguste Bretoinere, John P. Jersey, Ann Larkin, Daniel Quinn, Jacob Peter, Michael Gilbride, Thomas J. Martin, Agnes Wood, Peter King, Jane Stevenson, Mary Rogers, John M. McKeough, Nancy Dunn, Hermann Gutman.

Decisions.

SUPERIOR COURT—SPECIAL TERM—MARCH 2.

By Justice Monell.

William Butler Duncan, trustee, &c., *vs.* The American Transit Company; motion granted and cause referred to a referee, &c.

By Chief-Justice Robertson.

Clark B. Wheeler *vs.* Elisha Ruckman et al; motion granted on terms.

By Justice McCunn.

Zachary Peck &c., *vs.* The American Transit Company; motion granted. Samuel F. Phelps *vs.* Sylvanus S. Ward et al; motion granted and cause referred, &c. Julius G. Garelly, &c., *vs.* Frederick Baare; motion granted.

SUPREME COURT—CHAMBERS—MARCH 2.

By Justice Ingraham.

Milton Sheldon *vs.* Georgianna Ferris et al.; referee is directed to report the amount due for principal and interest, taking the 1st of October, 1856, as the date of the disappearance of Engle.

Court of Special Sessions.

Before Justices Kelly and Dowling.

PRISONERS FEARFULLY BEATEN BY AN OFFICER.

William Donnelly, David Conway and Alexander Service, seamen, were charged with assaulting Officer Patrick Oates, of the Fourth Precinct. The prisoners presented a shocking spectacle. The man Service had a dozen scalp wounds on his head, the hair was clotted, and his vest, coat and part of his pantaloons presented the appearance of having been washed in blood, but the clothes were now stiff and dry. The wounds were not dressed.

Judge Dowling remarked that the blood appeared to be nearly all drained out of the prisoner's body. The other two were not so badly cut. Donnelly's ear, however, was slit across with a blow from a club; Conway was also cut about the head. The officer stated that he was on special duty on the evening of the 27th ult., in citizen's clothes; he had no uniform on when he arrested the prisoners; the arrest was occasioned by a companion of the prisoner, not arrested, who struck him on the head with a pitcher. Service and Conway, he said, did not strike him, but Donnelly hit him on the jaw.

District-Attorney Bedford—Is that what you gave him? (referring to the wounds.)

Witness—No, some citizens.

Mr. Howe—You say you were on special duty or special orders—from whom?

Witness—Capt. Thorne and the Fire Marshal; this was at half-past one in the morning, at the house of Michael Sullivan, in Cherry-street, and his two daughters.

Mr. Howe—You were there sparking a young lady; is this special duty?

Witness—I had been to the theatre with a young lady; she lived there; there is a bar-room attached to the house; the old man (Mr. Sullivan) was going to close the place, and I told a man that came in he had better go out; I had a shield, and put it on afterward; the man went out and came back with these prisoners; how the prisoners got their cuts I don't know; it was done by citizens outside.

The other inmates of the house gave different versions of the story. Miss Sullivan, the young lady who had been to the theatre with Oats, did not see the prisoner strike him. Charles Wilson, who was in the bar-room, could'nt identify the prisoners. A James Dewey, who viewed the scene at a distance, said he saw a man go to kick in Sullivan's door, and about the middle of the block he met Oats running to the "Atlantic" for a club. Conway and Service were acquitted.

Conway was then sworn. He said: I live at No. 91 Roosevelt-street; a little after one o'clock I went with two men and another into Sullivan's to have a drink; Oats was standing by the bar outside, and he requested a man, who is not here, to leave; he caught him by the collar of the coat, and he did not resist; the inmates went to close the door, and we went and got it opened, and I went on the street and saw four men beating my friend; I had dragged him out, and the officer felled him with a club; I don't know how often; he lay in the gutter; I am positive the officer beat the man, and he beat us, too, when we were in custody in the station-house; he struck me in the station-house going down to the cells; when we went into this house the place was not closed; there were several sitting round the stove.

Alexander Service, sworn—When we went in, Oats put the man, who is not here, out and beat him on the street with a club; he struck me and four others after we were out of the house; I received a dozen blows on the head; from the commencement to the end the dispute lasted but a short time.

Officers Horseman and John Oats, who arrested two of the prisoners, were telegraphed for. John Oats, when he arrived, said he heard an alarm rap, and he arrested Conway, as he was running; he saw nothing of the assault. Officer Horseman arrested Donnelly; three or four men were pursuing him; Oats had a little blood on the side of the face; Service was all covered with blood; he denied that the prisoners were beaten in the Station-house; the doorman of the Station-house also said that they could not have been beaten there; when Service was brought in he asked if he should send for a Surgeon; Capt. Thorne said no: they were only flesh wounds; he washed the head of Service and took him down stairs; every quarter of an hour he went to ask how the man was; he was afraid he might die.

Margaret Sullivan made the following statement, the clearest given by any of the witnesses: I think it was about a quarter to one in the morning; Oates, myself, and sister, mother, father and brother-in-law, were sitting around the stove; the place was open for anybody to come in, but it was after hours; the shutters were up and the door was closed; one man came in first and stood in the middle of the floor some time, and I got behind the bar and asked if he wanted anything; he made some kind of answer; Oates asked if he wanted anything, and I forget the answer he made; the man went out and was gone a few minutes, and we knew they came in for trouble, and Oats put on his shield; four came in, and the tall one said, "I can lick the first man in the house, you can lick the second;" with that my brother-in-law jumped out of bed; the tall one said, "Where is the man who struck you?" he said, "No one;" he said, "O, yes, and I'll have satisfaction before I leave;" Donnelly took the pitcher off the counter and hit Mr. Oats; that was the first blow; I am almost positive, I will swear he is the man who struck Oats; Mr. Oats then ran outside; Mr. Oats was too excited to know who struck him; he had no club; outside, I saw Oats on the ground; the mother of this witness swore it was Conway that struck the officer: the officer said it was an unknown man; Oats said he had to run about a block to get a club, and it was in the street all the clubbing was done; who inflicted the injuries on the prisoners he did not know; he exhibited none himself. The prisoner was acquitted.

A SERIOUS JOKE.

Wm. Fraser, a very respectable looking man, was charged with stealing a muff worth $25, the property of Anna Hoffman. The prisoner acknowledged taking the muff, out of a joke, to get the girl to follow him. She did follow him, but in the company of a policeman. Witness said she attended a dancing school, corner of Avenue A and First-street. She laid her muff on the piano, and the prisoner came up to the room, looked around him, walked up to where the muff was, picked it up, and walked out with it. The teacher was not present at the time. The prisoner was found guilty and remanded.

A COSTLY KNOCK-DOWN.

Emery Smith, a respectable looking young man, who claims to tend a drug-store on Sixth-avenue, pleaded guilty to knocking down Durell Hall. Mr. Hall said he left his hotel between 12 and 1 o'clock in the day time, and was walking leisurely along Broadway. When near Bleecker he received a terrific blow in the face that nearly fractured his jaw, and from the effects of which he has had to live since on soup. Not a word was spoken on either side at the time, and both were strangers to each other. Smith was sent to the Penitentiary for four months.

A YOUNG INEBRIATE.

Thomas Trainor, aged 13, was arrested by Officer Irving, of the Twentieth Precinct, for being drunk on the street. On searching the boy at the Station-house, several pawn tickets were found on him. On ascertaining where the boy lived, it was found that one Dennis Sweeny, living at No. 433 Thirty-sixth-street, who occupied apartments on the same floor with the boy, had been robbed of a large amount of clothing. The tickets represented Mr. Sweeny's goods. The boy had broken into the house, stole the goods, pledged them, and then got drunk. He was sent to the House of Refuge.

[Advertisement.]

UNITED STATES ACCIDENT INSURANCE COMPANY OF SYRACUSE, N. Y.
CASH CAPITAL,
TWO HUNDRED THOUSAND DOLLARS.
INSURES AGAINST ACCIDENTS OF ALL KINDS.
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UNITED STATES ACCIDENT INSURANCE COMPANY, OFFICE NO. 73 BROADWAY.

In the Union Trust Company's office, until the 1st of May next, when they will occupy their office No. 18 Wall-st. Agents wanted.

[Advertisement.]

"Health bills" would not be necessary if all citizens exercised cleanliness and partook of Kent's East India Coffee regularly. For sale by all grocers at 25 cents per pound. Wholesale depot No. 154 Reade-st.

[Advertisement.]

Herring's Patent Champion Fire-proof Safes, and Herring's new Patent Burglar-proof Safes, with Herring & Floyd's Patent Crystalized Iron—the only material which cannot be drilled—at No. 251 Broadway, New-York.

Passengers Arrived.

March 1—*In steamship Edinburgh, from Liverpool*—L. Levy, Mrs. Capt. J. H. Thomas, Miss H. Jones, Miss M. Morrison, Miss L. Smyth, Mr. and Mrs. Sutcliffe, W. E. Hague, John Reade, James Walker, J. H. Felt, J. H. Richards, D. P. and C. Ranball, Rev. C. Gale, W. Riter, T. Trump, A. Rowe, J. Moorhadt, J. Heussner and son, J. Bullock, Jno. Kerr, A. Morrison, L. A. Jackson, Capt. Stead, Capt. O'Grady, C. Freeman, and 441 in steerage.

March 2—*In steamship Louisiana, from Liverpool*—John H. Thomas and lady, L. Allane and lady, E. Blachloch, W. Seale, wife and child.

MINIATURE ALMANAC—THIS DAY.
Sun rises..... 6 32 | Sun sets..... 5 54 | Moon rises... 8 12
HIGH WATER—THIS DAY.
Sandy Hook.. 8 48 | Gov. Island. 9 37 | Hell Gate...10 59

MARINE INTELLIGENCE.

NEW-YORK....FRIDAY, March 2.

Cleared.

Steamship Allemania, (Hamb.,) Trautman, Hamburg, Kunhardt & Co.

Steamers Virginia, Snyder, Philadelphia, Jas. Hand; Millville, Renaur, Philadelphia, Bentley, Smith & Co.

Ships Valley Forge, Emerson, Liverpool, Dearborn Bros.; Annie, Hill, Liverpool, Spofford, Tileston & Co.; Golden State, Delano, Hong Kong, A. A. Low Bro.; Douglass Castle, (Br.,) McRitchie, London, Thos. Dunham; Squando, (Br.,) Jordan, Liverpool, via Savannah, H. J. De Wolf & Co.

Barks Bidwell, (Br.,) Churchill, Queenstown, Boyd & Hincken; Eliza, (Br.,) Sanper, St. John, P. R., J. G. Rahming; Barlow, (Br.,) Palmer, Havre, P. I. Nevius & Son.

Brigs Teresita, (Br.,) Hill, Cienfuegos, Tucker & Lightbourne; Lewis Clark, Bartlett, Boston, R. P. Buck & Co.; Adda, (Venz.,) Lauerston, Puerto Cabello, Boonen & Graves; Florence, (Br.,) Jacobs, Ponce, P. R., Peniston & Co.; Blonde, (Br.,) Burdick, Halifax, J. F. Whitney & Co.; Lije Houghton, Morton, Portland, Miller & Houghton; Mary M. Williams, (Br.,) Kenny, Gibara, E. Sanchos y Dolz.

Schooners S. Strout, Wallace, Santa Martha and Savanilla, J. Henry; Sarah Jane, Rogers, New-Haven, M. Briggs & Co.; Casper Lawson, Snow, New-Haven, S. D. Stannard; Rebecca, Smith, Baltimore, A. Abbott; E. English, Potter, Philadelphia, G. N. Stranahan; Sallie Smith, Chase, Fall River; President, Bacon, Hartford, Rackett, Tooker & Taylor; Annie Carpenter, Norwich, Rackett, Tooker & Taylor; J. Alberto, Hulse, Petersburgh, Van Brunt & Slaght; St. Cecile, (Br.,) Rioux, Barbados, via Newbern, P. D. Collins & Co.; Richard Hill, Hulse, Pensacola and Tampa Bay, I. B. Gager; E. Bachelder, (Br.,) Munroe, St. John, N. B., D. R. De Wolf & Co.; Advance, (Br.,) Dickson, Halifax, D. R. De Wolf & Co.; Race Horse, Bragg, Philadelphia, B. R. Lunt; Alexandria, Kelly, Fall River.

Arrived.

Steamship Louisiana, Thompson, Liverpool Feb. 14, Queenstown 16th, with mdse. and 281 passengers to the National Steam Navigation Co. Feb. 27, Mrs. Jane Wilburn, one of the steerage passengers, was confined of a son.

Steamship John Gibson, Young, Alexandria, with mdse. to H. B. Cromwell & Co.

Steamer Admiral, Nichols, Philadelphia, with mdse. to Thorn & Tobias.

Ship City of New-York, Thomas, Liverpool Jan. 27, with mdse. to Samuel Thompson's Nephew. Feb. 8, John Brown, a seaman, fell from the foretopsail-yard overboard, while reefing, and was lost.

Ship Wisconsin, (Br.,) Arcus, Liverpool 36 ds., with mdse. and 146 passengers to Williams & Guion. Had heavy westerly gales from the land to lon. 30; since then moderate variable winds.

Ship Rio Grande, (Hanov.,) Sanders, Marseilles 38 ds., with mdse. to Ruger Bros.

Bark Bounding Billow, (of Boston,) Vidulich, Boston, with figs to master. Was from Malaga, and discharged and reshipped her cargo at Boston. Feb. 28, spoke the Nantucket lightship, all well on board.

Schr. Vicksburgh, Amsbury, Jeremie 15 ds., with logwood, &c., to Metcalf & Duncan.

Schr. Platten Lee, Dakin, Woods' Hole, with wood. Has been ashore on Flood Rock.

Schr. Life-boat, Read, Newburyport, with fish to S. W. Lewis & Co.

Schr. E. W. Pratt, Hendrick, Edgartown, for Philadelphia.

Schr. Wm. S. Daughten, Gater, New-Bedford, for Philadelphia.

Schr. T. P. Abell, Fowler, Providence, for Elizabethport.

Schr. S. Small, McKay, Provicetown, with fish to E. Nickerson.

Schr. Billow, Pierce, Rockland, with lime to Wm. S. Brown.

Schr. Lamartine, Griggs, Providence, for Elizabethport.

Schr. Mary E. Long, Hardie, New-Haven, for Philadelphia.

Schr. Volant, Cousins, New-Bedford, for Elizabethport.

Schr. Julia Baker, Baker, Portland 4 ds., with lumber to James & Wilson.

Schr. C. A. Stetson, Heineken, Gloucester, with fish to Samuel Crowell & Son.

Schr. Maggie Bell, Gilkey, Craney Island, Va., fo Fairhaven.

Schr. Sophia R. Jameson, Jameson, Portland, with lumber to Holyoke & Murray.

Schr. Helen Mar, Bacon, Portland 9 ds., with lumber and heading to Waydell & Co.

Schr. Price, Nickerson, Boston, for Philadelphia.
Schr. Rocket, Marshall, Fairhaven, for Elizabethport.
Schr. Julia Maria, Gott, Fairhaven, for Elizabethport.
Schr. Expedite, Racket, Providence.
Schr. Helen, Hines, Savannah.
Schr. Sarah A. Read, Nickerson, Boston, with oil.
Schr. Delaware, Bishop, Providence.
Schr. Allen H. Brown, Birch, Providence.
Schr. Wm. D. Cargill, Kelly, Providence.
Schr. Mary H. Biffley, Champlin, Warren.
Schr. Pawnee, Roth, New-London, with railroad iron.
Schr. Fountain, Ellis, Fall River.
Schr. D. W. Saunders, Davis, Somerset.
Schr. Advance, Foster, Providence.
Schr. Sarah Wooster, Leland, Providence.
Schr. Edwin, Tuthill, Bridgeport.
Schr. Sarah, Martin, Providence.
Schr. R. Bullwinkle, French, Providence.
Schr. J. M. Taylor, Fowler, Providence.
Schr. Gen. Sheridan, Buell, Providence.
Schr. T. R. Hammond, Cram, Providence.
Schr. J. C. Brooks, Burgess, Boston, for Philadelphia.

SAILED—Steamship City of Dublin.

BELOW—One brig.

WIND—At sunset, S. E.

Spoken, &c.

Adelaide—ship, Cutting, bound E., all well, Feb. 20, lat. 42 20, lon. 46 19.

Domestic Ports.

BOSTON, March 2—Arr. brig Forrest, from New-York. Also arr. steamers Aries, Philadelphia; Nereus, do.

FORTRESS MONROE, Feb. 28—Sld. brigs Artistic, for Liverpool; Leonora, Myers, for New-York; schrs. Lottie, for New-York; Central America, do.; A. Denike, do.; Napoleon, do.; Juno Beverly, for Boston; Isaac Hinckley, for New-York.

HOLMES' HOLE, Feb. 28, P. M.—Arr. schr. J. E. Babcock, Leeds, Greenwich, N. F., for Boston; Rachel Seaman, Seaman, Philadelphia, for Boston.

Sailed—Schrs. Alexander Young, E. C. Brown and Flying Cloud.

March 1—8 A. M., wind easterly and light. Arr. and remains in port, brig Forest State, Shute, Fall River, for Portland; schrs. Chiloe, Ricker, New-York, via Newport, for Boston; Star King, Banks, Philadelphia, for Wellfleet; bark Isabel; brigs Cyclone, Antilles, Loyalist, (Br.,) Stranger, (Br.,) Fannie Butler and Mary A. Chase; schrs. Pioneer, Mary & Emma, Leesburgh, Shooting Star, Ella F. Crowell, Walton, E. Magee, G. C. Morris, S. B. Wheeler, J. G. Babcock and Rachel Seaman.

Foreign Ports.

At Jeremie, Feb. 15, schr. Adriana, for Boston in 5 ds. Sld. 14th, Russian schr. Metis, for Gibraltar.

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This Soap is made from clean and pure materials, *contains no adulteration of any kind*, will not injure the most delicate fabric, and is especially adapted for woolens, which will not shrink after being washed with this Soap. It may be used in hard or salt water. It will remove paint, grease, tar and stains of all kinds. One pound warranted equal to two pounds of ordinary family soap. Directions sent with each bar for making three gallons handsome soft soap from one pound of this soap. Each bar is wrapped in a circular containing full directions for use, printed in English and German. Ask your grocer for "B. T. Babbitt's Soap," and take no other.

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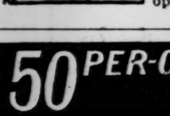

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45, 37, 52, 22, 28, 1, 75, 46, 70, 60, 38, 44, 74.
SHELBY—Extra Class No. 103, March 2, 1866.
56, 75, 27, 17, 57, 66, 30, 74, 31, 48, 38, 67, 65, 3.
SHELBY—Class No. 104, March 2, 1866.
2, 8, 76, 24, 9, 31, 44, 40, 55, 72, 3, 15, 58.
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